

UNICARE STATE INDEMNITY PLAN

COMMUNITY CHOICE

Member handbook for active employees and Non-Medicare retirees

Effective July 1, 2022





UNICARE STATE INDEMNITY PLAN COMMUNITY CHOICE MEMBER HANDBOOK

For active employees and non-Medicare retirees

Effective July 1, 2022 - June 30, 2023



Disclosure when Plan Meets Minimum Standards



This health plan meets the Minimum Creditable Coverage standards and will satisfy the individual mandate that you have health insurance. Please see additional information below.

MASSACHUSETTS REQUIREMENT TO PURCHASE HEALTH INSURANCE:

As of January 1, 2008, the Massachusetts Health Care Reform Law requires that Massachusetts residents, eighteen years of age and older, must have health coverage that meets the Minimum Creditable Coverage standards set by the Commonwealth Health Insurance Connector, unless waived from the health insurance requirement based on affordability or individual hardship. For more information call the Connector at 877-MA-ENROLL or visit the Connector website (www.mahealthconnector.org).

This health plan meets the **Minimum Creditable Coverage standards** that became effective July 1, 2008 as part of the Massachusetts Health Care Reform Law. If you are covered under this plan, you will satisfy the statutory requirement that you have health insurance meeting these standards.

THIS DISCLOSURE IS FOR THE MINIMUM CREDITABLE COVERAGE STANDARDS THAT ARE EFFECTIVE JANUARY 1, 2018. BECAUSE THESE STANDARDS MAY CHANGE, REVIEW YOUR HEALTH PLAN MATERIALS EACH YEAR TO DETERMINE WHETHER YOUR HEALTH PLAN MEETS THE LATEST STANDARDS.

If you have questions about this notice, you may contact the Division of Insurance by calling 617-521-7794 or visiting its website at www.mass.gov/orgs/division-of-insurance.

Interpreting and Translating Services

If you need a language interpreter when you call Member Services, a UniCare health guide will access a language line and connect you with an interpreter who will translate your conversation with the health guide.

If you use a TTY machine, you can reach UniCare by calling 711.

Si necesita ayuda en español para entender este documento, puede solicitarla sin costo adicional, llamando al número de servicio al cliente que aparece al dorso de su tarjeta de identificación o en el folleto de inscripción.

Whom to Contact

Questions about medical or behavioral health coverage

UniCare State Indemnity Plan

P.O. Box 9016

Andover, MA 01810-0916

■ Member Services:

833-663-4176 / TTY: 711 (toll free) 8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. (M-F)

• Email: contact.us@anthem.com

■ Website: unicaremass.com

If you call after business hours, you can leave a message. Member Services will return your call on the next business day.

For questions about:

- Benefits for a medical service or procedure
- Benefits for mental health or substance use disorder services
- Status of a medical or behavioral health claim
- Finding a doctor, hospital, or other healthcare provider
- These sections of this handbook:
 - Part 1: Getting Started (pages 11-31)
 - Part 2: Your Benefits and Coverage (pages 33-87)
 - Part 3: Using Your Plan (pages 89-139)

Questions about prescription drug coverage

Express Scripts

- Customer Service: 855-283-7679 (toll free)
- Website: www.express-scripts.com

For questions about:

- Benefits for a prescription drug
- Status of a prescription drug claim
- Where to get prescriptions filled
- Which drugs are covered
- This section of this handbook:
- Part 4: Your Prescription Drug Benefits (pages 141-155)

Questions about Employee Assistance Program (EAP) benefits

Optum

- Customer Service: 844-263-1982 (toll free)
- Website: www.liveandworkwell.com (Use access code: Mass4You)

For questions about your Employee Assistance Program (EAP) benefits

If you have other questions, including questions about premiums or participation in any Group Insurance Commission (GIC) programs, please fill out the GIC's online contact form available at https://www.mass.gov/forms/contact-the-gic.

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PART 1:

GETTING STARTED

Introducing Community Choice

For questions about any of the information in Part 1 of this handbook, please call UniCare Member Services at 833-663-4176.

Administered by



Chapter 1: First things first

Be sure to read this handbook carefully to learn about the benefits and features of your Plan.

If you have questions, see the contact information on page 3.

About this plan

Introducing the Community Choice plan

This handbook is a guide to benefits for you and your dependents covered under UniCare State Indemnity Plan/Community Choice (the Community Choice plan).

Your Community Choice benefits are provided through the Group Insurance Commission (GIC), the state agency responsible for the design and payment of all benefits for state, participating municipalities and other governmental entities' employees and retirees. The Plan is funded by the Commonwealth of Massachusetts and administered by UniCare. UniCare provides most administrative services – including claims processing, member services, preapproval reviews and case management – at its service center in Andover, Massachusetts. UniCare is not the fiduciary or the insurer of UniCare State Indemnity Plan/Community Choice.

Community Choice offers comprehensive coverage for many health services including hospital stays, surgery, emergency care, preventive care, outpatient services and other medically necessary treatment. Keep in mind, however, that benefits can differ depending on the service and the provider, and that not all services are covered by the Plan.

Using Community Choice hospitals

When you need services at a hospital, your benefits are highest at Community Choice hospitals. At non-Community Choice hospitals, you owe higher member costs – and these costs can be significant. See "Coinsurance at non-Community Choice hospitals" on page 25 for an example of what you can owe at Community Choice and non-Community Choice hospitals.

About this handbook

Benefits described in this handbook

This handbook looks at features and coverage for these types of benefits:		
Medical services	These benefits are administered by UniCare	
Behavioral health services	These benefits, which cover mental health and substance use disorder services, are administered by UniCare in partnership with Beacon Health Options	
Prescription drugs	These benefits are separately administered by Express Scripts	

Where to find information in this handbook

Part 1: Getting Started

Pages 11-31

- Overview information to help you get to know the health benefits administered by UniCare
- Features and advantages of Community Choice
- How to get the most out of your Community Choice coverage
- How costs and billing work; what member costs are
- Information about preapproval (preauthorization)

Part 2: Your Benefits and Coverage

Pages 33-87

- Medical and behavioral health services covered under the Community Choice plan
- What your benefits are for preventive services

Part 3: Using Your Plan

Pages 89-139

- How to understand and use the features of Community Choice
- Exclusions and limits on what's covered
- Descriptions of the different kinds of healthcare providers
- Information about claims, claim reviews, and other health plan concepts
- How specialist tiering works

Part 4: Your Prescription Drug Benefits

Pages 141-155

- General information about your prescription drug benefits (administered by Express Scripts)
- What your coverage is for prescription drugs
- Exclusions and limits on your prescription drug benefits

Part 5: Appendices

Pages 157-189

 Reference material and notices including a list of Community Choice hospitals; GIC notices; forms; state and federal mandates; member notices; your appeal rights; and the index

A note about terms and definitions

Definitions for many of the terms used in this handbook appear in Chapter 11 (pages 130-139). You should also keep in mind that:

- ☐ The formal name of your plan is **UniCare State Indemnity Plan/Community Choice**. In this handbook and other plan materials, we usually refer to it as the **Community Choice plan**, **Community Choice**, or **the Plan**.
- ☐ We often use the abbreviation GIC for the Group Insurance Commission.
- ☐ If you have dependents covered under your plan, text that refers to **you** also applies to your dependents.
- Medical services (medical care) are services to treat medical (physical) conditions.
 Behavioral health services are services to treat mental health and substance use disorder conditions. When we're talking about both types of services together, we usually call them healthcare services.

Symbols used in this handbook

Table 1. What the handbook symbols mean

What the handbook symbols mean			
\bigcirc	Important information – This may have an impact on your benefits or costs.		
×	No coverage, limited coverage, or benefit restriction – A full list of Plan exclusions and limitations appears in Chapter 7.		
	May need preapproval review – This service may need to be reviewed to determine if it is eligible for benefits. See Chapter 3.		
√	Use UniCare preferred vendors – To get the best benefit, use a UniCare preferred vendor for this service or product. See page 105 to learn more.		
	Use Sydney Health – You can do this through the Sydney Health app (page 126).		
	Go to unicaremass.com – This information can be found at our website.		

Do you have other health insurance?

If you or a family member has health coverage from an insurer other than UniCare, you may need to fill out and send an *Other Health Insurance (OHI)* form to UniCare.

UniCare needs this information to coordinate your benefits with other plans. To learn more about how this works, turn to "Coordinating benefits with other health plans (COB)" on pages 121-123.

Find this and other forms at unicaremass.com.

You don't need to submit an OHI form if...

- ☐ You don't have coverage under any other health plans, or
- ☐ You do have other coverage, but it's from AARP, MassHealth or TRICARE, or
- ☐ You've already submitted an OHI form and your coverage hasn't changed.

You do need to submit an OHI form if...

- ☐ You're covered under another health plan, and that plan is not AARP, MassHealth or TRICARE, and
- ☐ You either haven't submitted an OHI form before or else the form you submitted previously needs to be updated.

About your ID card

Every Community Choice member will get a UniCare ID card. Your ID card has useful information about your benefits, as well as important telephone numbers you and your healthcare providers may need.

- If you'd prefer to use an electronic ID card instead of a physical card, you can access yours through the Sydney Health app.
- You can order replacement physical cards from <u>unicaremass.com</u>.

Your prescription drug card is separate. Express Scripts will send your prescription drug cards separately. Call Express Scripts at 855-283-7679 if you have questions about your prescription drug card.

Some services need preapproval

In this handbook, services marked with a **telephone** require preapproval (preauthorization) review to determine if the services are eligible for benefits. Your provider must notify UniCare if you're having a service that requires review. See Chapter 3 for information about how preapprovals work.

Getting the most out of Community Choice

For a description of the different kinds of providers and facilities mentioned in Table 2, see "Types of healthcare providers" on pages 102-106.

Table 2. How to get the most out of Community Choice

Tips on choosing providers		See pages
Use Community Choice hospitals	At Community Choice hospitals: Your copays are lower Inpatient care and outpatient surgery is covered at 100% Non-Community Choice hospitals are covered at 80%, which means you'll owe 20% coinsurance (up to a \$5,000 limit). And your copays are higher too.	25, 103-104 164-16
Choose a PCP in an Enhanced Personal Health Care practice	You have a \$15 copay when your PCP participates in UniCare's Enhanced Personal Health Care program. For other PCPs, the copay is \$20.	102
Use Tier 1 or Tier 2 medical specialists	Your copays are lower when you use medical specialists who are Tier 1 or Tier 2.	46, 107-108
Use contracted behavioral health providers	These providers won't balance bill you for charges over the Plan's allowed amounts.	103
If you need care quickly, take advantage of walk-in clinics	You have a \$20 copay at walk-in clinics like urgent care centers and retail health clinics. At a hospital emergency room, you'll owe a \$100 copay.	49-50, 104-105
Have outpatient surgery at an ambulatory surgery center	There's no copay when you have surgery at an independent ambulatory surgery center (not run by a hospital).	70-71, 104
✓ Use UniCare preferred vendors	Services and equipment from preferred vendors are covered at 100%. Non-preferred vendors are covered at 80%, so you'll owe 20% coinsurance.	105
	In this handbook, the checkmark ✓ indicates a preferred vendor benefit.	
Getting care outside of Mass	sachusetts	See pages
Use contracted providers outside of Massachusetts	If you travel outside of Massachusetts, be sure to go to contracted providers for your health care. These providers have agreed to accept UniCare's payment as payment in full – they won't balance bill you.	27, 106
Make sure your out-of-state dependents use contracted providers, too	Covered dependents who live outside of Massachusetts should also use contracted providers when they need healthcare services.	27, 106

Other ways to keep your costs down		See pages
Use LiveHealth Online for virtual care (telehealth)	From your computer or mobile device, consult with a doctor, therapist, or psychiatrist for a \$15 copay.	105
Compare costs with the transparency tool	The transparency tool lets you compare costs for common procedures with Massachusetts providers.	128
Tips to help prevent billing surprises		See pages
Avoid outpatient facilities that are owned by hospitals	Sometimes, outpatient facilities – like urgent care centers and ambulatory surgery centers – are owned by hospitals and may bill as hospitals. That can cost you more. If you're not sure, you may want to ask how your visit will be billed.	104
Learn the difference between preventive and diagnostic care	When you have a preventive visit with your doctor, you could be billed if you have any services that are diagnostic instead of preventive. Get to know what your preventive benefits are – see Chapter 6.	84-87

Chapter 2: About costs and billing

The ABCs of medical bills

When you get a medical bill, it's often hard to understand what needs to be paid, and who needs to pay what. Here are some basics about medical billing that are worth knowing, and that may help everything make a bit more sense:

Medical services are almost never just one service.

You already know that health care is complicated, but nothing makes that more obvious than when the bill arrives. Let's say you go to the doctor for a tetanus shot – one simple service, right? Then when the bill comes, you see separate charges for the office visit with the doctor, the administration of the shot (the injection itself), and the tetanus serum (what's in the injection).

This is how medical billing works, and this is why you'll often see more than one charge on a medical bill.

Not all services are paid for (covered) by insurance.

Your insurance covers most services that are **medically necessary** – services that you need in order to take care of your health. There are some services that aren't covered; you have to pay for those yourself. Cosmetic services are one example of services that are usually not medically necessary and that insurance doesn't cover. Also, most insurance plans have a list of services that are **excluded** (never covered). You can find the list of services that are excluded or limited in Chapter 7.

Even when a service is covered, it doesn't mean that insurance will pay whatever the doctor charged.

Insurance covers up to the **allowed amount** for a service, which may not be the amount that's on the bill. An allowed amount is the most that your insurance will pay.

Let's say the allowed amount for the tetanus serum in your shot is \$80. Even if the doctor charged \$100 for the serum, insurance will pay no more than \$80 – the allowed amount. Remember: 100% coverage means 100% of the allowed amount, *not* 100% of the bill.

Some providers take the allowed amount as their full payment, and some don't.

Providers who have contracted with your health plan accept the allowed amount as complete payment. Non-contracted providers don't. Non-contracted providers can bill you for the difference between what they billed and what your health plan paid. This is called **balance** or **surprise billing**. See pages 26-27 for information about balance billing protection.

What is a provider? A healthcare **provider** is a person, place, or organization that delivers healthcare services or supplies. A provider can be a **person** (like a doctor), a **place** (like a hospital), or an **organization** (like hospice). So, who pays what?

So, who pays what?

Your insurer pays the allowed amounts for your tetanus shot. You may also owe a fee, called a copay, at the doctor's office. When you pay something toward the healthcare services you get, that's known as **cost sharing**. The costs that you must pay yourself are your **member costs**.

The next several pages talk about the different member costs you pay toward your health care: **deductibles**, **copays** and **coinsurance**.

What member costs are (out-of-pocket costs)

Member costs are the costs that you pay toward your medical bills. Member costs are also called **out-of-pocket costs** or **cost sharing**.

There are three kinds of member costs. These costs are separate and unrelated; they apply in different situations and to different services.

Lynes of member costs		See pages
Deductible	A set dollar amount you owe toward services each year before the Plan starts paying benefits for those services.	19
Copays	A fixed amount you pay when you get certain healthcare services, like seeing your doctor for a sprained ankle.	20-24
Coinsurance	For some services, the Plan pays 80% and you pay the other 20%. The 20% that you owe is called coinsurance.	24-25



Important! You have different copays and coinsurance for many services at Community Choice and non-Community Choice hospitals. Always use Community Choice hospitals to get the maximum benefit. Appendix B lists all the Community Choice hospitals.

There are limits on how much you could pay for these costs. These limits cap how much you'll spend each plan year on the combination of deductible, copays and coinsurance. See pages 25-26 to learn about your **out-of-pocket maximum** and the **non-Community Choice coinsurance limit**.

What is a plan year? The plan year starts on July 1 each year and ends the following June 30th.

How member costs work

If you owe any member costs, we'll send you an *Explanation of Benefits* (EOB), which is a statement that shows how the claim has been paid and what member costs you owe.

When UniCare gets a claim for services that you or someone in your family had, we subtract any member costs you owe from the amount we pay to that provider. The copay, if there is one, gets subtracted first. Then the deductible – if it applies – is subtracted, and finally the coinsurance, if any.

After getting payment from UniCare, your provider will bill you for any member costs – copays, deductible and/or coinsurance – that UniCare subtracted from its payment. (If you had any services from that provider that weren't covered by your Plan, the provider's bill may include those charges too.)

UniCare processes claims as they come in. This means that your claims may not get paid in the same order in which you got the services.

About your deductible

A **deductible** is a set dollar amount you pay toward certain services each plan year before the Plan starts paying benefits for those services. Your deductible starts at the beginning of each plan year (in other words, on July 1, when your plan coverage starts each year).

The deductible applies to some – but not all – covered services. For example, you owe your deductible for inpatient care, but not for occupational therapy. Inpatient care is *subject to the deductible*, but occupational therapy is not.

Depending on how much a claim is for, it may take more than one claim before you have *satisfied* (fully paid) your deductible. Once you have paid all of this year's deductible, you won't owe any more deductible until the next plan year starts.

Your deductible applies to both medical and behavioral health services.



Important! A separate deductible applies to prescription drugs and is described in Part 4 of this handbook.

Table 3. How much is my deductible?

How much is my deductible?			
For an individual \$400 for one person (each plan year)			
For a family \$800 for the entire family (each plan year) For any one person in the family, the deductible is capped at \$400			

How an individual deductible works

An **individual deductible** is the amount that one person must pay before the Plan starts to pay for any services the deductible applies to.

Example – In July, you get services and pay \$200 toward your deductible. You now have \$200 of your deductible that you haven't paid yet. In August, you get more services. If this second bill is *more* than \$200, you pay the \$200 deductible you still owe, and the Plan pays the covered amount of the rest of the bill. But if the August bill is *less* than \$200, you'll owe the rest of your deductible next time you have services that the deductible applies to.

How a family deductible works

If you have dependents who are covered under your plan, then you also have a **family deductible**. The family deductible is the maximum amount that you and your family could pay in a plan year. The most you'll owe for any one family member is \$400, until the family as a whole reaches the \$800 family limit.

Example – In July, you and your two children get services and each of you pay \$250 deductibles. This means you've paid \$750 of your family deductible. In August, your spouse gets services and pays \$50 deductible – the rest of your family deductible. Even though no one person has reached the \$400 cap, you've paid the entire \$800 family deductible. You won't have to pay any more deductible for anyone in your family for the rest of the plan year.

About copays

What's a copay?

A **copay** is a payment you owe at the time you get a service. For example, you pay a copay when you go to your doctor for a sore throat, or when you have outpatient surgery at a hospital.

Not all services require a copay. You have copays for some medical services and for some behavioral health services.

How do copays work?

Copays can work in two ways:

- □ **Per-visit copays** You pay per-visit copays every time you have that service. Doctor visits, high-tech imaging, physical therapy, occupational therapy, and emergency room visits all have per-visit copays.
- Quarterly copays You pay quarterly copays only once each calendar quarter, no matter how many times you get that service during the quarter. Inpatient care at Community Choice hospitals has a quarterly copay.

What is a calendar quarter? The **calendar quarters** are July/August/September, October/November/December, January/February/March, and April/May/June.

Which services have copays?

Table 4 lists all of the Plan's copays, arranged by what type of service the copays are for:

When you go to the doctor - Copays for in-person or virtual care (telehealth) visits at a doctor's
office or clinic.
For other wording a prince (not at a boarital). Consum for wording a prince that don't take up.

- □ For other medical services (not at a hospital) Copays for medical services that don't take place at a hospital (or in a hospital-owned facility).
- ☐ For medical services at a hospital Copays for inpatient and outpatient medical services you get at a hospital.
- ☐ For behavioral health services Copays for services to treat mental health and substance use disorder conditions.

Table 4. Which services have copays?

	Copay amount			
Copays when you see a doctor in person or thr	ough virtual care (tele	health)		
Primary care (PCP) visit ■ With an Enhanced Personal Health Care PCP (page 102)	\$15	\$15		
■ All other PCP visits	\$20			
Specialist visit in Massachusetts	Tier 1: \$30Tier 2: \$60Tier 3: \$75			
Specialist visit outside Massachusetts	\$60			
Urgent care center visit	\$20			
Retail clinic visit	\$20			
LiveHealth Online (virtual care/telehealth)	\$15			
Copays for other medical services (not at a hos	pital)			
Routine eye exam With an optometrist With an ophthalmologist	\$60 Specialist copay			
Physical therapy	\$15			
Occupational therapy	\$15			
Chiropractic care	\$15			
High-tech imaging (MRIs, CT scans, and PET scans)	\$100 per day			
Copays for medical services at a hospital	Copay at Community Choice hospitals	Copay at other hospitals		
Inpatient medical care • At a hospital or rehab facility	\$275 per quarter	\$750 per admission		
 Under the following circumstances: Admitted from the emergency room Transplant at a Quality Center or Designated Hospital (pages 72-73) Neonatal ICU at a designated hospital (page 61) 	\$275 per quarter	\$275 per quarter		
Hospital emergency room (ER) visit	\$100 per visit	\$100 per visit		
Outpatient surgery at a hospital	\$110 per quarter	\$250 per visit		
Outpatient high-tech imaging at a hospital (MRIs, CT scans, and PET scans)	\$100 per day	\$200 per day		
Radiology and lab services at a hospital	No copay	\$50 per day		

	Copay amount			
Copays for behavioral health services				
Inpatient behavioral health care	■ Contracted: \$200 per quarter			
	■ Non-contracted: \$200 per quarter			
Medication management (outpatient)	\$15			
Office services	■ Contracted: \$15			
	■ Non-contracted: \$20			
Therapy (outpatient)				
■ Individual therapy	■ Contracted: \$15			
	■ Non-contracted: \$20			
■ Family therapy	■ Contracted: \$15			
	■ Non-contracted: \$20			
■ Group therapy	\$15			
Virtual care (telehealth)	■ LiveHealth Online: \$15			
When using LiveHealth Online or a contracted provider, you don't owe a copay for the first three visits.	Other providers: copay of the service being provided			

Doctor visit copays

Doctor visit copays apply when you have an in-person or virtual care visit (telehealth) with a doctor at a medical practice or a clinic. The amount of the copay depends on whether you're seeing a primary care provider (PCP) or a specialist, as shown in Table 4.

- □ A PCP (primary care provider) can be a nurse practitioner, physician assistant or physician whose specialty is family medicine, general medicine, pediatrics, geriatrics or internal medicine.
- □ A specialist (specialty care provider) can be a nurse practitioner, physician assistant or physician. Copays for specialists depend on the specialist's tier assignment. For more information about specialist tiering, see pages 107-108.
- **Important!** Some specialists may also provide primary care. If so, they are considered specialists when we determine their tier assignments. This means you will pay the specialist copay even if you go to that specialist for primary care.

Copays for inpatient care

You owe an inpatient copay when you are admitted to a hospital for inpatient medical or behavioral health care. The amount of the copay depends on what kind of hospital you go to and what kind of service you're getting.

For inpatient medical services at a Community Choice hospital

You have the lowest copay when you use Community Choice hospitals. Also, you won't owe any additional inpatient copay if you're readmitted within the same calendar quarter or within 30 days, as long as it's in the same plan year.

Inpatient medical care at a Community Choice hospital	Сорау
■ The first time you're admitted	\$275
■ Admitted again during the same calendar quarter	\$0
■ Admitted again within 30 days – in the same plan year	\$0
■ Admitted again within 30 days – in a new plan year	\$275

For inpatient medical services at a non-Community Choice hospital

Your inpatient copay is higher at non-Community Choice hospitals. Also, you'll owe the copay every time you're admitted to a non-Community Choice hospital. (Note that there are three special cases when you won't owe the higher copay at a non-Community Choice hospital.)

Inpatient medical care at a non-Community Choice hospital	Сорау
■ The first time you're admitted	\$750
■ Admitted again within the same calendar quarter	\$750
■ Admitted again within 30 days – in the same plan year	\$750
■ Admitted again within 30 days – in a new plan year	\$750
■ If you're admitted under any of these circumstances: □ From the emergency room	\$275
 For a transplant at a Quality Center or Designated Hospital 	
□ For neonatal ICU at a designated hospital	

Important! At non-Community Choice hospitals, you'll also owe 20% coinsurance (up to a limit of \$5,000) for inpatient services.

For behavioral health inpatient services

Your inpatient copay for behavioral health services is the same at both contracted and non-contracted behavioral health facilities. You won't owe any additional inpatient copay if you're readmitted within the same calendar quarter or within 30 days (as long as it's in the same plan year).

Behavioral health inpatient care	Сорау
■ The first time you're admitted	\$200
Admitted again during the same calendar quarter	\$0
■ Admitted again within 30 days – in the same plan year	\$0
■ Admitted again within 30 days – in a new plan year	\$200

If you owe different inpatient copays in the same calendar quarter

If you get inpatient services during one calendar quarter at hospitals that have different inpatient copays, you owe the amount of the higher copay. This means that if the copay for the first hospital is higher, you won't owe any copay at the second. But if the copay for the first hospital is lower, you'll owe the balance when you go to the second hospital.

Example – You have inpatient behavioral health services, so you owe a \$200 copay. Then, during the same quarter, you have inpatient services at a Community Choice hospital where the copay is \$275. You will owe \$75 because you already paid \$200 toward your inpatient copay for this quarter.

The copay at a hospital emergency room (ER)

You owe the ER copay each time you go to an emergency room at a hospital. If you get admitted to the hospital from the ER, this copay is waived and the inpatient copay will apply instead.

The copay for outpatient surgery

- □ At Community Choice hospitals You owe a quarterly copay when you have outpatient surgery at a Community Choice hospital, or at a location that is owned by a Community Choice hospital.
- ☐ At non-Community Choice hospitals You owe a copay each time you have surgery at a facility owned by a non-Community Choice hospital.
 - **Important!** You'll also owe 20% coinsurance (up to a limit of \$5,000) when you have outpatient surgery at a non-Community Choice hospital or facility.
- ☐ At non-hospital-owned locations You won't owe a copay if you have your surgery at a non-hospital-owned location such as an ambulatory surgery center.

What is a non-hospital-owned location? Non-hospital-owned locations are facilities that perform outpatient medical services but that are not owned or operated by a hospital. Non-hospital-owned locations include many ambulatory surgery centers, urgent care centers and doctor's offices.

Copays for behavioral health office and therapy services

You owe a copay each time you get behavioral health office services or therapy.

- ☐ Behavioral health office services are described on page 80.
- ☐ Behavioral health outpatient therapy is described on page 82.

For these services, you'll owe a lower copay when you use a contracted behavioral health provider. You'll have a higher copay if you use a non-contracted provider, and you also risk being balance billed by non-contracted providers. See page 103 for information about behavioral health providers.

About coinsurance

Coinsurance is your share of the cost of a covered service when the service isn't covered at 100%. For example, if the Plan pays 80% of the allowed amount for a service, you are responsible for paying the other 20%.

Coinsurance at non-Community Choice hospitals

When you have inpatient hospital care or outpatient surgery at a non-Community Choice hospital, you will owe 20% coinsurance. This means that your member costs are significantly higher at a non-Community Choice hospital. Table 5 compares your member costs for an inpatient stay at Community Choice and non-Community Choice hospitals.

Table 5. Comparing inpatient hospital costs

	Costs at Community Choice hospitals	Costs at non-Community Choice hospitals
Deductible	\$400	\$400
npatient copay \$275 quarterly copay		\$750 per-admission copay
Coinsurance	None 20%, up to \$5,000	
Total member costs	\$675	\$6,150

Limits on your out-of-pocket costs

There are limits on many of the out-of-pocket costs you'll have to pay each year toward covered services. Once you reach a cost limit, the Plan pays 100% of the allowed amounts for the services that the limit applies to.

Under Community Choice, you have two different cost limits: the **out-of-pocket maximum** and the **non-Community Choice coinsurance limit**.

The out-of-pocket (OOP) maximum

The **out-of-pocket (OOP) maximum** limits the member costs you pay for non-hospital services, medical services at Community Choice hospitals, behavioral health services, and prescription drugs.

Table 6. How much is the OOP maximum?

How much is the OOP maximum?			
For an individual \$5,000 for one person (each plan year)			
For a family	\$10,000 for the entire family (each plan year) For any one person in the family, this maximum is \$5,000		

The following costs count toward reaching the OOP maximum:

Deductibles
 Copays and coinsurance for non-hospital medical and behavioral health services
 Copays and coinsurance for medical services at Community Choice hospitals
 Copays and coinsurance for inpatient behavioral health services
 Copays for prescription drugs

The following	costs do	not count	toward	reaching	the (OOP	maximum:

- ☐ Copays and coinsurance at non-Community Choice hospitals
- Premiums
- ☐ Balance bills (charges over the Plan's allowed amounts) See "Your rights and protections against surprise medical bills" on pages 26-27 for information about balance billing protection.
- Costs for health care that the Plan doesn't cover

The non-Community Choice coinsurance limit

The non-Community Choice coinsurance limit caps your coinsurance for services you get at non-Community Choice hospitals.



🏲 Important! This is a limit on your coinsurance only. Your copays at non-Community Choice hospitals don't count toward this limit.

Table 7. How much is the non-Community Choice coinsurance limit?

How much is the non-Community Choice coinsurance limit?		
For an individual \$5,000 for one person (each plan year)		
For a family There is no family limit		

About allowed amounts

UniCare reimburses a provider for a service based on the allowed amount for that service – the allowed amount is the maximum amount the Plan pays for a covered healthcare service. The allowed amount is the amount UniCare determines to be within the range of payments most often made to similar providers for the same service. The Plan has established allowed amounts for most services from providers.

Your rights and protections against surprise medical bills

What is balance billing?

When you visit a doctor or other healthcare specialist, you may owe certain out-of-pocket costs, such as a copay, coinsurance, and/or a deductible. In certain cases, if you visit a provider that hasn't signed a contract with UniCare, you might owe additional charges.

These non-contracted doctors and facilities may be allowed to bill you for the difference between UniCare's allowed amount and the full amount charged for a service. This is called balance billing. Balance bills from non-contracted providers do not count toward your out-of-pocket maximum.

Surprise billing is a balance bill that you didn't expect. This can happen when you can't control who is involved in your care - like when you have an emergency or when you schedule a visit at a contracted facility but are unexpectedly treated by a non-contracted doctor.

Your protections against surprise billing

You are protected from receiving surprise bills – balance bills that you don't expect – under the following circumstances:

- □ Emergency services in Massachusetts and elsewhere Federal law prohibits all providers, whether contracted or non-contracted, from balance billing for medical or behavioral health emergency services.
- Medical services in Massachusetts State law prohibits all medical providers in Massachusetts from balance billing UniCare members.
- Medical services outside of Massachusetts You cannot be balance billed when you receive services at a UniCare-contracted facility. Although some providers (e.g., anesthesiologists) at a UniCare-contracted facility may be non-contracted, federal law prohibits those non-contracted providers from balance billing you.
- □ Behavioral health services in Massachusetts and elsewhere You won't be balance billed when you use behavioral health providers who are contracted with Beacon Health Options. Non-contracted behavioral health providers may balance bill you; however, the federal protections against surprise billing apply to behavioral health providers as well as to medical providers.

As this list of protections shows, you risk getting balance billed if you use a non-contracted provider. In that case, the balance bill is your own responsibility to pay, and the bill does not count toward your out-of-pocket maximum.



Important! You are never required to give up your protections against balance billing, and you are never required to receive care from non-contracted doctors or facilities.

What to do if you get a surprise bill

If you get a balance bill from any of the following providers, contact UniCare Member Services at 833-663-4176 for help. These providers are not allowed to balance bill UniCare members:

- ☐ Any provider of emergency medical or emergency behavioral health care
- ☐ Providers of ancillary services (such as anesthesiology) at contracted facilities
- Medical providers in Massachusetts
- UniCare preferred vendors
- ☐ Contracted medical providers outside of Massachusetts
- ☐ Contracted behavioral health providers both in and outside of Massachusetts

However, balance bills from other providers are your responsibility to pay. Since the Plan doesn't cover balance bills, and since they don't count toward your out-of-pocket maximum, balance bills can end up being very costly.

Chapter 3: Getting preapproval

What is preapproval?

Preapproval (also called **preauthorization**) confirms that a service you're having will be eligible for benefits. By getting a service preapproved, you can make sure that the service is covered under the Plan.

In most cases, your doctor will provide UniCare with the information necessary to get services preapproved and you won't need to do anything. But, occasionally, you may need to work with your doctor to arrange for preapproval. For example, if you use a non-contracted provider outside Massachusetts, you may need to ask that doctor to contact UniCare about preapproval.

If someone (you or your provider) doesn't get preapproval when it's required, your benefits may be reduced or not paid at all. If you need help with a preapproval, UniCare Member Services can contact your provider to make the arrangements.

What else should I know?

Here are a few other points about the preapproval process that may be helpful to know:

- □ Submitting a claim for a service does not meet the requirement for preapproval. Your provider must contact UniCare for preapproval before the service takes place.
- ☐ You don't need to get preapproval if you are outside the continental United States (the continental U.S. includes all states except Alaska and Hawaii).
- ☐ In this handbook, the telephone The marks services that need to be preapproved.
- ☐ If you're not sure whether a service needs preapproval, ask your doctor to check the list or contact UniCare to find out.

Who handles preapproval reviews?

Depending on the service, preapproval reviews are handled by **UniCare**, **AIM Specialty Health**®, or **IngenioRx**. AIM and IngenioRx are UniCare-affiliated companies that provide support for the preapproval process. Your provider will need to contact the appropriate reviewer for the service needing preapproval.

Reviewer / contact info

UniCare - Behavioral health services and some medical services

■ 800-442-9300 TTY: 711 (toll free)

AIM Specialty Health – BPAP/CPAP equipment; some cardiology procedures; high-tech imaging; genetic testing; radiation therapy; sleep studies

- 866-766-0247 (toll free)
- www.providerportal.com

IngenioRx - Specialty drugs

- 833-293-0659 (toll free)
- www.covermymeds.com/main/prior-authorization-forms/

Preapprovals for medical services

Table 8 lists types of services that need to be preapproved. This is a representative list only and is subject to change. If you need help determining if a service needs preapproval, contact UniCare Member Services at 833-663-4176.

Table 8. Types of medical services needing preapproval

Types of medical services needing preapproval

Cardiology services

- Arterial duplex
- Diagnostic cardiac catheterization
- Diagnostic coronary angiography
- Percutaneous coronary intervention (PCI)
- Physiologic study arterial
- Resting transthoracic echocardiography
- Stress echocardiography
- Transesophageal echocardiography

Cleft palate and cleft lip services

Colonography (virtual colonoscopy)

Durable medical equipment (DME)

- For equipment costing more than \$1,000
- Doesn't apply to oxygen and oxygen equipment

Enteral therapy

Gender affirmation (reassignment) surgery Genetic testing

- High-tech imaging
- CT/CTA scan
- MRI/MRA scan
- Nuclear cardiology
- PET scans
- SPECT scans

Home health care

Hyperbaric oxygen therapy

Inpatient hospital admissions

Musculoskeletal services

- Interventional pain management
- Joint surgery
- Spine surgery

Oncology services

- Chemotherapy
- Supportive drugs

Private duty nursing

Radiation therapy

- Brachytherapy
- CyberKnife
- IMRT
- Proton beam
- Traditional radiation

Rehabilitation services

- Occupational therapy
- Physical therapy
- Speech therapy

Skilled nursing facility admissions

Sleep services

- BPAP and CPAP equipment
- Sleep studies

Surgeries (selected)

Transplants

Doesn't apply to cornea transplants

Varicose vein treatment

Includes sclerotherapy

Specialty drugs

- Prescription medications used to treat complex, chronic conditions like cancer, rheumatoid
 arthritis and multiple sclerosis. Specialty drugs are often high-cost and require special
 handling (like refrigeration during shipping) and administration (such as injection or infusion).
- A site of service review may be included in the preapproval review process.
- For a list of non-oncology specialty drugs that need preapproval through the prescription drug plan, see Part 4 of this handbook.

Preapprovals for behavioral health services

To request preapproval for a behavioral health service 24 hours a day, seven days a week, your provider should contact UniCare.

Table 9 lists types of behavioral health services that need preapproval. For behavioral health services, the preapproval requirements may depend on whether you're getting services from a contracted or non-contracted provider (see page 103 for information about behavioral health providers).

What is a DPH-licensed provider? The Massachusetts Department of Public Health (DPH) issues licenses to Massachusetts facilities that provide healthcare services. To be licensed, facilities must meet specific quality and safety standards.

Table 9. Types of behavioral health services needing preapproval

Behavioral health service	With contracted providers	With non-contracted providers
Inpatient services for mental health tr	eatment	•
 Acute residential treatment Community-based acute treatment (CBAT) Inpatient psychiatric services Transitional care units (TCU) 	Needs preapproval	Needs preapproval
■ Crisis stabilization units (CSU)	Needs preapproval for stays over 5 days	Needs preapproval for stays over 5 days
Inpatient services for substance use	disorders (adults and adol	escents)
 Acute residential withdrawal management (ASAM level 3.7 detox) Clinical stabilization services (CSS) (ASAM level 3.5) Dual diagnosis acute treatment (DDAT) (ASAM level 3.5) Inpatient substance use disorder services, medically managed (ASAM level 4 detox) 	 In Massachusetts: Notify UniCare within 48 hours Outside Massachusetts: Needs preapproval 	 DPH-licensed providers in Massachusetts: Notify UniCare within 48 hours All other non-contracted providers: Needs preapproval
■ Crisis stabilization units (CSU)	Needs preapproval for stays over 5 days	Needs preapproval for stays over 5 days
Office services		
Acupuncture withdrawal management	N/A	Needs preapproval
 Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA) Dialectical behavioral therapy (DBT) Psychiatric visiting nurse services Transcranial magnetic stimulation (TMS) 	Needs preapproval	Needs preapproval

Behavioral health service	With contracted providers	With non-contracted providers
Outpatient services		
Community support programs (CSP)Day treatment	N/A	Needs preapproval
 Family stabilization teams (FST) Family support and training In-home behavioral services Intensive care coordination Partial hospitalization programs for mental health conditions (PHP) Mobile crisis intervention Therapeutic mentoring services 	Needs preapproval	Needs preapproval
 Partial hospitalization programs for substance use disorders (PHP) (ASAM level 2.5) 	 In Massachusetts: Notify UniCare within 48 hours Outside Massachusetts: Needs preapproval 	 DPH-licensed providers in Massachusetts: Notify UniCare within 48 hours All other non-contracted providers: Needs preapproval
 Intensive outpatient programs (IOP) Structured outpatient addictions programs (SOAP) 	Notify UniCare within 48 hours	 DPH-licensed providers in Massachusetts: Notify UniCare within 48 hours All other non-contracted providers: Needs preapproval

PART 2:

YOUR BENEFITS AND COVERAGE

Description of coverage for medical and behavioral health services

For questions about any of the information in Part 2 of this handbook, please call UniCare Member Services at 833-663-4176.

Administered by



Chapter 4: Covered medical services

Summary of covered medical services

Table 10. Summary of costs for medical services

Important! To be covered, services must be medically necessary. Benefits are limited to the Plan's allowed amounts for the services (page 26).

Service	Member costs	See page
Ambulances	Deductible	
Bereavement counseling	Deductible and 20% coinsurance (limited to \$1,500 for a family in a plan year)	
Cardiac rehab programs	Deductible	40
Chemotherapy	Deductible	40
Chiropractic care	\$15 copay and 20% coinsurance (limited to 20 visits in a plan year)	
✓ Diabetic supplies	 Preferred vendors: Deductible Non-preferred vendors: Deductible and 20% coinsurance 	
Dialysis	Deductible	46
Doctor visits (in person or through virtual care/telehealth) • Enhanced Personal Health Care PCP visits	\$15 copay	46
■ Other PCP visits	\$20 copay	
Specialist visits	\$30/60/75 copay	
■ LiveHealth Online (telehealth)	\$15 copay	
Doctors – other services • At an emergency room	Deductible	46
■ For inpatient hospital care	 Community Choice – Deductible Non-Community Choice – Deductible 	
■ For outpatient hospital care	\$30/60/75 copay	
Drug screening (lab tests)Outpatient hospital	 Community Choice – Deductible Non-Community Choice – \$50 daily copay and deductible 	47
■ Non-hospital-owned lab	Deductible	

Important! To be covered, services must be medically necessary. Benefits are limited to the Plan's allowed amounts for the services (page 26).

Service	Member costs	See page
	 Preferred vendors: Deductible Non-preferred vendors: Deductible and 20% coinsurance 	47
Early intervention programs	No member costs	48
Emergency room visits	 Community Choice – \$100 copay and deductible Non-Community Choice – \$100 copay and deductible 	49
Eye exams (routine)	\$30/60/75 copay (limited to one exam every 24 months)	51
Eyeglasses and contact lenses	Deductible and 20% coinsurance (limited to the first lenses within six months of eye injury or cataract surgery)	51
Family planning services	No member costs	52
Fitness reimbursement	Reimbursed up to \$100 for the family in a plan year	52
Hearing aids ■ Age 21 and under	No member costs (limited to \$2,000 for each impaired ear every 24 months)	54
■ Age 22 and over	No member costs for first \$500, then 20% coinsurance of the next \$1,500 (up to a total benefit limit of \$1,700 every 24 months)	
Hearing exams	\$15/20/30/60/75 copay	54
High-tech imaging (MRIs, CT scans, PET scans)		55
■ Inpatient hospital	 Community Choice – Deductible Non-Community Choice – Deductible and 20% coinsurance 	
Outpatient hospital	 Community Choice – \$100 daily copay and deductible Non-Community Choice – \$200 daily copay and deductible 	
■ Non-hospital-owned location	\$100 daily copay and deductible	
	 Preferred vendors: Deductible Non-preferred vendors: Deductible and 20% coinsurance 	55
✓ Home infusion therapy	 Preferred vendors: Deductible Non-preferred vendors: Deductible and 20% coinsurance 	56
Hospice care	Deductible	56
Immunizations (vaccines)	No member costs (you may have costs for the office visit)	58

Important! To be covered, services must be medically necessary. Benefits are limited to the Plan's allowed amounts for the services (page 26).

Service	Member costs	See page
Inpatient medical careAt a hospital or rehab facility (semi-private room)	 Community Choice – \$275 quarterly copay and deductible Non-Community Choice – \$750 per-admission copay, deductible, and 20% coinsurance 	59
 At a hospital or rehab facility (medically necessary private room) 	 Community Choice: First 90 days: \$275 quarterly copay and deductible After 90 days: Dollar difference between the semi-private room rate and the private room rate Non-Community Choice: First 90 days: \$750 per-admission copay, deductible, and 20% coinsurance After 90 days: 20% coinsurance, and the dollar difference between the semi-private room rate and the private room rate 	
■ Neonatal ICU	 Community Choice: \$275 quarterly copay and deductible Non-Community Choice: At a designated hospital: \$275 quarterly copay and deductible At other hospitals: \$750 per-admission copay, deductible, and 20% coinsurance 	
Lab services Inpatient hospital	Community Choice – Deductible Non-Community Choice – Deductible and 20% coinsurance	61
Outpatient hospital	Community Choice – Deductible Non-Community Choice – \$50 daily copay and deductible	
 Non-hospital-owned locations 	Deductible	
Medical services, if not listed elsewhere	Deductible and 20% coinsurance	63
Cocupational therapy	\$15 copay	63
Outpatient hospital services, if not listed elsewhere	 Community Choice – Deductible Non-Community Choice – Deductible 	64
✓ Oxygen	 Preferred vendors: Deductible Non-preferred vendors: Deductible and 20% coinsurance 	64
Personal Emergency Response Systems (PERS)		65
■ Installation	Deductible and 20% coinsurance (limited to \$50 in a plan year)	
■ Rental	Deductible and 20% coinsurance (limited to \$40 a month)	

Important! To be covered, services must be medically necessary. Benefits are limited to the Plan's allowed amounts for the services (page 26).

Service	Member costs	See page
Physical therapy	\$15 copay	
Prescription drugs	Benefits are administered by Express Scripts and are described in Part 4 (pages 141-155). Call Express Scripts at 855-283-7679 for more information.	
Preventive care See Table 17 on page 84.	No member costs	66
Private duty nursing in a home setting	Deductible and 20% coinsurance (limited to \$8,000 in a plan year)	66
Prosthetics and orthotics • Breast prosthetics	Deductible	67
 Other prosthetics and orthotics 	Deductible and 20% coinsurance	
Radiation therapy	Deductible	68
Radiology (e.g., X-rays, ultrasounds) Inpatient hospital	 Community Choice – Deductible Non-Community Choice – Deductible and 20% coinsurance 	68
■ Outpatient hospital	Community Choice – Deductible Non-Community Choice – \$50 daily copay and deductible	-
■ Non-hospital-owned locations	Deductible	
Retail health clinic visits	\$20 copay	
Skilled nursing and long-term care facilities	Deductible and 20% coinsurance (limited to 45 days in a plan year)	
Speech therapyWith an autism diagnosis	No member costs	69
■ All other speech therapy	No member costs (limited to 20 visits in a plan year)	
Surgery Inpatient hospital	 Community Choice – Deductible (you also have an inpatient copay) Non-Community Choice – Deductible and 20% coinsurance (you also have an inpatient copay) 	70
Outpatient hospital	 Community Choice – \$110 quarterly copay and deductible Non-Community Choice – \$250 per-visit copay, deductible, and 20% coinsurance 	
■ Non-hospital-owned locations	Deductible	

Important! To be covered, services must be medically necessary. Benefits are limited to the Plan's allowed amounts for the services (page 26).

Service	Member costs	See page
Tobacco cessation counseling	No member costs (limited to 300 minutes in a plan year)	71
Transplants (hospital)At a Quality Center or Designated Hospital for transplants	\$275 quarterly copay and deductible	72
■ At other hospitals	 Community Choice – \$275 quarterly copay, deductible, and 20% coinsurance Non-Community Choice – \$750 per-admission copay, deductible, and 20% coinsurance 	
Urgent care center visits	\$20 copay	49
Virtual care (telehealth)	See "Doctor visits" on page 34.	

Allergy shots

Allergy shots are covered. Claims for allergy shots may separately itemize the shot itself, the allergy serum (in the shot), and the office visit (when the shots were given).

Member costs		
Shot (injection)	Deductible	
Allergy serum	Deductible and 20% coinsurance	
Office visit	With a PCP: \$15/20 copayWith a specialist: \$30/60/75 copay	

Ambulances

Ambulance transportation is covered in a medical emergency. Stroke, heart attack, difficulty breathing, and severe pain are all examples of medical emergencies. Covered transportation may be by ground, air or sea ambulance.

	Member costs
Ambulance transportation	Deductible

X Restrictions:

- The ambulance services must be medically necessary and take you to the nearest hospital that can treat your emergency condition.
- Inter-facility transfers by ground ambulance are only covered if you are in a facility that cannot treat your condition or when needed to support discharge planning to a lower level of care; in both cases, the transfer is limited to the nearest facility that can provide treatment.
- Inter-facility transfers by air or sea ambulance must be medically necessary and are only covered if you are in a facility that cannot treat your condition; the transfer is limited to the nearest facility that can provide emergency treatment.
- Transfers to a hospital that you prefer (e.g., to be closer to home) are not covered.
- Transportation to scheduled appointments (such as dialysis treatment) is not covered because it is not considered an emergency.
- Transportation in chair cars or vans is not covered.
- There is no coverage for charges for ambulance calls that are then refused.

Anesthesia

Anesthesia and its administration are covered when given for a covered procedure. Anesthesia for electroconvulsive therapy (ECT) is also covered.

	Member costs
Anesthesia and its administration	Deductible

- Other charges associated with ECT are covered under your behavioral health benefit (Chapter 5).
- There is no coverage for anesthesia used for a non-covered procedure.

Autism spectrum disorders

Autism spectrum disorders are any of the pervasive developmental disorders as defined by the most recent edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders*, including autistic disorder, Asperger's disorder and pervasive developmental disorders not otherwise specified.

Medical services for autism spectrum disorders are covered like any other physical condition. Coverage is subject to all pertinent provisions of the Plan, including use of participating providers, preapproval reviews, benefit limitations, and provider payment methods. Medical services needed for diagnosis and treatment (such as occupational therapy) are covered as a medical benefit. Behavioral health services are covered as a behavioral health benefit (pages 76-77).

Cardiac rehabilitation (rehab) programs

Cardiac rehab programs are professionally-supervised, multi-disciplinary programs to help people recover from cardiac events like heart attacks, heart surgery, and coronary procedures such as stenting and angioplasty. Covered cardiac rehab includes education and counseling services to help increase physical fitness, reduce cardiac symptoms, improve health, and reduce the risk of future heart problems.

	Member costs
Cardiac rehab programs	Deductible

A cardiac rehab program must:

- Be ordered by a physician
- ☐ Be operated by a licensed clinic or hospital
- ☐ Teach and monitor risk reduction, lifestyle adjustments, therapeutic exercise, proper diet, use of proper prescription drugs, self-assessment, and self-help skills
- Meet the generally accepted standards of cardiac rehab

This benefit covers the *active* rehabilitation phase of the program, which is usually three consecutive months.

X Restrictions:

- You must start the program within six months after your cardiac event.
- You can participate in only one cardiac rehab program after a cardiac event.
- Cardiac rehab programs are limited to 36 visits (three visits per week for 12 weeks).
- There is no coverage for the *maintenance* phase of a cardiac rehab program. Coverage is for the *active* phase only.
- You are not covered for a cardiac rehab program if you have not had a cardiac event.

Chemotherapy

Chemotherapy is a covered service. The drugs used in chemotherapy may be administered by injection, infusion, or orally.

	Member costs
Outpatient	Deductible
Inpatient	Covered under the benefit for hospital admissions (page 59)

Chiropractic care

The Plan covers up to 20 chiropractic visits each plan year, when they are used on a short-term basis to treat neuromuscular and/or musculoskeletal conditions and when the potential for functional gain exists.

Member costs
\$15 copay and 20% coinsurance (limited to 20 visits in a plan year)

X Restrictions:

- Certain therapy services are not covered. These include, but are not limited to: acupuncture, aerobic exercise, craniosacral therapy, diathermy, infrared therapy, kinetic therapy, microwave therapy, paraffin treatment, Rolfing therapy, Shiatsu, sports conditioning, ultraviolet therapy, and weight training.
- Group chiropractic care is not covered.
- Services provided by a chiropractor are considered chiropractic care, not physical therapy.
- Massage therapy and services provided by a massage therapist or neuromuscular therapist are not covered.

Circumcision

Circumcision is covered for newborns up to 30 days from birth.

	Member costs
Circumcision	Deductible

Cleft lip and cleft palate

The treatment of cleft lip and cleft palate in children under 18 is covered if the treating physician or surgeon certifies that the services are medically necessary and are specifically for the treatment of the cleft lip or palate. Coverage is subject to all pertinent provisions of the Plan, including use of participating providers, preapproval reviews, and provider payment methods.

D	•	
Renefite	Inc	II IUE:

ш	Audiology
	Medical
	Nutrition services
	Oral and facial surgery
	Speech therapy

The following benefits are available if they are not otherwise covered by a dental plan:

☐ Surgical management and follow-up care by oral and plastic surgeons

Dental	services

			_	
u	Orthodontic	treatment	and	management

☐ Preventive and restorative dentistry to ensure good health and adequate dental structures for orthodontic treatment or prosthetic management therapy

■ There is no coverage for dental and orthodontic treatment covered by the member's dental plan.

These services need preapproval.

Clinical trials (clinical research studies)

The Plan covers patient care services provided as part of a qualified clinical trial studying potential treatments for cancer. Patient care services include items and services provided when you are enrolled in a qualified clinical trial consistent with your diagnosis and the study protocol. Coverage is subject to all pertinent provisions of the Plan including medical necessity review, use of participating providers, preapproval reviews, and provider payment methods.

The Plan covers patient care services provided within the trial only if it is a **qualified clinical trial** according to state law:

- ☐ The clinical trial is to study potential treatments for cancer.
- ☐ The clinical trial has been peer reviewed and approved by one of the following:
 - The United States National Institutes of Health (NIH)
 - · A cooperative group or center of the NIH
 - A qualified non-governmental research entity identified in guidelines issued by the NIH for center support grants
 - The United States Food and Drug Administration (FDA) pursuant to an investigational new drug exemption
 - The United States Departments of Defense or Veterans Affairs
 - WITH respect to Phase II, III and IV clinical trials only, a qualified institutional review board
- ☐ The facility and personnel conducting the clinical trial are capable of doing so by virtue of their experience and training and treat a sufficient volume of patients to maintain that experience.
- ☐ With respect to Phase I clinical trials, the facility must be an academic medical center (or an affiliated facility) at which the clinicians conducting the trial have staff privileges.
- ☐ The member meets the patient selection criteria enunciated in the study protocol for participation in the clinical trial.
- ☐ The member has provided informed consent for participation in the clinical trial in a manner that is consistent with current legal and ethical standards.
- ☐ The available clinical or pre-clinical data provide a reasonable expectation that the member's participation in the clinical trial will provide a medical benefit that is commensurate with the risks of participation in the clinical trial.
- ☐ The clinical trial does not unjustifiably duplicate existing studies.
- ☐ The clinical trial must have a therapeutic intent and must, to some extent, assume the effect of the intervention on the member.

The following services for cancer treatment are covered under this benefit:

- □ All services, including donor services, that are medically necessary for treatment of your condition, consistent with the study protocol of the clinical trial, and for which coverage is otherwise available under the Plan.
- ☐ The allowed cost, as determined by the Plan, of an investigational drug or device that has been approved for use in the clinical trial studying potential treatments for cancer to the extent it is not paid for by its manufacturer, distributor or provider, regardless of whether the FDA has approved the drug or device for use in treating your particular condition.

- There is no coverage for any clinical research trial other than a qualified clinical trial studying potential treatments for cancer.
- Patient care services do not include any of the following:
 - · An investigational drug or device, except as noted above
 - Non-healthcare services that you may be required to receive as a result of participation in the clinical trial
 - Costs associated with managing the research of the clinical trial
 - Costs that would not be covered for non-investigational treatments
 - Any item, service or cost that is reimbursed or furnished by the sponsor of the trial
 - The costs of services that are inconsistent with widely accepted and established national or regional standards of care
 - The costs of services that are provided primarily to meet the needs of the trial including, but not limited to, covered tests, measurements, and other services that are being provided at a greater frequency, intensity or duration.
 - · Services or costs that are not covered under the Plan

Dental services

Because the UniCare State Indemnity Plan is a medical plan, not a dental plan, the Plan does not provide benefits for dental care. However, medical services that include treatment related to dental care are sometimes eligible for benefits. The Plan will only consider charges for dental care in the following situations:

- □ Emergency treatment from a dentist within 72 hours of an accidental injury to the mouth and sound natural teeth. Treatment must take place in an acute care setting (not a dentist's office) and is limited to trauma care, the reduction of pain and swelling, and any otherwise covered non-dental surgery and/or diagnostic X-rays.
- ☐ Oral surgery for non-dental medical treatment such as procedures to treat a dislocated or broken jaw or facial bone, and the removal of benign or malignant tumors is covered like any other surgery.
- ☐ If you have a serious medical condition (such as hemophilia or heart disease) that makes it necessary to have your dental care performed safely in a hospital, surgical day care unit, or ambulatory surgery center, only the following procedures are covered:
 - Extraction of seven or more teeth
 - Gingivectomies (including osseous surgery) of two or more gum quadrants
 - · Excision of radicular cysts involving the roots of three or more teeth
 - · Removal of one or more impacted teeth
- □ Cleft lip or palate (pages 41-42) The following services are covered specifically for the treatment of cleft lip or palate, if not otherwise covered by a dental plan:
 - · Dental services
 - Orthodontic treatment
 - Preventive and restorative dentistry to ensure good health and adequate dental structures for orthodontic or prosthetic treatment

- There is no coverage for any services provided in a dentist's office.
- Facility fees, anesthesia and other charges related to non-covered dental services are not covered.
- Dentures, dental prosthetics and related surgery are not covered.
- Braces and other orthodontic treatment, including treatment done to prepare for surgery, are not covered.
- Treatment of temporomandibular joint (TMJ) disorder is limited to the initial diagnostic examination, initial testing and medically necessary surgery.

Diabetes care

Coverage for diabetes care applies to services prescribed by a doctor for insulin-dependent, insulin-using, gestational and non-insulin-dependent diabetes. Covered services include outpatient self-management training and patient management, as well as nutritional therapy.

Patient management refers to outpatient education and training for a person with diabetes, given by a person or entity with experience in treating diabetes. It is done in consultation with your physician, who must certify that the services are part of a comprehensive care plan related to your condition. The services must also be needed to ensure therapy or compliance, or to give you the skills and knowledge necessary to successfully manage your condition.

Diabetes self-management training and patient management, including nutritional therapy, may be conducted individually or in a group. It must be provided by an education program recognized by the American Diabetes Association or by a Certified Diabetes Educator® (CDE®). Coverage includes all educational materials for the program.

Benefits are available in the following situations:

You are	initially	diagnosed	with	diabetes

- ☐ Your symptoms or condition change significantly, requiring changes in self-management
- ☐ You need refresher patient management
- ☐ You are prescribed new medications or treatment

Screenings for Type 2 and gestational diabetes are covered as preventive services (Chapter 6).

Diabetes prevention program reimbursement

You can get reimbursed for up to \$500 when you complete at least 20 sessions of an approved diabetes prevention program. The Plan will reimburse you when you send us proof that you have completed a diabetes prevention program approved by the Massachusetts Department of Public Health or offered through the YMCA in other states.

Member costs		
	Costs are reimbursed up to \$500 per member (one time only)	

To be eligible for this reimbursement, you must complete a diabetes prevention program listed on the **www.mass.gov** website. For a list of programs in Massachusetts, go to:

www.mass.gov/service-details/dpp-programs-in-massachusetts

Outside of Massachusetts, look for a program at a nearby YMCA:

www.ymca.net/diabetes-prevention/locate-participating-y

Use the Diabetes Prevention Program Reimbursement form to submit your request for this reimbursement.

Download this form from unicaremass.com. A copy of the form also appears in Appendix C.

X Restrictions:

- Reimbursement is available only once per member.
- You must complete at least 20 sessions of the program.

Diabetic supplies

Diabetic supplies are covered when prescribed by a doctor for insulin-dependent, insulin-using, gestational and non-insulin-dependent diabetes.

Member costs	
✓ Diabetic supplies • Preferred vendors: Deductible	
	■ Non-preferred vendors: Deductible and 20% coinsurance

The following supplies are covered under your medical benefit:

- Blood glucose monitors, including voice synthesizers for blood glucose monitors for use by legally blind persons
- Insulin infusion devices
- ☐ Insulin measurement and administration aids for the visually impaired
- Insulin pumps and all related supplies
- □ Laboratory tests, including glycosylated hemoglobin (HbA1c) tests, urinary protein/microalbumin and lipid profiles
- Lancets and lancet devices
- Syringes and all injection aids
- □ Test strips for glucose monitors
- ☐ Therapeutic shoes for the prevention of complications associated with diabetes
- Urine test strips

Diabetes drugs (such as insulin and prescribed oral agents) are covered under your prescription drug plan. In addition, if you buy diabetic supplies at a pharmacy, the supplies may also be covered under your prescription drug plan. See Part 4 of this handbook (pages 141-155).

X Restrictions:

- Coverage for therapeutic shoes is limited to one pair each year.
- Special shoes purchased to accommodate orthotics, or to wear after foot surgery, are not covered.

Preapproval is required for equipment costing more than \$1,000.

- ✓ Use preferred vendors (page 105) Supplies from UniCare preferred vendors are covered at 100% of the allowed amount. Supplies from non-preferred vendors are covered at 80%, so you owe 20% coinsurance. Your deductible applies to both types of vendors.
 - Find a list of UniCare preferred vendors at <u>unicaremass.com</u>.
 - Important! Non-preferred vendors are covered at 80%, even if you're using the non-preferred vendor because the item isn't available from a preferred vendor.

Dialysis

Dialysis treatment, including hemodialysis and peritoneal dialysis, is covered.

	Member costs
Dialysis	Deductible

X Restrictions:

- There is no coverage for transportation to dialysis appointments.
- There is no coverage for hemodialysis to treat a behavioral health condition.

Doctor and other medical provider services

Medically necessary services from a licensed medical provider are covered when that provider is acting within the scope of his or her license. Services may be handled in person or through virtual care (telehealth). In-person services must be provided in a hospital, clinic, professional office, home care setting, long-term care setting, or other medical facility.

Provider visits in person or through virtual care (telehealth)	Member costs	
Primary care visits with an Enhanced Personal Health Care PCP (page 102)	\$15 copay	
Other PCP visits	\$20 copay	
Specialist visits	\$30/60/75 copay	
LiveHealth Online (telehealth)	\$15 copay	
Provider services at a hospital	Community Choice	Non-Community Choice
Emergency room care	Deductible	Deductible
Inpatient hospital care	Deductible	Deductible
Outpatient hospital care	\$30/60/75 copay	\$30/60/75 copay

Covered providers include any of the following acting within the scope of their licenses or certifications:

Certified	nurse	midwives

- □ Chiropractors
- Dentists
- Nurse practitioners
- Optometrists
- Physician assistants
- Physicians
- Podiatrists

X Restrictions:

There is no coverage for physicians to be available in case their services are needed (for example, a stand-by physician in an operating room). The Plan only pays providers for the actual delivery of medically necessary services.

Drug screening (lab tests)

Lab tests for drug screening, such as blood and urine tests, are covered when ordered by a doctor.

At a hospital	Community Choice	Non-Community Choice
Outpatient hospital	Deductible	\$50 daily copay and deductible
At a non-hospital-owned lab		
Non-hospital-owned lab	Deductible	

X Restrictions:

- Drug screening tests must be performed by a medical provider, such as a hospital or medical laboratory.
- There is no coverage for drug screening that is:
 - Required solely for the purposes of career, education, housing (e.g., sober living facilities), sports, camp, travel, employment, insurance, marriage, or adoption
 - · Ordered by a court, except as required by law
 - Required to obtain or maintain a license of any type

Durable medical equipment (DME)

Durable medical equipment (DME) is equipment and supplies – such as wheelchairs, crutches, oxygen and respiratory equipment – that is ordered by a doctor for daily or extended use. The Plan covers medically necessary DME if the item meets all of the following requirements:

- ☐ Designed primarily for the rapeutic purposes or to improve physical function
- Able to withstand repeated use
- ☐ Provided in connection with the treatment of disease, injury or pregnancy
- Ordered by a physician
- □ Provided by a DME supplier

Member costs		
	 Preferred vendors: No member costs 	
	■ Non-preferred vendors: 20% coinsurance	
	Preferred vendors: Deductible	
	■ Non-preferred vendors: Deductible and 20% coinsurance	

The Plan covers rental or purchase depending on the item, its use, and the expected total cost.

- Coverage is limited to medically necessary equipment that meets the requirements listed above. Types of equipment that are not covered under the DME benefit include:
 - Equipment intended for athletic or recreational use (e.g., exercise equipment, wheelchairs for sports)
 - Items intended for environmental control or home modification (e.g., electronic door openers, air cleaners, dehumidifiers, elevators, ramps, stairway lifts)
 - Added, non-standard features or accessories (e.g., hand controls for driving, transit systems that secure wheelchairs in moving vehicles, wheelchair customizations)

- Items specifically designed to be used outdoors (e.g., special wheelchairs for beach access, equipment for use on rough terrain)
- Items that serve as backup by duplicating other equipment (e.g., a manual wheelchair as backup for a powered wheelchair)
- Equipment upgrades or replacements for items that function properly or that can be repaired
- There is no coverage for personal items that could be purchased without a prescription (e.g., air conditioners, arch supports, bed pans, blood pressure cuffs, commodes, computer-assisted communications devices, corrective shoes, heating pads, hot water bottles, incontinence supplies, lift or riser chairs, non-hospital beds, orthopedic mattresses, shower chairs, telephones, televisions, thermal therapy devices, whirlpools).
- Compression stockings are covered up to a limit of four pairs within a 365-day period.
- The Plan will not cover any rental charges that exceed the purchase price of an item.
- BPAP and CPAP equipment need preapproval. Other DME needs preapproval if costing more than \$1,000 (rental and/or purchase) This requirement doesn't apply to oxygen or oxygen equipment.
- ✓ Use preferred vendors (page 105) DME and related supplies from UniCare preferred vendors are covered at 100% of the allowed amount. DME and related supplies from non-preferred vendors are covered at 80%, so you owe 20% coinsurance. Your deductible applies to both types of vendors.
 - Find a list of UniCare preferred vendors at <u>unicaremass.com</u>.
 - **Important!** Non-preferred vendors are covered at 80%, even if you are using the non-preferred vendor because the item isn't available from a preferred vendor.

Early intervention programs

Coverage is provided for medically necessary early intervention services for children from birth until their third birthday.

Early intervention services include occupational, physical and speech therapy, nursing care and psychological counseling. These services must be provided by licensed or certified healthcare providers working within an early intervention services program approved by the Massachusetts Department of Public Health, or under a similar law in other states.

Member costs	
Early intervention programs	No member costs

Emergency care / urgent care

If you are facing a medical or behavioral health emergency, go to the nearest emergency department or call 911 (or the local emergency medical services number). Keep emergency numbers and your doctors' phone numbers in a place that's easy to reach.

The Plan covers emergency room and urgent care services from various types of providers. Emergency room services are covered at the same level at both Community Choice and non-Community Choice hospitals.

At a hospital	Community Choice	Non-Community Choice	
Emergency rooms	\$100 copay and deductible (copay is waived if admitted)	\$100 copay and deductible (copay is waived if admitted)	
At a non-hospital-owned location			
Urgent care center visits	\$20 copay		
Retail health clinic visits \$20 copay			
Medical practice visits	■ With a PCP: \$15/20 copay		
	■ With a specialist: \$30/60/75 copay		

An **emergency** is an illness or medical condition, whether physical or behavioral, characterized by symptoms of sufficient severity that the absence of prompt medical attention could reasonably be expected by a prudent layperson, who possesses an average knowledge of health and medicine, to result in:

- ☐ Serious jeopardy to physical and/or mental health
- □ Serious impairment to bodily functions
- ☐ Serious dysfunction of any bodily organ or part
- ☐ In the case of pregnancy, a threat to the safety of a member or her unborn child

Some examples of illnesses or medical conditions requiring emergency care are severe pain, a broken leg, loss of consciousness, vomiting blood, chest pain, difficulty breathing, or any medical condition that is quickly worsening.

Urgent care refers to services you get when your health is not in serious danger but you need medical attention right away. Some conditions you might seek urgent care for are listed in Table 11.

Table 11. Example conditions for urgent care

When you might want to get urgent care	
Cough	 Minor allergic reactions
Sore throat	Bumps, cuts, and scrapes
Minor fever, cold or flu	■ Minor burn or rash
Nausea, vomiting, or diarrhea	Burning with urination
■ Back pain	Eye swelling, pain, redness or irritation
Muscle strain or sprain	Animal bites
■ Ear or sinus pain	■ Stitches
■ Mild headache	X-rays or lab tests

For urgent care, your member costs are lower if you go to a walk-in clinic instead of a hospital emergency department. Walk-in clinics are sites that offer medical care on a walk-in basis, so no appointment is needed. Although walk-in clinics have a variety of different names, they fall into four general categories. These four categories differ based on the services they offer and how they bill for their services.

- **Medical practices** Some doctors' offices offer services to walk-in patients. They offer the services you'd expect to get at a primary care practice.
- □ **Retail health clinics** are located in retail stores or pharmacies. They offer basic services like vaccinations and treatment for colds or mild sinus infections.
- ☐ **Urgent care centers** are independent, freestanding locations that treat conditions that should be handled quickly but that aren't life-threatening. They often do X-rays, lab tests and stitches.
- ☐ **Hospitals** Some hospitals have walk-in clinics within or associated with their emergency departments.
- Important! A facility's name isn't always a guide to how it bills or what your member costs will be. For example, a walk-in clinic that calls itself an urgent care center may bill as a hospital emergency room or a medical practice, instead of as an urgent care center. Before you use a walk-in clinic, you may want to ask how your visit will be billed. As shown in the benefits chart (previous page), how your visit is billed determines how much you owe.

X Restrictions:

■ Charges for non-emergency services received at an emergency room are covered under the appropriate plan benefit. For example, a non-emergency CT scan would be covered under the high-tech imaging benefit (described on page 55) rather than the emergency room benefit.

Toolify UniCare if you're admitted to the hospital from the emergency room.

Enteral therapy

Enteral therapy is prescribed nutrition that is administered through a tube that has been inserted into the stomach or intestines. Prescription and nonprescription enteral formulas are covered only when ordered by a physician for the medically necessary treatment of malabsorption disorders caused by Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, gastroesophageal reflux, gastrointestinal motility, chronic intestinal pseudo-obstruction, and inherited diseases of amino acids and organic acids.

Member costs	
■ Preferred vendors: Deductible	
■ Non-preferred vendors: Deductible and 20% coinsurance	

Enteral therapy needs preapproval.

✓ Use preferred vendors (page 105) – Enteral therapy from a UniCare preferred vendor is covered at 100% of the allowed amount. From non-preferred vendors, enteral therapy is covered at 80%, so you owe 20% coinsurance. Your deductible applies to both types of vendors.

Find a list of UniCare preferred vendors at unicaremass.com.

Eye care

The Plan covers routine eye exams once every 24 months. Other eye care services are covered if you have eye problems due to a medical condition.

Member costs	
Routine eye exams Refraction/glaucoma testing	\$30/60/75 copay (limited to one exam every 24 months)
Eye care office visits When medically necessary	\$30/60/75 copay

Routine eye exams can be performed by an ophthalmologist or optometrist. They include the following parts:

- **Eye health** This part of a routine eye exam checks the health of your eyes, such as testing for glaucoma, when you are not experiencing any eye issues or problems.
- □ **Vision (visual acuity)** Eye exams that diagnose vision or treat vision problems are called *refraction*, or *refractive eye exams*. These exams measure how well you can see and whether you need your vision corrected. Visual acuity problems (*refractive errors*) include astigmatism, near-sightedness, far-sightedness, and aging-related blurry vision.

The Plan covers office visits (typically, with an ophthalmologist) for the monitoring and treatment of medical conditions that can harm the eyes. These include conditions such as diabetes, glaucoma, keratoconus, cataracts and macular degeneration.

X Restrictions:

- Routine eye exams consist of checking eye health and visual acuity only. Other testing such as visual fields, ophthalmoscopy or ophthalmic diagnostic imaging is not considered routine and is not covered.
- There is no coverage for surgery or supplies to correct refractive errors (visual acuity problems). Non-covered services include orthoptics for vision correction, radial keratotomy, and other laser surgeries. Refractive errors include astigmatism, myopia (near-sightedness), hyperopia (far-sightedness), and presbyopia (aging-related blurry vision).
- Vision therapy is not covered.

Eyeglasses and contact lenses

Generally, the Plan does not cover eyeglasses or contact lenses. However, a set of eyeglasses or contact lenses is covered after an eye injury or cataract surgery. You must purchase the eyeglasses or contact lenses within six months of the surgery. Standard frames and lenses, including bifocal and trifocal lenses, are covered.

Member costs	
	Deductible and 20% coinsurance (limited to first set within six months of eye injury or cataract surgery)

- Eyeglasses and contact lenses are only covered within six months after an eye injury or cataract surgery. Coverage applies to the initial lenses only.
- There is no coverage for deluxe frames or specialty lenses such as progressive or transitional lenses, tinted lenses, anti-reflective coating or polycarbonate lenses.

Family planning

Family planning services, including office visits and procedures for the purpose of contraception, are covered.

Member costs	
Family planning services	No member costs

Covered services include:

- ☐ Fitting for a diaphragm or cervical cap
- ☐ Insertion, re-insertion, or removal of an IUD or Levonorgestrel (Norplant)
- ☐ Injection of progesterone (Depo-Provera)
- ☐ Office visits, including evaluations, consultations and follow-up care
- Voluntary female sterilization (tubal ligation)

FDA-approved contraceptive drugs and devices are available through your prescription drug plan (see Part 4 of this handbook).

X Restrictions:

■ There is no coverage for voluntary male sterilization (vasectomy) or voluntary termination of pregnancy (abortion) under the family planning benefit. These two procedures are covered as surgical procedures under your surgery benefit (pages 70-71).

Fitness reimbursement

You can get reimbursed for up to \$100 per family on costs associated with participation in a fitness activity. The fitness reimbursement is paid to the plan enrollee upon proof of payment.

Member costs	
Fitness reimbursement	Costs are reimbursed up to \$100 for a family each plan year

To receive the fitness reimbursement, you must attest to participating in physical activity an average of four or more times per month, and you must submit proof of payment toward an eligible activity. Eligible costs include:

- ☐ Gyms, health clubs, fitness centers, Boys & Girls Clubs of America, dance studios, martial arts centers, etc.
- ☐ Classes and programs such as yoga, Pilates, spin, Zumba, and gymnastics (either in-person or online)
- ☐ Organizations and leagues designed for fitness activities (e.g., sports teams, hiking, bowling, etc.)
- ☐ Personal trainers (either in-person or online)

Use the Fitness Reimbursement form to submit your request for this reimbursement.

Download this form from unicaremass.com. A copy of the form also appears in Appendix C.

X Restrictions:

- Although any family member may have the fitness membership, the reimbursement is paid to the plan enrollee only.
- Ineligible costs include beach or country club memberships or dues; fees for one-day events; annual or day passes (such as for skiing); spas or spa services; personal or home fitness equipment.

Foot care (routine)

Routine foot care, such as nail trimming and callus removal, is not covered unless a medical condition affecting the lower limbs (such as diabetes or peripheral vascular disease of the lower limbs) makes the care medically necessary.

- ☐ If you are ambulatory, medical evidence must document an underlying condition causing vascular compromise, such as diabetes.
- ☐ If you are not ambulatory, medical evidence must document a condition that is likely to result in significant medical complications in the absence of such treatment.

	Member costs	
Routine foot care	■ With a PCP: \$15/20 copay	
	■ With a specialist: \$30/60/75 copay	

X Restrictions:

■ Arch supports, such as Dr. Scholl's inserts, are not covered.

Gender affirmation (reassignment) services

Services for treatment associated with gender affirmation (reassignment) are covered like any other physical condition. Coverage is subject to all pertinent provisions of the Plan including medical necessity, use of participating providers, preapproval reviews, benefit limitations, and provider payment methods.

Medical services needed for diagnosis and treatment are covered under your medical benefit. Behavioral health services are covered as a behavioral health benefit (see Chapter 5).

Covered services include:

- ☐ Breast/chest ("top") and genital/reproductive organ ("bottom") surgeries
- ☐ Electrolysis (hair removal) when part of surgical preparation
- ☐ Facial reconstruction procedures, such as tracheal shaving
- Surgical repair and fertility preservation coverage, including up to 90 days of storage

For a list of specific covered services, contact UniCare Member Services at 833-663-4176.

X Restrictions:

- Fertility storage (storage of sperm or eggs) is limited to a maximum of 90 days.
- Surgical reversal of original procedure is not covered.

Gender affirmation (reassignment) services need preapproval.

Gynecology exams

Gynecological exams, including Pap smears, are covered as a preventive service. Other medically necessary gynecology services are covered under the benefit for office visits.

Member costs	
Annual exam, with Pap smear	No member costs
Office visits	• With a PCP: \$15/20 copay
	• With a specialist: \$30/60/75 copay

Hearing aids

Hearing aids are covered to correct a member's hearing loss that has been documented through testing.

Member costs	
Age 21 and under	No member costs (limited to \$2,000 for each impaired ear every 24 months)
Age 22 and over	No member costs for first \$500, then 20% coinsurance of the next \$1,500 (up to a total benefit limit of \$1,700 every 24 months)

X Restrictions:

- Ear molds are not covered, except when needed for hearing aids for members age 21 and under.
- Hearing aid batteries are not covered.
- Replacement hearing aids are covered only if you have not reached the benefit limit, and if:
 - You need a new hearing aid prescription because your medical condition has changed, or
 - The hearing aid no longer works properly and cannot be repaired

Hearing exams

Expenses for hearing exams for the diagnosis of speech, hearing and language disorders are covered. These exams are typically provided by a physician or a licensed audiologist. The exam must be administered in a hospital, clinic or private office.

Member costs	
Office visits	■ With a PCP: \$15/20 copay ■ With a specialist: \$30/60/75 copay
Testing	Deductible
Hearing screenings for newborns	No member costs

X Restrictions:

Services provided through schools are not covered.

High-tech imaging

High-tech imaging are tests such as MRIs, CT scans and PET scans that give a more comprehensive view of the human body than plain film X-rays. Many of these tests are also much more expensive than traditional X-rays.

At a hospital	Community Choice	Non-Community Choice
Emergency room	Deductible	Deductible
Inpatient hospital	Deductible	Deductible and 20% coinsurance
Outpatient hospital	\$100 daily copay and deductible	\$200 daily copay and deductible
At a non-hospital-owned location		
Tigh-tech imaging	\$100 daily copay and deductible	

Tigh-tech imaging needs preapproval.

Home health care

Home health care includes any skilled services and supplies provided by a Medicare-certified home health care agency or visiting nurse association (VNA) on a part-time, intermittent, or visiting basis. Benefits for home health care are available when:

- ☐ Your doctor prescribes a **plan of care** that is, a written order outlining services to be provided in the home that will be administered by a home health care agency or VNA. The home health agency or VNA must meet any applicable licensing requirements.
- ☐ The services and supplies are provided in a non-institutional setting while you are housebound as a result of injury, disease or pregnancy.

The plan of care is subject to review and approval by the Plan.

Member costs		
	■ Preferred vendors: Deductible	
	■ Non-preferred vendors: Deductible and 20% coinsurance	

The following services are covered if they have been preapproved and if they are provided (or supervised) by a healthcare provider acting within the scope of his or her license:

- ☐ Medical social services provided by a licensed medical social worker
- ☐ Nutritional consultation by a registered dietitian
- ☐ Part-time, intermittent home health aide services consisting of personal care and help with activities of daily living
- ☐ Physical, occupational, speech and respiratory therapy by the appropriately licensed or certified therapist
- □ Durable medical equipment (DME) is covered under the DME benefit if the equipment is a medically necessary component of an approved plan of care

- There is no coverage for homemaking services or custodial care.
- There is no coverage for services received from someone who is in your immediate family. Your immediate family consists of you, your spouse and your children, as well as the brothers, sisters and parents of both you and your spouse. This includes any service that a provider may perform on himself or herself.
- There is no coverage for services received from anyone who shares your legal residence.

The Home health care needs preapproval.

- ✓ Use preferred vendors (page 105) Home health services from a UniCare preferred vendor are covered at 100% of the allowed amount. From non-preferred vendors, home health services are covered at 80%, so you owe 20% coinsurance. Your deductible applies to both types of vendors.
 - Find a list of UniCare preferred vendors at unicaremass.com.

Home infusion therapy

Home infusion therapy is the administration of intravenous, subcutaneous or intramuscular therapies provided in a residential, non-institutional setting. To be considered for coverage, home infusion therapy must be delivered by a company that is licensed as a pharmacy and is qualified to provide home infusion therapy.

	Member costs	
✓ Home infusion therapy	■ Preferred vendors: Deductible	
	■ Non-preferred vendors: Deductible and 20% coinsurance	

X Restrictions:

- Non-oncology infused drugs require prior review and are dispensed by the prescription drug plan (see Part 4 of this handbook).
- You must get subcutaneous and intramuscular drugs through your prescription drug plan.
- ✓ Use preferred vendors (page 105) Home infusion therapy from a UniCare preferred vendor is covered at 100% of the allowed amount. From non-preferred vendors, home infusion therapy is covered at 80%, so you owe 20% coinsurance. Your deductible applies to both types of vendors.
 - Find a list of UniCare preferred vendors at unicaremass.com.

Hospice and end-of-life care

Hospice provides multidisciplinary care to address the physical, social, emotional, and spiritual needs of persons likely to live a year or less. Hospice care has many benefits: better quality of life, better coping for you and your family, and longer survival time at home.

Hospice benefits are payable for covered services when a physician certifies (or re-certifies) that you have a medical prognosis of twelve months or less to live. The services must be furnished under a written plan of hospice care, established by a Medicare-certified hospice program, and periodically reviewed by the hospice's medical director and interdisciplinary team. Concurrent palliative chemotherapy and radiation therapy are permitted.

If you have a medical prognosis of greater than twelve months to live, but you have symptoms like severe pain or difficulty breathing, the Plan covers **palliative care** (page 64). Palliative care is focused on relieving pain or other symptoms of illness and improving the quality of life for patients and their families.

	Member costs
Hospice care	Deductible
Bereavement counseling	Deductible and 20% coinsurance (limited to \$1,500 for the family in a plan year)

The Plan covers the following hospice services:

Part-time, intermittent nursing care or home health aide services provided by or supervised by a registered nurse
Physical, respiratory, occupational and speech therapy from an appropriately licensed or certified therapist
Medical social services
Medical supplies and medical appliances
Drugs and medications prescribed by a physician and charged by the hospice
Laboratory services
Physician services
Transportation to the place where you will be receiving covered hospice services
Counseling provided by a physician, psychologist, clergy member, registered nurse, or social worke
Dietary counseling from a registered dietitian
Respite care in a hospital, a skilled nursing facility, a nursing home, or in the home. Respite care services are services given to a hospice patient to relieve the family or primary care person from caregiving functions.
Bereavement counseling for family members (or for other persons specifically named by the person getting hospice care), within twelve months of death. Services must be provided by a physician.

X Restrictions:

■ Respite care is limited to a total of five days.

psychologist, clergy member, registered nurse, or social worker.

- Bereavement counseling is limited to \$1,500 per family. Additional counseling services are available under your behavioral health benefits (Chapter 5).
- No hospice benefits are payable for services not listed in this section, nor for any service furnished by a volunteer, or for which no charge is customarily made.

We encourage you to notify UniCare when hospice services are recommended – When you contact UniCare, you'll be connected with UniCare's clinical team. The clinical team offers support and services to members dealing with complex healthcare issues. See pages 125-126 for more information about how the clinical team can help.

Immunizations (vaccines)

Immunizations (vaccines) recommended by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force are covered at 100%, according to the preventive care schedule (Chapter 6).

Member costs	
At a doctor's office No member costs (but you may owe member costs for the office visit)	
At a travel clinic	No member costs
At a pharmacy	Covered under your prescription drug plan (pages 141-155)

X Restrictions:

■ Unless you are pregnant, there is no coverage for blood tests (titers) to determine if you need an immunization. See **Immunization titers** on page 95.

Infertility treatment

Non-experimental infertility procedures are covered. These procedures are recognized as generally accepted and/or non-experimental by the American Fertility Society and the American College of Obstetrics and Gynecology.

Infertility occurs when a healthy female is unable to conceive:

- ☐ Within 12 months, if the woman is age 35 or under
- ☐ Within 6 months, if the woman is over 35

If a pregnancy ends in miscarriage, the time spent trying to conceive (prior to the pregnancy) is counted as part of the 12-month or six-month window.

The Plan provides benefits for the following procedures:

- ☐ In vitro fertilization and embryo placement (IVF-EP)
- ☐ Artificial insemination (AI), also known as intrauterine insemination (IUI)
- Cryopreservation of eggs as a component of covered infertility treatment.
- ☐ Gamete intrafallopian transfer (GIFT)
- ☐ Intracytoplasmic sperm injection (ICSI) for the treatment of male factor infertility
- ☐ Natural ovulation intravaginal fertilization (NORIF)
- ☐ Sperm, egg and/or inseminated egg procurement and processing, from yourself or from a donor, to the extent that these costs are not covered by a donor's insurer, if any
- Zygote intrafallopian transfer (ZIFT)

Other charges associated with covered infertility services – such as laboratory, physician and surgery costs – are covered under the appropriate plan benefit. For example, any medically necessary lab tests would be covered under the benefit for lab tests.

- There is no coverage if the inability to conceive results from either voluntary sterilization or normal aging (menopause).
- Experimental infertility procedures are not covered.

- In vitro fertilization is limited to five attempts per lifetime. (Other infertility procedures, such as artificial insemination, are not limited.) An **attempt** is defined as the start of a reproductive cycle with the intention of implanting a fertilized ovum. The occurrence of either of the following events constitutes an attempt:
 - Starting drug therapy to induce ovulation
 - Operative procedures to implant a fertilized ovum

If the process is started and then cancelled (before the ovum is implanted), it is still counted as an attempt.

- The Plan does not pay people to donate their eggs or sperm.
- Reversal of voluntary sterilization is not covered.
- Shipping costs, such as the cost of shipping eggs or sperm between clinics, are not covered.
- Procurement and processing of sperm, eggs, and/or inseminated eggs are covered only for the treatment of infertility.
- Infertility services provided as part of gender affirmation (reassignment) treatment (page 53) do not need to meet the definition of infertility described in this section.
- Storage fees for storing or banking sperm, eggs, and/or inseminated eggs are covered only when provided as part of gender affirmation treatment, and are limited to a maximum of 90 days in storage.
- The Plan does not pay people to be surrogates (gestational carriers) for UniCare plan members, and there is no coverage for medical services, including in vitro fertilization, for a surrogate who is not a UniCare member.
- Facility fees are only covered at a licensed hospital or ambulatory surgery center.
- There is no coverage for infertility procedures that don't meet the above definition of infertility.

Inpatient medical care (hospital admissions)

The Plan covers hospital services when you are admitted to an inpatient facility. Facilities that provide inpatient hospital care include acute care hospitals, rehabilitation facilities, long-term care facilities, and skilled nursing facilities. Coverage for inpatient hospital services includes all medically necessary services and supplies. The benefit for hospital services depends on the type of facility you go to and the type of care you get:

- Acute care hospitals are medical centers and community hospitals that provide treatment for a severe illness, for conditions caused by disease or trauma, and for recovery from surgery. These hospitals deliver intensive, 24-hour medical and nursing care.
 Rehabilitation (rehab) facilities are specialized hospitals that provide rehab services to restore basic
- □ Rehabilitation (rehab) facilities are specialized hospitals that provide rehab services to restore basic functioning (such as walking or sitting upright) that was lost due to illness or injury. Patients in these facilities have a good potential for recovery and are able to participate in a rehab program that includes therapy services for three to five hours a day.
- □ Long-term care facilities are specialized hospitals that treat patients who need further care for complex medical conditions but that no longer require the services of a traditional hospital. These patients' needs are mostly medical and their ability to participate in rehab is limited.
- □ **Skilled nursing facilities** provide lower intensity rehab and medical services. Patients in these facilities have continuing medical needs that require skilled nursing care, but do not need daily physician care. Some of these patients may or may not require rehab, while others may need long-term custodial care (see "Restrictions," later in this section).

	•	-	
At a hospital or rehab facility	Community Choice	Non-Community Choice	
Inpatient medical care (semi-private room)	\$275 quarterly copay and deductible	\$750 per-admission copay, deductible, and 20% coinsurance	
Inpatient medical care (medically necessary private room)	 First 90 days: \$275 quarterly copay and deductible After 90 days: Dollar difference between the semi-private room rate and the private room rate 	 First 90 days: \$750 per-admission copay, deductible, and 20% coinsurance After 90 days: 20% coinsurance, and the dollar difference between the semi-private room rate and the private room rate 	
Neonatal ICU (page 61)	\$275 quarterly copay and deductible	 At a designated hospital: \$275 quarterly copay and deductible At other hospitals: \$750 per-admission copay, deductible, and 20% coinsurance 	
At a skilled nursing or long	At a skilled nursing or long-term care facility		
Tinpatient medical care	edical care Deductible and 20% coinsurance (limited to 45 days in a plan year)		

[Important! Coinsurance at non-Community Choice hospitals is limited to \$5,000 each plan year.

Table 12 lists examples of the services and supplies covered under the benefit for inpatient care.

Table 12. Examples of covered inpatient services

Examples of covered inpatient services and supplies

- Room and board
- Intensive care/coronary care
- Physician and nursing services
- Surgery
- Anesthesia, radiology and pathology
- Dialysis
- Physical, occupational and speech therapy
- Diagnostic tests, radiology and labs
- Durable medical equipment
- Medically necessary services and supplies charged by the hospital

- Pre-admission testing
- Ancillary items and services, such as:
 - Infusions and transfusions
 - Devices that are an integral part of a surgical procedure such as hip joints, skull plates and pacemakers
 - Drugs, medications, solutions, biological preparations, and supplies
- Use of special rooms, like operating rooms
- Use of special equipment

- The 45-day plan year limit is the total of all inpatient days at skilled nursing facilities and long-term care facilities, even if they took place at more than one facility and/or more than one admission.
- If a newborn is admitted to the hospital independently of the mother, it is considered a separate hospital admission and you will owe a separate inpatient copay.
- There is no coverage for custodial care. **Custodial care** is a level of care that is chiefly designed to assist with activities of daily living and cannot reasonably be expected to greatly restore health or bodily function.
- Private rooms are covered only if medically necessary.

- There is no coverage for private duty nursing in an inpatient facility.
- The Plan does not pay for donated blood.
- Convenience items such as telephone, radio and television are not covered.
- Services that are considered experimental or investigational are not covered.
- Devices that are not directly involved in the surgery, such as artificial limbs, artificial eyes or hearing aids may be covered under a different benefit, such as prosthetics.
- There is no coverage for charges for services that are not medically necessary.
- The 20% coinsurance for skilled nursing facilities and long-term care facilities does not count toward the non-Community Choice coinsurance limit.

To Notify UniCare about any inpatient stay.

Neonatal ICUs

The Plan has identified certain hospitals with significant experience and patient volume for neonatal ICU care. Because significant clinical experience is likely to enhance the quality of care, the Plan covers neonatal ICUs at the following hospitals, as well as at Community Choice hospitals, at the Community Choice copay and benefit level:

- ☐ Brigham and Women's Hospital
- UMass Memorial Medical Center

Laboratory services (lab work)

Diagnostic lab work is covered when prescribed by a physician.

At a hospital	Community Choice	Non-Community Choice
Inpatient hospital	Deductible	Deductible and 20% coinsurance
Outpatient hospital	Deductible	\$50 daily copay and deductible
Emergency room	Deductible	Deductible
Preventive lab work (see Chapter 6)	No member costs when done according to the preventive care schedule	No member costs when done according to the preventive care schedule
At a non-hospital-owned location		
Diagnostic lab work	Deductible	
Preventive lab work	No member costs when done according to the preventive care schedule (see Chapter 6)	

Long-term care facilities

Long-term care facilities are specialized hospitals that treat patients who need further care for complex medical conditions but that no longer require the services of a traditional hospital. Services at long-term care facilities are covered under the benefit for inpatient care (pages 59-61).

Maternity services

Maternity services are covered like any other physical condition. Coverage is subject to all pertinent provisions of the Plan, including use of participating providers, preapproval reviews, and provider payment methods. Medical services needed for diagnosis and treatment are covered under your medical benefit.

Maternity care is often billed as a global (all-inclusive) service. When this is the case, you owe an office visit copay for the first visit but not for subsequent visits with the original doctor. However, services from other providers are not covered within the global service arrangement. Those services are billed separately and additional member costs (copays, deductible, and coinsurance) may apply.

X Restrictions:

■ If a newborn is admitted to the hospital independently of the mother, it is considered a separate hospital admission and you will owe a separate inpatient copay.

Maternity admissions need preapproval if the inpatient stay is longer than 2 days for vaginal delivery or 4 days for Caesarian.

Medical care outside the U.S.

The Plan covers medically necessary services you get outside of the United States. Coverage is subject to all pertinent provisions of the Plan including benefit limitations and provider payment methods.

- Emergency care The Plan covers emergency care anywhere in the world. Emergency services are covered at 100% of UniCare's allowed amounts after any deductible and copay amounts that apply.
- □ **Elective services** Elective services outside the U.S. are covered according to the provisions and limitations described in this handbook. Benefits may differ depending on the service and the provider, and not all services are covered by the Plan.

The amount UniCare pays non-U.S. providers is determined by the Plan's allowed amount for the service. If a provider's bill is more than the allowed amount (more than UniCare will pay), you may have to pay the additional charges yourself.

To receive payment for medical services outside the U.S., you or the provider must file a claim for each service. If we get a bill from the provider, we will pay the provider directly.

If you file the claim yourself, your claim must include written proof of the service and of your payment, as described on page 108. If your bill has information in a foreign language, please provide a translation, if possible.

Charges for non-U.S. services are converted to U.S. dollars using the exchange rate found on www.oanda.com. The claim is paid based on these converted amounts.

- Ambulance transportation is covered only in an emergency, and only for transportation to the nearest facility that can treat the condition.
- There is no coverage for ambulance transportation, including air ambulance, to a specified or preferred facility if a nearer facility can provide treatment.
- Repatriation expenses are not covered.

Medical services (if not listed elsewhere)

place in the properties of the content of the properties of the content of the co this chapter. Be sure to check the index to see if the benefits for a particular service are described in a different section.

	Member costs
Covered medical services (if not listed elsewhere)	Deductible and 20% coinsurance

Neuropsychological (neuropsych) testing

Neuropsych testing is covered whether ordered for a medical condition or a behavioral health condition. See page 80 for coverage details.

Occupational therapy

The Plan covers occupational therapy on a short-term basis when the potential for functional gain exists. One-on-one therapies are covered only when ordered by a physician and administered by a licensed occupational therapist or occupational therapy assistant (under the direction of an occupational therapist).

Occupational therapy is skilled treatment that helps individuals achieve independence with activities of daily living after an illness or injury not incurred during the course of employment. Services include:

- Treatment programs aimed at improving the ability to carry out activities of daily living
- Comprehensive evaluations of the home
- Recommendations and training in the use of adaptive equipment to replace lost function

	Member costs
Cocupational therapy	\$15 copay

X Restrictions:

- There is no coverage for:
 - Group occupational therapy
 - Sensory integration therapy
 - Occupational therapy to treat a chronic condition when that treatment is neither curative nor restorative
- Services provided through schools are not covered.

Occupational therapy needs preapproval.

Office visits

Office visits with primary care and specialty care providers are covered. See "Doctor and other medical provider services" on page 46 for coverage information.

Outpatient hospital services (if not listed elsewhere)

├── Important! This section applies only to outpatient services that aren't addressed elsewhere in this chapter. Be sure to check the index to see if the benefits for a particular outpatient service are described in a different section.

Outpatient hospital services are services provided by a hospital that are usually performed within a single day and don't require an overnight stay. However, an overnight stay for observation would be considered outpatient care if you are not actually admitted to the hospital.

	Community Choice	Non-Community Choice
Outpatient hospital services (if not listed elsewhere)	Deductible	Deductible

Oxygen

Oxygen and its administration are covered.

	Member costs	
✓ Oxygen	■ Preferred vendors: Deductible	
	■ Non-preferred vendors: Deductible and 20% coinsurance	

X Restrictions:

- Oxygen equipment required for use on an airplane or other means of travel is not covered.
- ✓ Use preferred vendors (page 105) Supplies from UniCare preferred vendors are covered at 100% of the allowed amount. From non-preferred vendors, supplies are covered at 80%, so you owe 20% coinsurance. Your deductible applies to both types of vendors.
 - Find a list of UniCare preferred vendors at unicaremass.com.
 - Important! Non-preferred vendors are covered at 80%, even if you're using the non-preferred vendor because the item isn't available from a preferred vendor.

Palliative care

Palliative care is care that focuses on treating symptoms – like severe pain, or difficulty breathing – to make you more comfortable. It is not intended to cure underlying conditions.

Palliative care is covered like any other physical condition. Medical services are covered under your medical benefit. Coverage is subject to all pertinent provisions of the Plan, including use of participating providers, preapproval reviews, and provider payment methods.

PANDAS and **PANS**

The Plan provides coverage for medically necessary treatment of Pediatric Autoimmune Neuropsychiatric Disorders Associated with Streptococcal Infections (PANDAS) and Pediatric Acute-Onset Neuropsychiatric Syndrome (PANS), including the use of intravenous immunoglobulin therapy.

Services for treatment associated with PANDAS and PANS are covered like any other physical condition. Coverage is subject to all pertinent provisions of the Plan, including medical necessity, use of participating providers, preapproval reviews, benefit limitations, and provider payment methods.

Personal Emergency Response Systems (PERS)

Installation and rental of a personal emergency response system (PERS) are covered when a doctor's letter attesting to its medical necessity is included with the claim.

Member costs	
PERS installation	Deductible and 20% coinsurance (limited to \$50 in a plan year)
PERS rental	Deductible and 20% coinsurance (limited to \$40 a month)

X Restrictions:

■ There is no coverage for the purchase of a PERS unit.

Physical therapy

The Plan covers physical therapy on a short-term basis when the potential for functional gain exists. One-on-one therapies are covered only when ordered by a physician and administered by a licensed physical therapist or physical therapy assistant (under the direction of a physical therapist).

Physical therapy is hands-on treatment to relieve pain, restore function and/or minimize disability resulting from disease or injury to the neuromuscular and/or musculoskeletal system, or the loss of a body part. Physical therapy may include direct manipulation, exercise, movement, and/or other physical modalities.

	Member costs
Physical therapy	\$15 copay

Physical therapy must be:

- Ordered by a physician
- ☐ For the treatment of an injury or disease
- ☐ The most appropriate level of service needed to provide safe and adequate care
- ☐ Appropriate for the symptoms, consistent with the diagnosis, and consistent with generally accepted medical practice and professionally recognized standards

- There is no coverage for:
 - · Group physical therapy
 - Services provided by athletic trainers
 - Massage therapy and services provided by a massage therapist or neuromuscular therapist
 - · Physical therapy to treat a chronic condition when that treatment is neither curative nor restorative
- Certain therapy services are not covered. These include, but are not limited to: acupuncture, aerobic exercise, craniosacral therapy, diathermy, infrared therapy, kinetic therapy, microwave therapy, paraffin treatment, Rolfing therapy, Shiatsu, sports conditioning, ultraviolet therapy, and weight training.
- Services provided by a chiropractor are considered chiropractic care, not physical therapy.
- Services provided through schools are not covered.
- Thysical therapy needs preapproval.

Prescription drugs

Benefits for most prescription drugs are administered by Express Scripts. See Part 4 of this handbook (pages 141-155) for benefits information.

Certain specialty drugs need preapproval – Specialty drugs are prescription medications used to treat complex, chronic conditions like cancer, rheumatoid arthritis and multiple sclerosis. Specialty drugs are often high-cost and require special handling (like refrigeration during shipping) and administration (such as injection or infusion). Some specialty drugs are covered by UniCare and require preapproval.

Other specialty drugs are covered under your prescription drug plan. See Part 4 of this handbook for a list of (non-oncology) specialty drugs that require preapproval through your prescription drug plan.

Preventive care

The Plan covers preventive or routine office visits, physical exams and other related preventive services that are recommended by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force as part of the Affordable Care Act.

Covered preventive services are covered at 100% of the allowed amount, without any member costs. Preventive exams are covered according to the schedule issued by Massachusetts Health Quality Partners.

The schedule and guidelines for covered preventive services appears in Chapter 6.

Member costs	
Preventive care	No member costs

X Restrictions:

- Not all preventive healthcare services are recommended for everyone. You and your doctor should decide what care is appropriate for you.
- Claims must be submitted with the appropriate preventive diagnosis and procedure codes in order to be paid at 100%.
- If you are treated for an existing illness, injury or condition during your preventive exam, you may have to pay member costs for those non-preventive services.

Private duty nursing

Benefits are provided for highly skilled nursing services needed continuously during a block of time (greater than two hours) when you are housebound.

Member costs	
Private duty nursing in a home setting	Deductible and 20% coinsurance (limited to \$8,000 in a plan year)

Private duty nursing services must:

- ☐ Be medically necessary and ordered by a physician
- ☐ Provide skilled nursing services by a registered nurse for the treatment of an injury or disease
- ☐ Be exclusive of all other home health care services
- ☐ Not duplicate services that a hospital or facility is licensed to provide

Up to \$4,000 (of the \$8,000 plan-year limit) may be used for licensed practical nurse (LPN) services if a registered nurse is not available.

X Restrictions:

- Outpatient private duty nursing is provided only when you are housebound.
- Private duty nursing services in a hospital or any other inpatient facility are not covered.
- There is no coverage for homemaking services or custodial care.
- There is no coverage for services received from someone who is in your immediate family. Your immediate family consists of you, your spouse and your children, as well as the brothers, sisters and parents of both you and your spouse. This includes any service that a provider may perform on himself or herself.
- There is no coverage for services received from anyone who shares your legal residence.

Trivate duty nursing needs preapproval.

Prosthetics and orthotics

Prosthetics and orthotics, including braces, are covered if they are prescribed by a physician as medically necessary.

Prosthetics replace part of the body or replace all or part of the function of a permanently inoperative, absent, or impaired part of the body. Breast prosthetics and artificial limbs are prosthetics.

Orthotics are devices used to restrict, align or correct deformities and/or to improve the function of moveable parts of the body. They are often attached to clothing and/or shoes, may assist in movement, and are sometimes jointed. Orthotics include braces, splints and trusses.

Member costs	
Breast prosthetics	Deductible
Orthopedic shoe with attached brace	Deductible
Other prosthetics and orthotics (including mastectomy bras)	Deductible and 20% coinsurance

- Orthotics must be:
 - · Ordered by a physician
 - Custom molded and fitted to your body
 - · Used only by you
- There is no coverage for replacement prosthetics and orthotics except when needed due to normal growth or pathological change (a change in your medical condition that requires a prescription change). Supporting documentation is required.
- Mastectomy bras are limited to two bras every two years, unless a change to your prosthetic requires a replacement bra. Supporting documentation is required.
- The following items and services are not covered:
 - Arch supports (for example, Dr. Scholl's inserts)
 - Temporary or trial orthotics
 - · Video tape gait analysis and diagnostic scanning
 - · Orthopedic shoes that do not attach directly to a brace

Pulmonary rehabilitation (rehab) programs

Pulmonary rehab programs use a combination of education and exercise to help improve respiratory function in people diagnosed with breathing problems.

	Member costs
Pulmonary rehab programs	Deductible

A pulmonary rehab program must:

- Be ordered by a physician
- ☐ Be operated by a licensed clinic or hospital
- ☐ Meet the generally accepted standards of pulmonary rehab

This benefit covers the active rehabilitation phase of the program, which is usually three consecutive months.

X Restrictions:

- To qualify for a pulmonary rehab program, you must have a diagnosed breathing problem such as chronic obstructive pulmonary disease (COPD) or pulmonary fibrosis.
- Pulmonary rehab programs are limited to 36 visits (three visits per week for 12 weeks).
- There is no coverage for the *maintenance* phase of a pulmonary rehab program. Coverage is for the *active* phase only.

Radiation therapy

Radiation therapy, including radioactive isotope therapy and intensity-modulated radiation therapy (IMRT), is a covered service.

Member costs	
Radiation therapy	Deductible

Radiation therapy needs preapproval.

Radiology (diagnostic imaging)

Radiology, also called diagnostic imaging, is a covered service. General radiology services covered under this benefit include X-rays and ultrasounds. Benefits for high-tech (advanced) imaging are shown on page 55.

At a hospital	Community Choice	Non-Community Choice
Emergency room	Deductible	Deductible
Inpatient hospital	Deductible	Deductible and 20% coinsurance
Outpatient hospital	Deductible	\$50 daily copay and deductible
At a non-hospital-owned location		
Radiology	Deductible	

Rehabilitation (rehab) hospitals

Rehabilitation (rehab) facilities are specialized hospitals that provide rehab services to restore basic functioning (such as walking or sitting upright) that was lost due to illness or injury. Services at rehab hospitals are covered under the benefit for inpatient care (pages 59-61).

Retail health clinics

Retail health clinics are clinics located in retail stores or pharmacies that offer basic medical services on a walk-in basis. See "Emergency care / urgent care" on pages 49-50 for coverage information.

Skilled nursing facilities

Skilled nursing facilities provide lower intensity rehab and medical services. Services at skilled nursing facilities are covered under the benefit for inpatient care (pages 59-61).

Sleep studies

Sleep studies are tests that monitor you while you sleep to find out if you have any breathing difficulties. These studies may be performed at a hospital, a freestanding sleep center, or at home.

At a hospital	Community Choice	Non-Community Choice
Sleep studies	Deductible	\$50 daily copay and deductible
Non-hospital-owned location		
Sleep studies Deductible		

Sleep studies need preapproval.

Speech therapy

Services for the diagnosis and treatment of speech, hearing and language disorders (speech-language pathology services) are covered when provided by a licensed speech-language pathologist or audiologist. The services must be ordered by a physician and provided in a hospital, clinic or private office.

Member costs	
Speech therapy with autism diagnosis	No member costs
All other speech therapy	No member costs (limited to 20 visits in a plan year)

Covered speech therapy services include:

- □ Assessment of and remedial services for speech defects caused by either a physical disorder or by autism spectrum disorder
- ☐ Speech rehabilitation, including physiotherapy, following laryngectomy

- There is no coverage for:
 - Cognitive rehabilitation, except as related to COVID-19
 - Speech therapy to treat a chronic condition when that treatment is neither curative nor restorative
- Services provided through schools are not covered.

Speech therapy services need preapproval.

Surgery

The surgery benefit covers facility charges and surgeon fees for operative services including care before, during and after surgery. Your member costs depend on whether the surgery is inpatient or outpatient and on where you have the surgery.

TINpatient hospital	Community Choice	Non-Community Choice
Facility charges	\$275 quarterly copay and deductible	\$750 per-admission copay, deductible, and 20% coinsurance
Surgeon fees	Deductible	Deductible
Outpatient hospital	Community Choice	Non-Community Choice
Facility charges	\$110 quarterly copay and deductible	\$250 per-visit copay, deductible, and 20% coinsurance
Surgeon fees	Deductible	Deductible
™ Non-hospital-owned location		
Facility charges and surgeon fees	Deductible	

Reconstructive breast surgery for all stages of mastectomy are covered under this benefit. See page 174 for details.

- Coverage for reconstructive and restorative surgery surgery intended to improve or restore bodily function or to correct a functional physical impairment that has been caused by either a congenital anomaly or a previous surgical procedure or disease is limited to the following:
 - Correction of a functional physical impairment due to previous surgery or disease
 - Reconstruction of defects resulting from surgical removal of an organ or body part for the treatment of cancer. Such restoration must be within five years of the removal surgery.
 - Correction of a congenital birth defect that causes functional impairment for a minor dependent child
- Devices that are not directly involved in the surgery, such as artificial limbs, artificial eyes or hearing aids may be covered under a different benefit, such as prosthetics.
- Cosmetic services are not covered, with the exception of treatment for HIV-associated lipodystrophy and the initial surgical procedure to correct appearance that has been damaged by an accidental injury.

- Coverage for assistant surgeon services is limited, as follows:
 - The services of an assistant surgeon must be medically necessary.
 - The assistant surgeon must be a licensed provider (e.g., physician, physician assistant) acting within the scope of his or her license and trained in a surgical specialty related to the procedure.
 - The assistant surgeon serves as the first assistant surgeon to the primary surgeon during a surgical procedure.
 - Only one assistant surgeon is covered per procedure. Second and third assistants are not covered.
 - Interns, residents and fellows are not covered as assistant surgeons.

Surgical services may need preapproval.

Hip and knee replacement program

UniCare has established a program for members needing hip or knee replacement surgery. The program is designed to better coordinate the many different medical services that hip and knee replacements require, including the surgery as well as post-surgical services. Certain member costs, such as copays and coinsurance, may be reduced or waived for members who participate.

To learn more about this program, call UniCare Member Services at 833-663-4176.

Tobacco cessation counseling

Counseling for tobacco dependence/smoking cessation is covered up to a limit of 300 minutes each plan year. It is reimbursed up to the Plan's allowed amount.

Member costs	
Tobacco cessation counseling	No member costs (limited to 300 minutes in a plan year)

A tobacco cessation program is a program that focuses on behavior modification while reducing the amount smoked over a number of weeks, until the quit, or cut-off, date. Tobacco cessation counseling can occur face-to-face or over the telephone, either individually or in a group.

Counseling may be provided by physicians, nurse practitioners, physician assistants, nurse-midwives, registered nurses and tobacco cessation counselors. Tobacco cessation counselors are non-physician providers who have completed at least eight hours of instruction in tobacco cessation from an accredited institute of higher learning. They must work under the supervision of a physician.

Tobacco cessation counseling can be billed directly to UniCare. However, if your provider is unable to bill the Plan directly, or does not accept insurance, you can submit your claim yourself.

Download claim forms from unicaremass.com.

Nicotine replacement products are available at no cost through the prescription drug plan, but you must have a prescription. See Part 4 of this handbook for details.

X Restrictions:

Tobacco cessation counseling is limited to 300 minutes each plan year.

Transplants

Benefits are payable – subject to any deductible, copays, coinsurance and benefit limits – for necessary medical expenses incurred for the transplanting of a human organ. To get the highest benefit, see "Quality Centers and Designated Hospitals for transplants" below.

	Community Choice	Non-Community Choice
At a Quality Center or Designated Hospital for transplants	\$275 quarterly copay and deductible	\$275 quarterly copay and deductible
At other hospitals		\$750 per-admission copay, deductible, and 20% coinsurance

A UniCare primary clinician is available to support you and your family before the transplant procedure and throughout the recovery period. The primary clinician will:

- □ Review your ongoing needs
- ☐ Help to coordinate services while you are awaiting a transplant
- ☐ Help you and your family optimize Plan benefits
- ☐ Maintain communication with the transplant team
- ☐ Facilitate transportation and housing arrangements, if needed
- ☐ Facilitate discharge planning alternatives
- ☐ Help to coordinate home care plans, if appropriate
- Explore alternative funding or other resources in cases where there is need but benefits under the Plan are limited

Transplants need preapproval – This requirement doesn't apply to cornea transplants.

Human organ donor services

Benefits are payable – subject to any deductible, copays, coinsurance and benefit limits – for necessary expenses incurred for delivery of a human organ (any part of the human body, excluding blood and blood plasma) and medical expenses incurred by a person in direct connection with the donation of an organ.

Benefits are payable for any person who donates a human organ to a person covered under the Plan, whether or not the donor is a member of the Plan.

The Plan also covers expenses for human leukocyte antigen testing or histocompatibility locus antigen testing necessary to establish the suitability of a bone marrow transplant donor. Such expenses consist of testing for A, B or DR antigens, or any combination thereof, consistent with the guidelines, criteria, and regulations established by the Massachusetts Department of Public Health.

Quality Centers and Designated Hospitals for transplants

UniCare has designated certain hospitals as Quality Centers and Designated Hospitals for organ transplants. These hospitals were chosen for their specialized programs, experience, reputation and ability to provide high-quality transplant care. The purpose of this program is to facilitate the provision of timely, cost-effective, quality services to eligible members.

Transplants at Quality Centers and Designated Hospitals are covered at 100% after the copay and deductible. Transplants at other hospitals are covered at 80% after the copay and deductible. Although you have the freedom to choose any healthcare provider for these procedures, your coverage is highest when you use one of these Quality Centers or Designated Hospitals.

Go to unicaremass.com for lists of these hospitals in Massachusetts and other states.

Travel clinics

The Plan covers office visits at travel clinics. Immunizations and their administration are also covered.

Member costs	
Travel clinic visits	No member costs
Immunizations at travel clinics	No member costs

X Restrictions:

■ Unless you are pregnant, there is no coverage for blood tests (titers) to determine if you need an immunization. See **Immunization titers** on page 95.

Urgent care

The Plan covers urgent care services. **Urgent care** refers to services you get when your health is not in serious danger but you need immediate medical attention. You can get urgent care services at various locations that offer walk-in medical care, but your member costs will vary. See "Emergency care / urgent care" on pages 49-50 to find out about the different types of providers that offer urgent care services.

Virtual care (telehealth)

Virtual care (also called **telehealth**) refers to provider visits that are conducted using electronic communication methods instead of in a face-to-face meeting. Both telephone calls and video communications with providers are considered virtual care. Virtual care is covered just like in-person, face-to-face visits.

Telehealth companies offer virtual care with licensed medical and/or behavioral health providers. **LiveHealth Online** is UniCare's preferred telehealth provider. You have a lower copay when you get virtual care through LiveHealth Online.

See "Doctor and other medical provider services" on page 46 for coverage information.

Walk-in clinics

Walk-in clinics are sites that offer medical care on a walk-in basis, so no appointment is needed. See "Emergency care / urgent care" on pages 49-50 for information about the different types of walk-in clinics.

Wigs

Wigs are covered when hair loss is due to cancer or leukemia treatment.

	Member costs
Wigs	20% coinsurance

X Restrictions:

■ There is no coverage if hair loss is due to anything other than cancer or leukemia treatment.

Chapter 5: Covered behavioral health services

Summary of covered behavioral health services

Table 13. Summary of costs for behavioral health services

Important! To be covered, services must be medically necessary. Benefits are limited to the Plan's allowed amounts for the services (page 26).

Service	Your member costs	See page
Emergency service programs	No member costs	77
Inpatient care Facility charges	 Contracted facility – \$200 quarterly copay Non-contracted facility – \$200 quarterly copay and deductible 	78
Professional services	No member costs	
Medication-assisted treatment (MAT)	No member costs	79
Medication management (outpatient)	\$15 copay	79
Office services	\$15/20 copay	80
Outpatient services	Deductible	80
Substance use disorder assessment / referral	No member costs	82
Therapy (outpatient) Individual therapy Family therapy	\$15/20 copay \$15/20 copay	82
• Group therapy	\$15 copay	00
Virtual care (telehealth) When using LiveHealth Online or a contracted provider, you don't owe a copay for the first three visits.	 LiveHealth Online: \$15 copay Other providers: Copay of the service being provided 	83

About behavioral health services

Behavioral health services are services that treat mental health and substance use disorder conditions. The Plan offers comprehensive benefits for behavioral health services. UniCare has partnered with **Beacon Health Options** to establish access to experienced behavioral health providers.

As a Community Choice member, you can get services from any appropriately-licensed behavioral health provider. However, **contracted providers** – those who have a contract with Beacon Health Options to provide services to UniCare members – have agreed to accept UniCare's payment as payment in full. This means they won't balance bill UniCare members. In addition, you'll owe a lower copay when you use a contracted provider for some behavioral health services.

Important! When you choose to use a non-contracted provider, you can be balance billed for charges over the allowed amount (that is, above the amount the Plan paid), whether you get the services in Massachusetts or out of state. See pages 26-27 for information about balance billing protection.

Your behavioral health benefits cover services to treat mental health and substance use disorders. These benefits include coverage for:

Autism spectrum disorder
Emergency care
Inpatient care
Medication-assisted treatment (MAT)
Medication management
Office services
Outpatient services
Substance use disorder assessments / referrals
Therapy
Virtual care (telehealth)

Autism spectrum disorders

Autism spectrum disorders are any of the pervasive developmental disorders as defined by the most recent edition of the *Diagnostic and Statistical Manual of Mental Disorders*, including autistic disorder, Asperger's disorder and pervasive developmental disorders not otherwise specified.

Services for autism spectrum disorders are covered like any other behavioral health or physical condition. Coverage is subject to all pertinent provisions of the Plan, including use of participating providers, preapproval reviews, benefit limitations, and provider payment methods. Medical services needed for diagnosis and treatment are covered as a medical benefit.

Diagnosis and treatment of autism spectrum disorders may include (but are not limited to) the following services:

□ Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA) – A specialized therapy used in the treatment of autism spectrum disorders that focuses on improving appropriate behaviors and minimizing negative behaviors. ABA is administered by a licensed clinician, such as a board-certified behavior analyst (BCBA), working in association with a paraprofessional. The licensed clinician performs an assessment and develops a treatment plan which is carried out by the paraprofessional. To be eligible for benefits, the paraprofessional must be supervised by the licensed clinician.

- ☐ Psychiatric services Services that focus on treating behaviors that pose a danger to self, others and/or property or that impair daily functioning, such as:
 - Diagnostic evaluations and assessment
 - Treatment planning
 - Referral services
 - Medication management
 - Inpatient/24-hour supervisory care
 - Partial hospitalization/day treatment
 - Intensive outpatient treatment
 - Services at an acute residential treatment facility
 - Individual, family, therapeutic group, and provider-based case management services
 - Psychotherapy, consultation, and training session for parents
 - Paraprofessional and resource support for the family
 - Crisis intervention
 - Transitional care



 Preapproval for autism spectrum disorder treatment – Physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech therapy services to treat autism spectrum disorders do not require preapproval.

Emergency service programs



🤝 Important! Always seek emergency care if you (or someone covered under your Plan) present a significant risk to yourself or others. In a life-threatening emergency, go to the closest emergency room (see pages 49-50 for benefits information). If you call UniCare seeking non-life threatening emergency care, UniCare will connect you with appropriate services within six hours.

Seek urgent care if you have a condition that may become an emergency if it is not treated quickly. Call UniCare if you need help finding an available behavioral health provider. UniCare will help you schedule an appointment within 48 hours of your call.

In Massachusetts, Emergency service programs (ESPs) provide behavioral health crisis assessment, intervention and stabilization services on short notice. These programs are staffed by behavioral health providers who can evaluate a member in their home, office, or at some other community-based location, like a school. Evaluations can also be performed at a hospital emergency room, and many Massachusetts hospitals contact one of these programs if an ER patient needs behavioral health intervention.

	Contracted facility	Non-contracted facility
Emergency service programs in Massachusetts (ESP)	No member costs	No member costs

ESPs provide crisis assessment within one hour of being contacted. They will evaluate the member to determine what type of service is needed, and help access the service. For example, if a suicidal member calls an ESP, a provider will come to their location and perform an evaluation. If inpatient care is needed, the ESP will find a bed and get the necessary preapproval.

To contact an ESP, call 877-382-1609 and enter your Massachusetts ZIP code to get the toll-free number for the ESP in your area.

Notify UniCare if you're admitted to the hospital from the emergency room – Your provider should notify UniCare within 24 hours of your admission.

Inpatient services

Inpatient behavioral health services address behavioral health conditions with severe symptoms that are expected to improve with intensive, short-term treatment. These are services you get when staying overnight (that is, you've been admitted) at an acute care hospital, psychiatric hospital, substance use disorder facility, or residential facility. Most of these services are available for both adults and adolescents, unless otherwise noted.

1 Inpatient services	Contracted facility	Non-contracted facility
Facility charges		\$200 quarterly copay and deductible
Professional services	No member costs	No member costs

Table 14 lists the services and programs covered under this benefit.

Table 14. Behavioral health inpatient services

Inpatient service	Description
Acute residential treatment	Short-term, 24-hour programs that provide treatment within a protected and structured environment
Acute residential withdrawal management [ASAM level 3.7 detox]	Drug or alcohol withdrawal (detox) that is medically monitored, for members at risk of severe withdrawal
Clinical stabilization services for substance use disorder (CSS) [ASAM level 3.5]	Clinically-managed detox and recovery services provided in a non-medical setting
Community-based acute treatment (CBAT)	Treatment for children and adolescents with serious behavioral health disorders who need a protected and structured environment
Crisis stabilization units (CSU)	24-hour observation and supervision when inpatient hospital care isn't needed
Dual diagnosis acute treatment (DDAT) [ASAM level 3.5]	Clinically-managed detox and recovery services for those with both a substance use and mental health condition who require a protected and structured environment
Inpatient psychiatric services	Admission to an acute care hospital or psychiatric hospital for treatment of a mental health condition
Inpatient substance use disorder services, medically managed [ASAM level 4 detox]	24-hour medical care for substance withdrawal provided at an acute care hospital
Observation stays	A hospital stay that allows for extended assessment or observation when an inpatient admission may not be appropriate or needed. Observation stays typically last 24 hours or less, but can be for up to 72 hours.
Transitional care units (TCU)	Facilities that help children and adolescents transition from an acute care facility to home, a residential program, or foster care

X Restrictions:

- There's no coverage for non-acute residential treatment. Examples of such treatment include:
 - · Clinically-managed, low-intensity residential services
 - Clinically-managed, population-specific, high-intensity residential services
 - · Recovery residences
 - Sober homes
- There's no coverage for treatment performed in a non-conventional setting. Examples of non-conventional settings include:
 - · Spas or resorts
 - Therapeutic or residential schools
 - Educational, vocational, or recreational locations
 - · Day care or preschools
 - Outward Bound
 - Wilderness, camp or ranch programs

Behavioral health inpatient services may need preapproval – Your provider should notify UniCare when you get behavioral health inpatient services. See the list of behavioral health preapproval requirements on pages 30-31.

Medication-assisted treatment (MAT)

The Plan covers medication-assisted treatment (MAT), the long-term prescribing of medication as an alternative to the opioid on which a member was dependent. This treatment is usually dispensed through opiate treatment programs (OTP) that are licensed to distribute and administer these medications.

Member costs	
Medication-assisted treatment from opiate treatment programs	No member costs

When you get this treatment through an OTP, both the drug and its administration are covered at no member cost. You can also get this treatment from a provider in an office setting, but in that case you will be responsible for the member costs associated with a provider visit.

Important! You owe costs for an office visit when you get MAT from an individual provider. In addition, you'll need to fill a prescription for the medication at a pharmacy.

Medications covered under this benefit include methadone, buprenorphine (Suboxone), and naltrexone (Vivitrol).

Medication management (outpatient)

The Plan covers medication management visits, including medication management visits that include outpatient therapy. **Medication management** consists of visits with a behavioral health provider who can evaluate and prescribe medication, if needed. These services may be handled in person or through virtual care (telehealth).

Member costs	
Medication management	\$15 copay

Medication management also includes **ambulatory withdrawal management**, more commonly known as **outpatient detox**. Ambulatory withdrawal management is a drug or alcohol withdrawal process in which a member has daily visits with a provider throughout withdrawal.

Office services

The Plan covers medically necessary office services to treat mental health and substance use disorder conditions. These services must be provided in an appropriate setting such as a medical office, home, hospital, other medical facility, or through virtual care (telehealth).

Member costs	
Constitution of the consti	\$15/20 copay

Covered office services include the services and programs listed in Table 15.

Table 15. Behavioral health office services

Office service	Description
Acupuncture withdrawal management (detox)	The use of acupuncture to ease the symptoms of drug or alcohol withdrawal
Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA)	Specialized therapy used to treat autism spectrum disorders that focuses on improving appropriate behaviors and minimizing negative behaviors
Dialectical behavioral therapy (DBT)	A combination of therapies designed to help change unhealthy behaviors and treat people suffering from behavioral health disorders
Neuropsychological testing	Testing to find out if a problem with the brain is affecting one's ability to reason, concentrate, solve problems, or remember
Psychiatric visiting nurse (VNA) services	Short-term treatment delivered in the home or living environment to treat behavioral health disorders with medication
Psychological testing	Standardized assessment tools to diagnose and assess overall psychological functioning
Transcranial magnetic stimulation (TMS)	A non-invasive method of brain stimulation used to treat major depression

X Restrictions:

- If you have more than one office service from the same provider on the same day, you only owe one copay. If the copays that apply to the services differ, you owe the higher copay.
- Behavioral health office services may need preapproval Your provider should contact UniCare if you will be having behavioral health office services. See the list of behavioral health preapproval requirements on pages 30-31.

Outpatient services

Outpatient services for behavioral health conditions don't require an inpatient hospital admission or overnight stay, but they do require more intensive support than other kinds of behavioral health care. Most of these services are available for both adults and adolescents, unless otherwise noted.

Outpatient services	Member costs
Outpatient behavioral health services	Deductible

Table 16 lists the outpatient services covered under this benefit.

Table 16. Behavioral health outpatient services

Outpatient service	Description
Community support programs (CSP)	Programs to help members access and use behavioral health services
Day treatment	Behavioral health programs offering structured, goal- oriented treatment that focuses on improving one's ability to function in the community
Electroconvulsive therapy (ECT)	Psychiatric treatment in which seizures are electrically induced in patients to provide relief from mental disorders
Family stabilization teams (FST)	Programs offering intensive services in the home to help children, adolescents and their families deal with complex life stressors
Family support and training	Peer support to help caregivers navigate the system and access services on behalf of a child with serious emotional disturbance
In-home behavioral services	Specialized behavior management therapy and monitoring provided in the home setting for youth members
Intensive care coordination	Coordination of services for members when multiple services and systems are involved
Intensive outpatient programs (IOP) For mental health For substance use disorder [ASAM level 2.1]	Programs that offer thorough, regularly-scheduled treatment in a structured environment. These programs offer at least three hours of therapy a day, up to seven days a week
Mobile crisis intervention	Emergency service program providing a short-term, mobile, on-site, face-to-face therapeutic response to youth experiencing a behavioral health crisis
Partial hospitalization programs (PHP) For mental health For substance use disorder [ASAM level 2.5]	Non-residential, structured outpatient psychiatric and substance use programs that are more intensive than one would get in a doctor's office, but that are an alternative to inpatient care. These programs offer at least five hours of therapy a day, up to seven days a week.
Structured outpatient addictions programs (SOAP)	Non-residential, structured substance use disorder programs that are more intensive than one would get in a doctor's office, but that are an alternative to inpatient care. These programs offer at least three hours of therapy a day, up to seven days a week.
Therapeutic mentoring services	One-on-one support, coaching, and skill building for youth to address daily living, social, and communication needs

X Restrictions:

- There's no coverage for treatment performed in a non-conventional setting. Examples of non-conventional settings include:
 - Spas or resorts
 - Therapeutic or residential schools
 - Educational, vocational, or recreational locations
 - · Day care or preschools
 - Outward Bound
 - · Wilderness, camp or ranch programs

Behavioral health outpatient services may need preapproval – Your provider should contact UniCare if you will be having outpatient services for a behavioral health condition. See the list of behavioral health preapproval requirements on pages 30-31.

Substance use disorder assessment / referral

Substance use disorder assessment/referral is a comprehensive assessment of substance use to allow a provider to refer a member to appropriate care.

	Member costs
Substance use disorder assessment / referral	No member costs

Therapy (outpatient)

The Plan covers medically necessary individual, family, and group therapy. Medication management performed in combination with therapy is also covered. These services must be provided in an appropriate setting such as a medical office, home, hospital, other medical facility, or through virtual care (telehealth).

Member costs		
Individual therapy	\$15/20 copay	
Family therapy	\$15/20 copay	
Group therapy	\$15 copay	

X Restrictions:

- If you have more than one type of therapy on the same day and from the same provider, you only owe one copay. If the copays that apply to the services differ, you owe the higher copay.
- Family and individual therapy must be conducted in a provider's office, a facility or, if appropriate, at a member's home.
- Group therapy sessions must be 50 minutes or less.

Virtual care (telehealth)

The Plan covers counseling and medication management services that take place by telephone, mobile device, or computer using audio and audiovisual technology.

	Member costs
Virtual care (telehealth) When using LiveHealth Online or a contracted provider, you don't owe a copay for the first three visits.	 LiveHealth Online: \$15 copay Other providers: copay of the service being provided

Chapter 6: Covered preventive services

The Plan covers preventive or routine office visits, physical exams, and other related preventive services listed in Table 17. Covered preventive services include those services recommended by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force (USPSTF) as part of the Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act (PPACA), the healthcare reform legislation that was passed in March 2010. Preventive exams are covered according to the schedule issued by Massachusetts Health Quality Partners.

The preventive services listed below are covered at 100% of the allowed amount. The table also shows gender, age, and frequency recommendations.



Important! Your doctor must submit claims with preventive diagnosis and procedure codes to be covered at 100% as a preventive service. Preventive services don't include services to treat an existing condition. If, during your preventive visit, you get services to treat an existing condition, you may owe member costs for those services.

Please note that the preventive services listed here are not recommended for everyone. You and your doctor should decide what care is appropriate for you.

Table 17. Preventive care schedule

			Recom	mendations
Preventive service	Males	Females	Age	How often?
Abdominal aortic aneurysm screening	•	•	65 and older	One time
Alcohol misuse screening and counseling	•	•		Part of the preventive exam
Anemia screening		-		Part of the preventive exam
Aspirin to prevent cardiovascular disease and colorectal cancer	-	•		Subject to your prescription drug benefit
Blood pressure screening	•	-		Part of the preventive exam
Bone density testing – Screening for osteoporosis		•	40 and older	Every 2 years
BRCA risk assessment and genetic counseling / testing – For breast cancer		-		One time
Breast cancer counseling and preventive medications		•		Part of the preventive exam
Breastfeeding counseling		•		Part of the preventive exam
Cardiovascular disease prevention – Nutritional and physical activity counseling	•	•		For high-risk adults; part of the preventive exam
Chlamydia screening		-		Every 12 months
Cholesterol screening	•	•		Every 12 months

	Recommendations			
Preventive service	Males	Females	Age	How often?
Colorectal cancer screening – Includes colonoscopies, fecal occult blood testing, and other related services and tests Colonoscopies for members under 45 are covered under limited circumstances (see page 92) Virtual colonoscopies need preapproval	•	•	45 and older	 Every 5 years (60 months) Every 12 months for fecal occult blood test
Depression screening – Includes screening for perinatal depression (during and after pregnancy)	•	•		Part of the preventive exam
Developmental and behavioral screening	•	•		Part of the preventive exam for children
Diabetes screenings: ■ Type 2 diabetes ■ Gestational diabetes in pregnant women	•	•		Part of the preventive exam
Domestic violence screening		•		For women of childbearing age; part of the preventive exam
Drug use screening	•	-		Part of the preventive exam
Falls prevention – Vitamin D counseling and/or physical therapy	•	•	65 and over	For at-risk community-dwelling adults; counseling is part of the preventive exam
Fluoride supplements – Starting at the age of primary tooth eruption	•	•	Up to age 5	
Folic acid supplements – To help prevent birth defects		•		Subject to your prescription drug benefit
Gonorrhea preventive medication		•	At birth	For newborns
Gonorrhea screening		•		Every 12 months
Gynecological exams		•		Every 12 months
Hearing screening	•	•	At birth	For newborns
Height, weight and body mass index (BMI) measurements	•	•		Part of the preventive exam
Hepatitis B screening	•	•		
Hepatitis C screening	-	•		
HIV Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP) – Includes medications, testing, monitoring, and adherence counseling	•	•		Medications subject to your prescription drug benefit
HIV screening – For the virus that causes AIDS	•	•		
HPV (human papillomavirus) testing – For cervical cancer		•	30 and older	Every 5 years for women with normal cytology results
Hypothyroidism screening	•	•	At birth	For newborns

	Recommendations			
Preventive service	Males	Females	Age	How often?
Immunizations	•	-		
Iron supplements for anemia	•	•	6 to 12 months	For at-risk babies
Lab tests – Other covered screening lab tests: Hemoglobin Urinalysis Chemistry profile, including: Complete blood count (CBC) Glucose Blood urea nitrogen (BUN) Creatinine transferase alanine amino (SGPT) Transferase asparate amino (SGOT)	•	•		Part of the preventive exam
Thyroid stimulating hormone (TSH) Lead exposure screening	_	_		For children
	-	-	50.00	
Lung cancer scan – CT lung scan for adults who have smoked	•	•	50-80 years	Every 12 months
Mammograms – Screening for breast cancer		•	35 and older	Once between the ages of 35 and 40Yearly after age 40
Nutritional counseling	•	-		For children at high risk of obesity
Obesity screening and counseling	-	-		Part of the preventive exam
Oral health assessment	•	-		Part of the preventive exam for children
Pap smears – Screening for cervical cancer		•		Every 12 months
Phenylketonuria (PKU) screening	•	•	At birth	For newborns
Preeclampsia screening and prevention		•		During pregnancy; part of the preventive exam
Preventive exams (children)	•	•	Up to age 19	 Four exams while the newborn is in the hospital Five exams until 6 months of age; then Every two months until 18 months of age; then Every three months from 18 months of age until 3 years of age; then Every 12 months from 3 years of age until 19 years of age

			Recom	mendations
Preventive service	Males	Females	Age	How often?
Preventive exams (adults)	•	-	19 and older	Every 12 months
Prostate cancer screening – Digital rectal exam and PSA test	•		50 and older	■ Digital exam – Part of the preventive exam ■ PSA test – Every 12 months
Rh incompatibility screening				For pregnant women
Sexually transmitted infections (STI) counseling	-	-		Part of the preventive exam
Sickle cell disease screening	•	•	At birth	For newborns
Skin cancer behavioral counseling		•		Part of the preventive exam
Syphilis screening	-			
Tobacco use counseling and interventions	-	-		■ Counseling – Part of the preventive exam
				 Drugs and deterrents – Subject to your prescription drug benefit
Tuberculosis screening	-	-		
Urinary tract infections (UTI) screening – Asymptomatic bacteriuria		-		During pregnancy
Vision screening	•	-		Part of the preventive exam for children
Vision screening (instrument-based)	•	•	3-5 years	

PART 3:

USING YOUR PLAN

Plan and coverage details

For questions about any of the information in Part 3 of this handbook, please call UniCare Member Services at 833-663-4176.

Administered by



Chapter 7: Excluded and limited services

This chapter lists services and supplies that are not covered or have limited or restricted coverage under the Plan.



important! Costs for services that the Plan doesn't cover don't count toward your deductible or your out-of-pocket maximums. Member costs (like the deductible) and out-of-pocket maximums only apply to covered services.

Table 18. Excluded, restricted and limited benefits

Service	What is not covered or has limited coverage
Α	
Acne-related services	No coverage for the removal of acne cysts, injections to raise acne scars, cosmetic surgery, dermabrasion or similar services. Services to diagnose or treat the underlying condition causing the acne are covered.
Acupuncture	Covered only as a behavioral health service when acupuncture is used as part of drug withdrawal management
Allowed amounts	No coverage for charges over the Plan's allowed amounts
Alternative treatments	No coverage for alternative treatments that are used in place of conventional medicine, as defined by the National Center for Complementary and Integrative Health (National Institutes of Health)
Ambulances	Ambulance services are limited to transportation in the case of a medical emergency to the nearest hospital that can treat the condition. The following restrictions apply:
	• Inter-facility transfers by ground ambulance are only covered if you are in a facility that cannot treat your condition or when needed to support discharge planning to a lower level of care; in both cases, the transfer is limited to the nearest facility that can provide treatment.
	• Inter-facility transfers by air or sea ambulance must be medically necessary and are only covered if you are in a facility that cannot treat your condition; the transfer is limited to the nearest facility that can provide emergency treatment.
	 Transfers to a hospital that you prefer (e.g., to be closer to home) are not covered.
	 Transportation to scheduled appointments (such as dialysis treatment) is not covered because it is not considered an emergency.
	 Transportation in chair cars or vans is not covered.
	■ There is no coverage for charges when ambulance calls are refused.
Anesthesia for behavioral health services	Covered for electroconvulsive therapy (ECT) only
Animals	No coverage for expenses related to service animals, pet therapy, or hippotherapy (therapeutic or rehabilitative horseback riding)

Service	What is not covered or has limited coverage
Arch supports (e.g., Dr. Scholl's inserts)	Not covered
Assistant surgeons	 An assistant surgeon must be a licensed provider (e.g., physician, physician assistant) acting within the scope of his or her license.
	 Only one assistant surgeon per procedure is covered. Second and third assistants are not covered.
	 Interns, residents and fellows are not covered as assistant surgeons.
Athletic trainer services	Not covered
В	
Beds / bedding	No coverage for non-hospital beds, orthopedic mattresses, or weighted blankets
Behavioral health services	Primary care visits associated with a behavioral health diagnosis are covered. Otherwise, there is no coverage for the diagnosis, treatment or management of mental health/substance use disorder conditions by medical (non-behavioral health) providers.
	 No coverage of services for conditions that are not classified in the most current edition of the <i>Diagnostic and Statistical Manual</i> of Mental Health Disorders (DSM)
	Other non-covered behavioral health services include:
	 Services not consistent with the symptoms and signs of diagnosis and treatment of the behavioral disorder, psychological injury or substance use disorder
	 Services not consistent with prevailing national standards of clinical practice for the treatment of such conditions
	 Services not consistent with prevailing professional research which would demonstrate that the service or supplies will have a measurable and beneficial health outcome
	Services that typically do not result in outcomes demonstrably better than other available treatment alternatives that are less intensive or more cost effective; or that are consistent with appropriate level-of- care clinical criteria, clinical practice guidelines or best practices as modified from time to time.
Biofeedback	Not covered to treat behavioral health conditions
Blood	The Plan does not pay for donated blood
Blood pressure cuffs (sphygmomanometers)	Not covered
С	
Cardiac rehab programs	Covered only when started within six months of a cardiac event
Chair cars / vans	No coverage for transportation in chair cars or vans
Chiropractic care	Group chiropractic care is not covered
	 Services provided by a chiropractor are considered chiropractic care, not physical therapy.

Service	What is not covered or has limited coverage
Chronic conditions	There is no coverage for physical therapy, occupational therapy or speech therapy to treat a chronic condition when that treatment is neither curative nor restorative
Clinical trials for treatments other than cancer	No coverage for any clinical research trial other than a qualified clinical trial for the treatment of cancer (pages 42-43)
Cognitive rehabilitation	Not covered, except as related to COVID-19 Cognitive rehabilitation is treatment to restore function or minimize effects of cognitive deficits including, but not limited to, those related to thinking, learning and memory.
Colonoscopies for people under age 45	Covered as a preventive service only under limited circumstances, based on clinical review of family and personal history
Computer-assisted communications devices	Not covered
Convenience items	No coverage for convenience items used during a hospital stay, such as telephones, television, computers, and beauty or barber services
Cosmetic services	No coverage for cosmetic procedures or services except for: Treatment for HIV-associated lipodystrophy The initial surgical procedure to correct appearance that has been damaged by an accidental injury Cosmetic services are not covered even if they are intended to improve a member's emotional outlook or treat a member's mental health condition. Cosmetic services are services done mainly to improve appearance. They don't restore bodily function or correct functional impairment.
Coverage under another plan or program	No coverage for services provided under another plan, or services that federal, state or local law mandates must be provided through other arrangements. This includes, but is not limited to, coverage required by workers' compensation, no-fault auto insurance, or similar legislation.
Custodial care	Not covered Custodial care is a level of care that is chiefly designed to assist with activities of daily living and that cannot reasonably be expected to greatly restore physical health or bodily function.
D	
Dialysis	No coverage for dialysis to treat a behavioral health condition
Dental care	The Plan does not provide benefits for dental care. Medical services that include treatment related to dental care are covered in certain situations (pages 43-44).
Dentures, dental prosthetics and related surgery	Not covered
Driving evaluations	Not covered

Service	What is not covered or has limited coverage
Drugs – Non-oncology infused	Dispensed by the prescription drug plan and require prior review (Part 4 of this handbook).
Drugs - Off-label	Not covered unless the off-label use meets the Plan's definition of medical necessity or the drug is specifically designated as covered by the Plan.
	Off-label use is the use of a drug for a purpose other than that approved by the FDA.
Drugs – Over-the-counter	Not generally covered and never covered without a prescription. Some over-the-counter drugs, such as tobacco cessation products, are covered by the prescription drug plan when you have a prescription (Part 4 of this handbook).
Drugs – Specialty	Some specialty drugs are covered by UniCare and must be preapproved. Preapproval is described on pages 28-31.
	Other self- or office-administered specialty drugs are dispensed under the prescription drug plan (Part 4 of this handbook).
	Specialty drugs are certain pharmaceutical and/or biotech or biological drugs (including "biosimilars" or "follow-on biologics") used in the management of chronic or genetic disease. Specialty drugs include, but are not limited to, injectables, infused, inhaled or oral medications, or those that otherwise require special handling.
Duplicate (redundant) services	No coverage for multiple charges for the same service or procedure, on the same date
	A service is considered duplicate (redundant) when the same service is being provided, at the same time, to treat the condition for which it is ordered.
Durable medical equipment (DME)	Only medically necessary equipment is covered. Types of equipment that are not covered include:
	 Equipment intended for athletic or recreational use (e.g., exercise equipment, wheelchairs for sports)
	 Items intended for environmental control or a home modification (e.g., bathroom items, electronic door openers, air cleaners, dehumidifiers, elevators, ramps, stairway lifts)
	 Added, non-standard features or accessories (e.g., hand controls for driving, transit systems that secure wheelchairs in moving vehicles, wheelchair customizations)
	 Items specifically designed to be used outdoors (e.g., special wheelchairs for beach access, equipment for use on rough terrain)
	 Items that serve as backup by duplicating other equipment (e.g., a manual wheelchair as backup for a powered wheelchair)
	 Equipment upgrades or replacements for items that function properly or that can be repaired
E	
Ear molds	Not covered except when needed for hearing aids for members age 21 and under

Service	What is not covered or has limited coverage
Enteral therapy	Prescription and nonprescription enteral formulas are covered only when ordered by a physician for the medically necessary treatment of malabsorption disorders caused by Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, gastroesophageal reflux, gastrointestinal motility, chronic intestinal pseudo-obstruction, and inherited diseases of amino acids and organic acids. Enteral therapy is prescribed nutrition that is administered through a tube that has been inserted into the stomach or intestines.
Equipment transportation and set-up	No coverage for costs associated with transporting and setting up equipment, such as portable X-ray equipment.
Exercise / recreational equipment	No coverage for equipment intended for athletic or recreational use (e.g., exercise equipment, wheelchairs for sports).
Experimental or investigational services or supplies	No coverage for a service or supply that the Plan determines is experimental or investigational; that is, through the use of objective methods and study over a long enough period of time to be able to assess outcomes, the evidence is inadequate or lacking as to its effectiveness. The fact that a physician ordered it, or that this treatment is being tried after others have failed, does not make it medically necessary.
Eyeglasses and contact lenses	 Only covered within six months after an eye injury or cataract surgery Coverage applies to the initial lenses only No coverage for deluxe frames or specialty lenses such as progressive or transitional lenses, tinted lenses, anti-reflective coating or polycarbonate lenses
F	
Facility fees	Not covered for office visits or behavioral health office services.
Family members	No coverage for services received from someone who is in your immediate family. Your immediate family consists of you, your spouse and your children, as well as the brothers, sisters and parents of both you and your spouse. This includes any services that providers perform on themselves.
Fees for non-medical services	Fees for non-medical services are not covered. Some examples of these types of fees include: Day care services Food services (e.g., diet programs) Lab handling fees Membership and joining fees (e.g., Weight Watchers), with the exception of the fitness reimbursement Record processing fees, unless required by law Shipping costs (e.g., the cost of shipping eggs or sperm between fertility clinics) Storage fees Transportation and set-up costs (e.g., portable X-ray equipment)

Service	What is not covered or has limited coverage
Fitness reimbursement	 Any family member may have the fitness membership, but the reimbursement is paid to the plan enrollee only. You must participate in physical activity an average of four times or more per month. Ineligible costs include beach or country club memberships or dues; fees for one-day events; annual or day passes (such as for skiing); spas or spa services; personal or home fitness equipment.
Free or no-cost services	 No coverage for any medical service or supply that wouldn't have cost anything if there was no medical insurance No coverage for services that you have no legal responsibility to pay
G	
Genetic testing for behavioral prescribing	Not covered
Government programs	There's no coverage for any service or supply furnished by, or covered as a benefit under, a program of any government (or its subdivisions or agencies) except for the following: A program established for its civilian employees Medicare (Title XVIII of the Social Security Act) Medicaid (any state medical assistance program under Title XIX of the Social Security Act) A program of hospice care
Group therapies	There is no coverage for: Group chiropractic care Group occupational therapy Group physical therapy
Н	
Hearing aid batteries	Not covered
Herbal medicine	Not covered
Home modifications or environmental controls	No coverage for items intended for environmental control or home modification such as bathroom items, electronic door openers, air cleaners, dehumidifiers, elevators, ramps, and stairway lifts
Homemaking services	Not covered
Homeopathic / holistic / naturopathic care	Not covered
Household residents	No coverage for services received from anyone who shares your legal residence
Hypnotherapy	Not covered
I	
Immunization titers	Covered for pregnant women only Immunization titers are lab tests performed to determine if a person has had a vaccination.

Service	What is not covered or has limited coverage
Incontinence supplies	Not covered
Infertility treatment	 In vitro fertilization is limited to five attempts per lifetime. (Other infertility procedures, such as artificial insemination, are not limited.)
	Experimental infertility procedures are not covered.
	■ The Plan does not pay people to donate their eggs or sperm.
	Reversal of voluntary sterilization is not covered.
	Shipping costs, such as the cost of shipping eggs or sperm between clinics, are not covered.
	 Procurement and processing of sperm, eggs, and/or inseminated eggs are covered only for the treatment of infertility.
	Storage fees for storing or banking sperm, eggs, and/or inseminated eggs are covered only when provided as part of gender affirmation (reassignment) services, and are limited to a maximum of 90 days in storage.
	■ The Plan does not pay people to be surrogates (gestational carriers) for UniCare plan members, and there is no coverage for medical services, including in vitro fertilization, for a surrogate who is not a UniCare member.
Intraocular lenses (IOLs)	Monofocal intraocular lenses (IOLs) are covered when implanted in the eye after the removal of cataracts.
	Presbyopia-correcting IOLs, which restore vision in a range of distances, are not covered. Multifocal IOLs and accommodating IOLs are presbyopia-correcting IOLs and are also not covered.
L	
Lift / riser chairs	Not covered
Light boxes	Covered only for treatment of skin conditions
Long-term maintenance care and long-term therapy	Not covered
М	
Massage therapy	No coverage for massage therapy or any other services from a massage therapist or neuromuscular therapist
Mastectomy bras	Limited to two bras every two years, unless you need a new bra because your prosthesis has changed. Supporting documentation is required.
Medical necessity	There is no coverage for any treatment that is not medically necessary. The only exceptions to this requirement are:
	 Routine care of a newborn child provided by a hospital during a hospital stay that starts with birth and while the child's mother is confined in the same hospital
	 Covered preventive care provided by a hospital or doctor (Chapter 6)
	■ A service or supply that qualifies as covered hospice care (page 56)

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Service	What is not covered or has limited coverage
Medical orders	There is no coverage for any service or supply that has not been recommended and approved by a physician. All covered services and supplies need a medical order from a physician.
Military service or wartime injuries	No coverage for services to treat a condition that was the result of war (declared or undeclared), or service in the armed forces of any country if you are legally entitled to other benefits (such as through the Veterans Administration)
Missed appointments	Not covered
N	
Narconon treatment and facilities	Not covered
Newborn admissions	If a newborn is admitted to the hospital independently of the mother, it is considered a separate hospital admission and you will owe a separate inpatient copay.
Non-conventional behavioral health treatments	No coverage for non-conventional behavioral health treatments. Examples of non-conventional treatments include:
neath treatments	Aversive or counter-conditioning
	Brain imaging or mapping to diagnose behavioral health disorders
	Hemodialysis
	Olfactory/gustatory release
	■ Primal therapy
	■ Prometa (GABASYNC) treatment protocol
	■ Rolfing
	■ Structural Integration
Non-conventional treatment settings	No coverage for treatment performed in a non-conventional setting. Examples of non-conventional settings include:
	■ Spas or resorts
	■ Therapeutic or residential schools
	■ Educational, vocational, or recreational locations
	■ Day care or preschools
	Outward Bound
	■ Wilderness, camp or ranch programs
Non-covered services and associated services	Non-covered services include those for which there is no benefit and those that the Plan has determined to be not medically necessary.
	If a service is not covered by the Plan, any associated services are also not covered. For example, anesthesia and facility fees associated with a non-covered surgery are not covered.

Service	What is not covered or has limited coverage
Nutritional counseling	Services or counseling (therapy) must be performed by a registered dietician and are only covered for:
	 Adults who are overweight or obese and who are at high risk for cardiovascular disease (Chapter 6)
	■ Children who are overweight or obese (Chapter 6)
	■ Children under 18 with cleft lip/palate (page 41)
	Members with certain eating disorders
	Members with diabetes (page 44)
Nutritional supplements (oral)	No coverage for nutritional supplements administered by mouth, including:
	 Dietary and food supplements that are administered orally, and related supplies
	 Nutritional supplements to boost caloric or protein intake, including sport shakes, puddings and electrolyte supplements
0	
Occupational therapy	No coverage for group occupational therapy
Orthodontic treatment	Not covered
Orthopedic mattresses	Not covered
Orthotics	No coverage for temporary or trial orthotics, video tape gait analysis, diagnostic scanning, or arch supports
Oxygen equipment for travel	No coverage for oxygen equipment required for use on an airplane or other means of travel
P	
Park admissions	No coverage for admissions fees to national parks or preserves
Pastoral counselors	Covered for bereavement counseling, or when required by law
Personal items	No coverage for personal items that could be purchased without a prescription (e.g., air conditioners, arch supports, bed pans, bathroom items, blood pressure cuffs, commodes, computer-assisted communications devices, corrective shoes, heating pads, hot water bottles, incontinence supplies, lift or riser chairs, non-hospital beds, orthopedic mattresses, shower chairs, telephones, televisions, thermal therapy devices, whirlpools)
Physical therapy	 No coverage for certain therapy services including, but not limited to: acupuncture, aerobic exercise, craniosacral therapy, diathermy, infrared therapy, kinetic therapy, microwave therapy, paraffin treatment, Rolfing therapy, Shiatsu, sports conditioning, ultraviolet therapy, and weight training. No coverage for group physical therapy
Private duty nursing	No coverage in any inpatient facility, including acute care hospitals

Service	What is not covered or has limited coverage
Programs with multiple services	No coverage for programs that provide multiple services but that bill at a single, non-itemized rate (for example, a daily fee for a full-day rehab program). Itemized bills are always required.
Providers	 No coverage for services from providers who have been sanctioned No coverage for services from unlicensed providers No coverage for services outside the scope of a provider's license
R	
Reiki therapy	Not covered Reiki is a hands-on energy-based therapy.
Religious facilities	No coverage for services received at non-medical religious facilities
Residential treatment for behavioral health services	No coverage for non-acute residential treatment. Examples of such treatment include: Clinically-managed, low-intensity residential services Clinically-managed, population-specific, high-intensity residential services Recovery residences Sober homes
Respite care	Limited to a total of five days each plan year. Respite care is covered in a hospital, a skilled nursing facility, a nursing home or in the home.
Routine screenings	No coverage except according to the preventive care schedule (Chapter 6)
S	
School services	No coverage for services provided through schools
Sensory integration therapy	Not covered
Serious preventable adverse events	Costs associated with serious preventable adverse healthcare events are not covered, in accordance with Department of Public Health (DPH) regulations. Massachusetts providers are not permitted to bill members for designated serious reportable healthcare events.
Shipping costs	No coverage for shipping costs, such as the cost of shipping eggs or sperm between fertility clinics
Shoes Stairway lifts and stair ramps	No coverage for shoes, including special shoes purchased to accommodate orthotics or to wear after foot surgery, except for: Therapeutic shoes for the prevention of complications associated with diabetes (limited to one pair each year) Orthopedic shoes that attach directly to a brace
Clairway into and Stair ramps	INOT COVERED

Service	What is not covered or has limited coverage
Stimulators / stimulation treatments	Transcranial magnetic stimulation is covered under your behavioral health benefit. Otherwise, there is no coverage for stimulators or stimulation treatments, including: Alpha-Stim cranial electrotherapy stimulator Fischer Wallace neurostimulators Vagus nerve stimulation
Storage for blood / bodily fluids	No coverage for the storage of autologous blood donations or other bodily fluids or specimens, except when done in conjunction with a scheduled covered procedure
Surface electromyography (SEMG)	Not covered
Т	
Therapy (behavioral health)	 Group therapy sessions must be 50 minutes or less Family and individual therapy must be conducted in a provider's office, a facility or, if appropriate, at a member's home
Thermal therapy	No coverage for any type of thermal therapy, including the application or purchasing of hot packs, cold packs or continuous thermal therapy devices
Third parties	No coverage for any medical supply or service (such as a court-ordered test or an insurance physical) that is required by a third party but is not otherwise medically necessary. Other examples of a third party are an employer, an insurance company, a school, a court or a sober living facility.
TMJ (temporomandibular joint) disorder	Treatment of TMJ disorder is limited to the initial diagnostic examination, initial testing and medically necessary surgery. TMJ disorder is a syndrome or dysfunction of the joint between the jawbone and skull and the muscles, nerves and other tissues related to that joint.
Tobacco cessation counseling	Limited to 300 minutes each plan year. Counseling is also covered as part of your preventive exam.
Transportation to/from appointments	Transportation to the place where you will be receiving hospice services is covered. There is no coverage for any other transportation to or from scheduled appointments.
Travel time	No coverage for travel time to or from medical appointments
V	
Vision correction	No coverage for surgery to correct refractive errors (visual acuity problems). Non-covered services include orthoptics for vision correction, radial keratotomy, and other laser surgeries. Refractive errors include astigmatism, myopia (near-sightedness), hyperopia (far-sightedness), and presbyopia (aging-related blurry vision).
Vision therapy	Not covered

Service	What is not covered or has limited coverage
W	
Weight loss	Physician services for weight loss treatment are limited to members whose body mass index (BMI) is 40 or more while under the care of a physician. Any such treatment is subject to periodic review.
	 No coverage for residential inpatient weight loss programs
	 No coverage for membership fees and food items used to participate in a commercial weight loss program
Wheelchair transit systems	No coverage for transit systems used to secure wheelchairs in moving vehicles.
Wigs	Not covered for any purpose other than the replacement of hair loss resulting from treatment of any form of cancer or leukemia
Worker's compensation	No coverage for any service or supply furnished for an occupational injury or disease for which a person is entitled to benefits under a workers' compensation law or similar law.
	Occupational injury or disease is an injury or disease that arises out of and in the course of employment for wage or profit.
Worksite evaluations	No coverage for exams performed by a physical therapist to evaluate a member's ability to return to work
X	
X-ray equipment (portable)	No coverage for costs associated with transporting and setting up portable X-ray equipment.

Chapter 8: About your plan and coverage

Types of healthcare providers

What is a healthcare provider? A healthcare provider is a person, place, or organization that delivers healthcare services or supplies. A provider can be a person (like a doctor), a place (like a hospital), or an organization (like hospice).

This handbook talks about many different providers of medical care and services. Here's a brief look at what to know about the different kinds of providers.

Primary care providers (PCPs)

We strongly encourage all UniCare members to choose a **primary care provider**, or **PCP**. Having a PCP means working with a doctor who is familiar with you and your healthcare needs. Your PCP can help you understand and coordinate care you get from other providers, such as specialists, who may not know you as well.

A PCP can be a nurse practitioner, physician assistant or physician whose specialty is family medicine, general medicine, pediatrics, geriatrics or internal medicine.



Important! Some specialists may also provide primary care. If so, they will be considered specialists when we determine their tier and copay assignments. This means you will pay the specialist visit copay, whether you see the specialist for a primary care or specialty care visit.

Enhanced Personal Health Care practices

Many PCPs in Massachusetts belong to practices that are in UniCare's Enhanced Personal Health Care program.

The **Enhanced Personal Health Care** program seeks to improve healthcare coordination and quality while reducing costs. PCPs play a critical role in helping their patients get the right care at the right place with the right provider. The central idea is to coordinate healthcare services around the needs of you – the patient. Because health care is so expensive, Enhanced Personal Health Care also seeks to engage providers and health plans on managing these dollars more efficiently.

As a Community Choice member, your primary care office visit copay is lowest when you select a PCP who belongs to an Enhanced Personal Health Care practice.



You can find more information about Enhanced Personal Health Care at unicaremass.com.

Specialists

Specialists, also called **specialty care providers**, are physicians, nurse practitioners and physician assistants who focus on a specific area of medicine or a group of patients to diagnose, manage, prevent, or treat certain types of symptoms and conditions.

As a UniCare member, you don't need a referral to see a specialist. When you do seek specialty care, you'll have lower office visit copays when you use Tier 1 and Tier 2 specialists. (See pages 107-108 for information about how specialists are tiered.)

Behavioral health providers

Behavioral health providers are providers that treat mental health and substance use disorders. These providers include many types of doctors and therapists, as well as hospitals and other facilities that offer behavioral health treatment.

Some behavioral health providers are contracted with Beacon Health Options to provide services to UniCare members. You have lower copays when you use these **contracted behavioral health providers**. Contracted providers have gone through a credentialing process and must adhere to the quality standards that UniCare requires.



→ Important! UniCare's payments to all behavioral health providers are subject to the allowed amount for the claim. Contracted providers accept allowed amounts as payment in full and will not balance bill you. Non-contracted providers, both in Massachusetts and elsewhere, may balance bill you for charges over the allowed amount (that is, above the amount the Plan paid). See pages 26-27 for information about balance billing protection.

UniCare will only pay claims from providers who are independently licensed in their specialty area, or are working in a facility or licensed clinic under the supervision of an independently-licensed provider. This is true for both contracted and non-contracted behavioral health providers. In Massachusetts, the Department of Public Health (DPH) issues licenses to Massachusetts facilities that provide healthcare services. To be licensed, facilities must meet specific quality and safety standards.

Examples of accepted behavioral health licenses

- MD psychiatrist
- PhD
- PsyD (doctorate in psychology)
- EdD (doctorate in education)
- BCBA (board-certified behavioral analyst)
- LICSW (licensed social worker)
- LMHC (licensed mental health counselor)
- LMFT (licensed marriage and family therapist)
- RNCS (registered nurse clinical specialist)

Hospitals and other inpatient facilities

The Plan covers inpatient medical services when you are admitted to an inpatient facility. Your benefits for these services depend on what type of inpatient facility you go to and the type of care you get, as described in Table 19. See pages 59-61 for coverage details.

Table 19. Types of inpatient facilities

Facility	What this type of facility provides
Acute care hospitals	Medical centers and community hospitals that provide treatment for severe illness, conditions caused by disease or trauma, and recovery from surgery. These hospitals deliver intensive, 24-hour medical and nursing care. Community Choice hospitals are all acute care hospitals.
Rehabilitation (rehab) facilities	Specialized hospitals that provide rehab services to restore basic functioning (such as walking or sitting upright) that was lost due to illness or injury. Patients in these facilities have a good potential for recovery and are able to participate in a rehab program that includes therapy services for three to five hours a day.

Facility	What this type of facility provides
Long-term care facilities	Specialized hospitals that treat patients who need further care for complex medical conditions but that no longer require the services of a traditional hospital.
	These patients' needs are mostly medical and their ability to participate in rehab is limited.
Skilled nursing facilities	Provide lower intensity rehab and medical services. Patients in these facilities have continuing medical needs that require skilled nursing care, but do not need daily physician care.
	Some of these patients may or may not require rehab, while others may need long-term custodial care. The Plan does not cover custodial care.

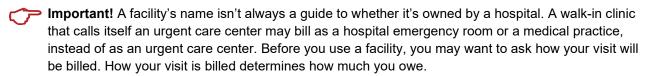
Non-hospital-owned locations

Non-hospital-owned locations are independent, stand-alone facilities that perform outpatient medical services but that aren't owned and operated by a hospital. Facilities that can be either hospital-owned or non-hospital-owned include:

- Ambulatory surgery centers
- ☐ Walk-in clinics, such as urgent care centers (see "Walk-in clinics", below)
- ☐ Specialized health facilities, such as imaging centers (see "Specialized health facilities" on page 106)

A facility owned by a hospital often bills as the hospital, even if the facility is located somewhere else. This means your claim will be processed as a hospital service, which can result in costs you may not expect.

For example, if you have outpatient surgery at an independent ambulatory surgery center, you won't owe a copay. But if the facility is owned by and bills as a hospital, you'll owe a copay of \$110 (Community Choice) or \$250 (non-Community Choice).



Find non-hospital-owned facilities in Massachusetts at unicaremass.com

Walk-in clinics

Important! Before you use a walk-in clinic, you may want to find out if your visit will be billed as a hospital service. See "Non-hospital-owned locations" (above) for why this is important.

Walk-in clinics are sites that offer medical care on a walk-in basis, so no appointment is needed. Although walk-in clinics have a variety of different names, they fall into four general categories. These four categories differ based on the services they offer and how they bill for their services.

Table 20. Types of walk-in clinics

Walk-in clinic	What this type of clinic provides
Medical practices	Some doctors' offices offer services to walk-in patients. They offer the services you'd expect to get at a primary care practice.
Retail health clinics	Located in retail stores or pharmacies. They offer basic services like vaccinations and treatment for colds or mild sinus infections.
Urgent care centers	Independent, freestanding locations that treat conditions that should be handled quickly but that aren't life-threatening. They often do X-rays, lab tests and stitches.
Hospitals	Some hospitals have walk-in clinics within or associated with their emergency departments.

Virtual care (telehealth) through LiveHealth Online

LiveHealth® Online is a telehealth company that offers virtual care with licensed medical and/or behavioral health providers. Using your smartphone, tablet, or computer, you can consult with a doctor about common health concerns like colds, the flu, fevers, rashes, infections and allergies. Doctors are available 24 hours a day, 365 days a year.



LiveHealth Online is a lower cost option for virtual care. Your copay when you use LiveHealth Online is always \$15. Copays for other telehealth companies match the copays for in-person office visits (see page 46).

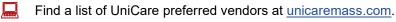
Preferred and non-preferred vendors

Preferred vendors have contracted with UniCare to accept the Plan's allowed amounts for the services listed below. In this handbook, the **checkmark** ✓ identifies services with a preferred vendor benefit.

- ☐ Durable medical equipment (DME)
- Medical/diabetic supplies
- □ Home health care
- □ Home infusion therapy (including enteral therapy)

Services from preferred vendors are covered at 100% of the allowed amount. **Non-preferred vendors** are covered at 80%, so you'll owe 20% coinsurance (and your deductible, if it applies). In addition, non-preferred vendors outside of Massachusetts can balance bill you for charges over the allowed amount. Since the Plan doesn't cover balance bills, payment is your responsibility.

Note that federal law prohibits non-preferred vendors from sending you surprise balance bills. See pages 26-27 for information about surprise billing protection.



• **Important!** Non-preferred vendors are covered at 80%, even if you are using the non-preferred vendor because the item isn't available from a preferred vendor.

Specialized health facilities

Specialized health facilities are independent, freestanding centers that provide a variety of medical services. There are four kinds of specialized health facilities:

	Dialy	/sis	centers
_	Diai	y	COLITOR

□ Fertility clinics

Imaging centers

Sleep study centers

Services at specialized health facilities often cost less than at hospitals, and you may save on your member costs too. Be aware, however, that facilities owned and operated by hospitals are hospital sites, not specialized health facilities. The presence of a hospital name indicates that the site is part of a hospital, not an independent facility. See "Non-hospital-owned locations" on page 104 for why this may be important.

Contracted providers

Contracted providers are healthcare providers – such as doctors, hospitals, and health facilities – who have agreed to accept the Plan's payment as payment in full. Contracted providers won't balance bill you for charges over UniCare's allowed amount. The allowed amount is the maximum amount that UniCare pays for a covered service.

In Massachusetts, you can get care from any medical provider because state law prohibits Massachusetts medical providers from balance billing UniCare members. Outside of Massachusetts, you can be balance billed if you choose to go to a non-contracted provider for elective services.

Important! Non-contracted behavioral health providers in Massachusetts and elsewhere may balance bill you. To avoid being balance billed, choose contracted behavioral health providers.

Note that federal law prohibits non-contracted providers from sending you surprise balance bills. See pages 26-27 for information about surprise billing protection.

How to find providers

From the <u>unicaremass.com</u> website, you can look for:
☐ Doctors and hospitals, both in Massachusetts and elsewhere
☐ Behavioral health providers who are contracted with Beacon Health Options
☐ UniCare preferred vendors
☐ Other kinds of facilities in Massachusetts, like urgent care centers and ambulatory surgery centers
The Sydney Health app lets you search for medical and behavioral healthcare providers in Massachusetts and elsewhere

About tiering

Tiering is an important part of the Massachusetts Group Insurance Commission's (GIC) interest in addressing rising healthcare costs. UniCare assigns Massachusetts specialists to levels, or tiers. Similar tiering programs are used in other health plans across the country.

Tiering of medical specialists

Tiering of medical specialists is a part of your benefit plan. You pay lower provider visit copays when you use Massachusetts specialists assigned to Tier 1 and higher copays when you see specialists assigned to other tiers. We understand that our members need to choose specialists who are appropriate for them, and our tiering program does not prevent you from doing so.

About group tiering

UniCare is in the process of moving to group tiering. **Group tiering** means that all specialists within a practice are assigned to the same tier.

UniCare is implementing group tiering over a period of time. For this plan year, specialists are group tiered according to the process described below in "How group tiers are assigned," but hospital tiers (for plans that have hospital tiering) haven't changed. In the future, we will bring the tiering of specialty practices and the hospitals they're related to into closer alignment.

How group tiers are assigned

Each physician group or practice is assigned a tier based on the group's relationship to a hospital. To determine tier placement, UniCare uses the hospital categories developed by the Massachusetts **Center for Health Information and Analysis (CHIA)**. CHIA developed these categories as part of its evaluation of total medical expenses at Massachusetts hospitals. The CHIA categories are:

Community
Teaching
Specialty

☐ Academic Medical Center

Table 21 shows how the tiers for specialty practices correspond to the CHIA categories.

Table 21. Definitions of group tiers for specialty practices

Tier definitions		
Tier 1	Practices and specialty groups related to hospitals in CHIA's <i>Community</i> categories and large independent physician groups	
Tier 2	Practices and specialty groups not in Tier 1 or Tier 3 (including those related to hospitals in CHIA's <i>Teaching</i> and <i>Specialty</i> categories)	
Tier 3	Practices and specialty groups related to hospitals in CHIA's <i>Academic Medical Center</i> category	

How to find a specialist's tier

When you look for providers from <u>unicaremass.com</u> or Sydney Health, the tier assignments of Massachusetts specialists are indicated on the listing.

Community Choice hospitals and group tiering

The list of Community Choice hospitals has not changed this year. You must use Community Choice hospitals to get the highest level of benefits for hospital services. There's a complete listing of Community Choice hospitals in Appendix B.



Important! UniCare uses a number of factors in selecting the hospitals that are identified as our Community Choice hospitals, including the information that CHIA provides. As the Plan focuses on members using services within their own community settings, many of the hospitals identified by CHIA as Community hospitals are on the UniCare list. However, the two lists are developed independently and are not intended to be the same.

How UniCare reimburses providers

The Plan routinely reimburses providers on a fee-for-service basis. As various models of healthcare reform are put in place, as anticipated by legislation in Massachusetts, the Plan may engage certain providers in shared savings and loss arrangements where providers receive additional payments for meeting quality and cost targets. These arrangements may also include other payments to help improve the quality, cost efficiency, and coordination of care. Explanations of this type of provider payment will be available on the Plan website and on request as they are put in place. In this Plan, providers may discuss the way they are compensated with you.

How to submit a claim

To receive benefits from the Plan, a claim must be filed for each service. Most hospitals, doctors and other healthcare providers will submit claims for you. If your provider files claims on your behalf, the provider will be paid directly. If you submit your own claim, you must provide written proof of the claim with the information listed below.

You must provide this information when you submit a claim:

- Diagnosis
- Date of service
- Amount of charge
- Name, address and type of provider
- Provider tax ID number, if known
- Name of enrollee

- Enrollee's ID number
- Name of patient
- Description of each service or purchase
- Other insurance information, if applicable
- Accident information, if applicable
- Proof of payment, if applicable

If the proof of payment you get from a provider contains information in a foreign language, please provide UniCare with a translation, if possible.

UniCare's claim form may be used to submit written proof of a claim. Original bills or paid receipts from providers will also be accepted as long as the information described above is included.



Download claim forms and other materials from <u>unicaremass.com</u>

Claims for prescription drug services – These claims must be submitted directly to the administrator of those services. See Part 4 of this handbook (pages 141-155).

Deadlines for filing claims

Written proof of a claim must be submitted to UniCare within two years of the date of service. Claims submitted after two years will be accepted for review only if you show that the person submitting the claim was mentally or physically incapable of providing written proof of the claim in the required amount of time.

Checking your claims for billing accuracy

The Bill Checker program

The goal of the Bill Checker program is to detect overpayments that are the result of billing errors that only you may recognize. The Plan encourages you to review all of your medical bills for accuracy, just as you might do with your utility bills. If you find a billing error and get a corrected bill from your doctor, you will share in any actual savings realized by the Plan.

What you need to do

You must ask the doctor to send you an itemized bill for the services you received. As soon as possible, review this bill for any charges that indicate treatment, services or supplies that you did not receive. Check items such as:

Did you receive the therapy described on the bill?
Did you receive X-rays as indicated on your bill?
Are there duplicate charges on the same bill?
Have you been charged for more services than you received?
Did you receive the laboratory services described on the bill?
Does the room charge reflect the correct number of days?
Were you charged for the correct type of room?

If you find an error

If you find an error, contact the doctor or the doctor's billing office and report the exact charges you are questioning. Request an explanation of any discrepancies and ask for a revised itemized bill showing any adjustments.

How to get your share of the savings

To get your share of the savings, you must send copies of both the original and revised bills to the Plan, along with the completed *Bill Checker* form.

Download the Bill Checker form at unicaremass.com. A copy of the form also appears in Appendix C.

Be sure to include the enrollee's name and ID number on the Bill Checker form. The Plan will review the two bills and, if a billing error is confirmed, you will receive 25% of any savings that the Plan realizes. All reimbursements are subject to applicable state and federal income taxes.

Provider bills eligible under the program

All bills that UniCare provides the primary benefits for are eligible under the Bill Checker program. Members who have Medicare as their primary coverage cannot use Bill Checker. This program may not apply to certain inpatient bills paid under the Diagnosis Related Group (DRG) methodology. Bills for prescription drugs are also excluded because UniCare does not administer those benefits.

Claim reviews for fraud and other inappropriate activity

UniCare routinely reviews submitted claims to evaluate the accuracy of billing information. We may request written documentation such as operative notes, procedure notes, office notes, pathology reports and X-ray reports from your doctor.

To detect fraud, waste, abuse and other inappropriate activity, UniCare reviews claims both before and after payment. A claim under this review may be denied if the doctor fails to submit medical records associated with the claim. If a claim is denied as a result of this review, the doctor – whether in Massachusetts or elsewhere – may bill the member.

In cases of suspected claim abuse or fraud, UniCare may require that the person whose disease, injury or pregnancy is the basis of the claim be examined by a physician selected by the Plan. This examination will be performed at no cost to you.

Deadlines on bringing legal action

You cannot bring suit or legal action to recover benefits for charges incurred while covered under the Plan any earlier than 60 days, or any later than three years, after UniCare receives complete written proof of the claim. However, if the state where you lived at the time of the alleged loss has a longer time limit, the limit is extended to be consistent with that state's law.

Right of reimbursement (payment from a third party)

If you or your dependents get payments from a third party for an injury or disease that UniCare previously paid claims for, UniCare will have a lien on any money you receive. This lien applies to any money you or your covered dependents get from, among others, the person or entity responsible for the injury or disease, his or her insurers, or your own auto insurance carrier, including uninsured or underinsured motorist coverage.

You and your dependents will not have to reimburse UniCare for any more than the amount UniCare paid in benefits.

You or your dependents must execute and deliver any documents required by UniCare or its designee, and do whatever is necessary to help UniCare attempt to recover benefits it paid on behalf of you or your dependents.

For additional information about the right of reimbursement, also called subrogation, see page 176.

About your privacy rights

The GIC's *Notice of Privacy Practices* appears in Appendix A. This notice describes how medical information about you may be used and disclosed, as well as how you can get access to this information. The notice also explains your rights as well as the GIC's legal duties and privacy practices.

About the review process for preapprovals

UniCare reviews certain medical services and inpatient admissions to make sure they are eligible for benefits. See Chapter 3 for information about preapprovals. These **preapproval reviews** – sometimes called **pre-service reviews** or **preauthorizations** – are a standard practice for most health plans. These reviews help ensure that benefits are paid for services that meet the Plan's definition of medical necessity.

Note: The clinical criteria used for these reviews are developed with input from actively practicing physicians, and in accordance with the standards adopted by the national accreditation organizations. The criteria are regularly updated as new treatments, applications and technologies become generally-accepted professional medical practice.

In most cases, your provider will contact UniCare when a service requires review. Callers can leave a message if calling after business hours; Member Services will return the call on the next business day. When calling, UniCare staff will identify themselves by name, title and organization.

Associates, consultants and other providers are not rewarded or offered money or incentives for denying care or a service, or for supporting decisions that result in using fewer services. UniCare doesn't make decisions about hiring, promoting or firing these individuals based on the idea they will deny benefits. Decisions are based only on appropriateness of care and service and existence of coverage.

When preapproval is first requested

When UniCare is notified that you've been admitted to the hospital or are scheduled for a service that needs to be reviewed:

Your request goes to a UniCare nurse reviewer	, along with an	ny clinical	information p	provided by	y youi
doctor or other providers.					

The nurse reviewer goes over the information to determine	if it meets	UniCare's medi	cal policies	and
guidelines and is eligible for benefits.				

If the nurse reviewer	is able to	certify the	at the s	ervice is	eligible	for benefits	, the servic	e will be
approved.								

If the nurse reviewer cannot certify the service, he or she will forward your request to a UniCare
physician advisor who will determine if the service is eligible for benefits and can be approved.

If the service is approved

When a service is approved, UniCare will notify your doctor and any other providers (such as a hospital) who need to know.

If the service is not approved

When UniCare determines that a service is not eligible for benefits, it's called an **adverse benefit determination**. UniCare will notify you, your doctor and any other providers who need to know. You and your doctor have a couple of options available.

Your doctor can ask UniCare to reconsider – Your doctor can ask to speak with a physician
advisor or submit more supporting information to be reviewed by a physician advisor. A request
for reconsideration must occur within three business days of receiving notice of an adverse benefit
determination.

You can appea	I – You an	d your docto	r have a	legal right	to appeal	l an ad	verse b	penefit	determinat	tion.
See Appendix E	for instruc	ctions on ho	w to file a	n appeal.						

When you need additional approval

Some medical services may be ongoing and need to be reviewed again at a later time. For example, if you are in the hospital, your doctor may recommend that you stay in the hospital beyond the number of days that the Plan first approved. When this happens, UniCare reviews the additional services just as it did when you were first approved.

About your appeal rights

You have the right to appeal an adverse benefit determination made by the Plan within 180 days of being notified of the determination. See Appendix E for instructions on how to file an appeal.

Appeals for prescription drug services – These appeals must be filed with the administrator of those services. See Part 4 of this handbook (pages 141-155).

Chapter 9: About enrollment and membership

This chapter describes the enrollment process for you and your eligible dependents; when coverage starts and ends; and continuing coverage when eligibility status changes.

Free or low-cost health coverage for children and families

If you are eligible for health coverage from your employer but are unable to afford the premiums, your state may have a premium assistance program to help pay for coverage. For more information, see Appendix D, "Mandates and required member notices."

Application for coverage

You must apply to the GIC for enrollment in the Plan. Visit www.mass.gov/mygiclink-member-benefits-portal for enrollment instructions. Questions? Active state and municipal employees may contact their GIC Coordinator at www.mass.gov/service-details/find-your-gic-benefit-coordinator and retirees can contact the GIC at www.mass.gov/forms/contact-the-gic or by calling 617-727-2310.

You must enroll dependents when they become eligible. Newborns (including grandchildren, if they are eligible dependents of your covered dependents) must be enrolled within 60 days of birth, and adopted children within 60 days of placement in the home. Spouses must be enrolled within 60 days of the marriage.

You must complete an enrollment form to enroll or add dependents. Additional documentation may be required, as follows:

Newborns: copy of hospital announcement letter or the child's certified birth certificate
Adopted children: photocopy of proof of placement letter, court degree of adoption or amended birth certificate
Foster children ages 19-26: photocopy of proof of placement letter or court order
Spouses: copy of certified marriage certificate

When coverage begins

Coverage under the Plan starts as follows:

For new employees

New employee coverage begins on the first day of the month following 60 calendar days from the first date of employment, or two calendar months, whichever comes first.

For persons applying during an annual enrollment period

Coverage begins each year on July 1.

For spouses and dependents

Coverage begins on the later of:

- 1. The date your own coverage begins, or
- 2. The date that the GIC has determined your spouse or dependent is eligible

For surviving spouses

Upon application, you will be notified by the GIC of the date your coverage begins.

When coverage ends for enrollees

Your coverage ends on the earliest of:

- 1. The end of the month covered by your last contribution toward the cost of coverage
- 2. The end of the month in which you cease to be eligible for coverage
- 3. The date of death
- 4. The date the surviving spouse remarries, or
- 5. The date the Plan terminates

When coverage ends for dependents

A dependent's coverage ends on the earliest of:

- 1. The date your coverage under the Plan ends
- 2. The end of the month covered by your last contribution toward the cost of coverage
- 3. The date you become ineligible to have a spouse or dependents covered
- 4. The end of the month in which the dependent ceases to qualify as a dependent
- 5. The date the dependent child, who was permanently and totally impaired by age 19, marries
- 6. The date the covered divorced spouse remarries (or the date the enrollee remarries)
- 7. The date of the spouse or dependent's death, or
- 8. The date the Plan terminates

Duplicate coverage

No person can be covered (1) as both an employee, retiree or surviving spouse, and a dependent, or (2) as a dependent of more than one covered person (employee, retiree, spouse or surviving spouse).

Special enrollment condition

If you declined to enroll your spouse or dependent(s) as a new hire, your spouse or dependent(s) may only be enrolled within 60 days of a qualifying event or during the GIC's spring annual enrollment. Visit www.mass.gov/mygiclink-member-benefits-portal for enrollment instructions and www.mass.gov/service-details/gic-qualifying-events to learn more about qualifying events. Questions? Active state and municipal employees may contact their GIC Coordinator at www.mass.gov/service-details/find-your-gic-benefit-coordinator, and retirees can contact the GIC at www.mass.gov/forms/contact-the-gic or by calling 617-727-2310.

Continuing coverage upon termination of employment

Coverage may be continued if eligibility status changes due to termination of employment, involuntary layoff, reduction of work hours, or retirement. For information on options for continuation of coverage, visit the GIC's website at www.mass.gov/GIC.

Continuing health coverage for survivors

Surviving spouses of covered employees or retirees, and/or their eligible dependent children, may be able to continue coverage. Surviving spouse coverage ends upon remarriage. Orphan coverage is also available for some surviving dependents. For more information on eligibility for survivors and orphans, contact the GIC.

To continue coverage, you must submit an enrollment form to the GIC to continue coverage within 30 days of the covered employee or retiree's death. You must also make the required contribution toward the cost of the coverage.

Coverage will end on the earliest of:

- 1. The end of the month in which the survivor dies
- 2. The end of the month covered by your last contribution payment for coverage
- 3. The date the coverage ends
- 4. The date the Plan terminates
- **5.** For dependents: the end of the month in which the dependent would otherwise cease to qualify as a dependent, or
- 6. The date the survivor remarries

Option to continue coverage for dependents age 26 and over

A dependent child who reaches age 26 is no longer eligible for coverage under this Plan. Dependents age 26 or over who are full-time students at accredited educational institutions may continue to be covered. However, you must pay 100% of the individual premium. The student must also submit an application to the GIC no later than 30 days after his or her 26th birthday. If this application is submitted late, your dependent may apply during the GIC's spring annual enrollment period. Full-time students age 26 and over are not eligible for continued coverage if there has been a two-year break in their GIC coverage.

Option to continue coverage after a change in marital status

Your former spouse will not cease to qualify as a dependent under the Plan solely because a judgment of divorce or separate support is granted. (For the purposes of this provision, "judgment" means only a judgment of absolute divorce or of separate support.) Massachusetts law presumes that he or she continues to qualify as a dependent, unless the divorce judgment states otherwise.

If you get divorced, you must notify the GIC within 60 days and send the GIC a copy of the following sections of your divorce decree: Divorce Absolute Date, Signature Page, and Health Insurance Provisions. If you or your former spouse remarries, you must also notify the GIC. If you fail to report a divorce or remarriage, the Plan and the GIC have the right to seek recovery of health claims paid or premiums owed for your former spouse.

Under M.G.L. Ch. 32A as amended and the GIC's regulations, your former spouse will no longer qualify as a dependent after the earliest of these dates:

- 1. The end of the period in which the judgment states he or she must remain eligible for coverage
- 2. The end of the month covered by the last contribution toward the cost of the coverage
- 3. The date he or she remarries
- 4. The date you remarry. If your former spouse is covered as a dependent on your remarriage date, and the divorce judgment gives him or her the right to continue coverage, coverage will be available at full premium cost (as determined by the GIC) under a divorced spouse rider. Alternatively, your former spouse may enroll in COBRA coverage.

Group health continuation coverage under COBRA

This notice explains your COBRA rights and what you need to do to protect your right to receive it. You will receive a COBRA notice and application if the Group Insurance Commission (GIC) is informed that your current GIC coverage is ending due either to (1) end of employment; (2) reduction in hours of employment; (3) death of employee/retiree; (4) divorce or legal separation; or (5) loss of dependent child status. This COBRA notice contains important information about your right to temporarily continue your health care coverage in the Group Insurance Commission's (GIC's) health plan through a federal law known as COBRA. If you elect to continue your coverage, COBRA continuation coverage will begin on the first day of the month immediately after your current GIC coverage ends.

You must complete the GIC COBRA Election Form and return it to the GIC by no later than 60 days after your group coverage ends by sending it by mail to the Public Information Unit at the GIC at P.O. Box 556, Randolph, MA 02368 or by hand delivery to the GIC, 1 Ashburton Place, Suite 1619. If you do not submit a completed election form by this deadline, you will lose your right to elect COBRA coverage.

What is COBRA continuation coverage?

COBRA is a federal law under which certain former employees, retirees, spouses, former spouses, and dependent children have the right to temporarily continue their existing group health coverage at group rates when group coverage otherwise would end due to certain life events, called "qualifying events". If you elect COBRA continuation coverage ("COBRA coverage"), you are entitled to the same coverage being provided under the GIC's plan to similarly situated employees or dependents. The GIC administers COBRA coverage.

This notice explains your COBRA rights and what you need to do to protect your right to receive it. If you have questions about COBRA coverage, contact the GIC's Public Information Unit at 617-727-2310 or write to the Unit at P.O. Box 556, Randolph, MA 02368. You may also contact the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration's website at www.dol.gov/ebsa for more general information about COBRA.

Who is eligible for COBRA continuation coverage?

Each individual entitled to COBRA (known as a "Qualified Beneficiary") has an *independent right* to elect the coverage, regardless of whether or not other eligible family members elect it. Qualified Beneficiaries may elect to continue their group coverage that otherwise would end due to the following life events:

If you are an employee of the Commonwealth of Massachusetts or municipality covered by the GIC's health benefits program, you have the right to choose COBRA coverage if:

You lose your	group health	coverage because	your hours of	f employment are	reduced; or

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YOU	r emnio	vment	ends t	ror I	reasons	other	than	arnss	miscor	าสมเคร

If you are the spouse of an employee covered by the GIC's health benefits program, you have the righ to choose COBRA coverage for yourself if you lose GIC health coverage for any of the following reasons (known as "qualifying events"):
☐ Your spouse dies;
 ☐ Your spouse dies, ☐ Your spouse's employment with the Commonwealth or participating municipality ends for any reason other than gross misconduct; or
Your spouse's hours of employment with the Commonwealth or participating municipality are reduced or
☐ You and your spouse legally separate or divorce.
If you have dependent children who are covered by the GIC's health benefits program, each child has the right to elect COBRA coverage if he or she loses GIC health coverage for any of the following reasons (known as "qualifying events"): □ The employee-parent dies;
 ☐ The employee-parent dies, ☐ The employee-parent's employment is terminated (for reasons other than gross misconduct); ☐ The employee-parent's hours or employment are reduced; ☐ The parents legally separate or divorce; or ☐ The dependent ceases to be a dependent child under GIC eligibility rules.
How long does COBRA continuation coverage last?
By law, COBRA coverage must begin on the day immediately after your group health coverage otherwise would end. If your group coverage ends due to employment termination or reduction in employment hours, COBRA coverage may last for up to 18 months. If it ends due to any other qualifying event listed above, you may maintain COBRA coverage for up to 36 months.
If you have COBRA continuation coverage due to employment termination or reduction in hours, your family members' COBRA continuation coverage may be extended beyond the initial 18-month period up to a total of 36 months (as measured from the initial qualifying event) if a second qualifying event the insured's death or divorce – occurs during the 18 months of COBRA coverage. You must notify the Globin writing within 60 days of the second qualifying event and before the 18-month COBRA period ender in order to extend the coverage. Your COBRA coverage may be extended to a total of 29 months (as measured from the initial qualifying event) if any qualified beneficiary in your family receiving COBRA coverage is disabled during the first 60 days of your 18-month COBRA coverage. You must provide the GIC with a copy of the Social Security Administration's disability determination within 60 days after you receive it and before your initial 18-month COBRA period ends in order to extend the coverage. For more information about extending the length of COBRA continuation coverage, visit https://www.dol.gov/sites/dolgov/files/EBSA/about-ebsa/our-activities/resource-center/publications/an-employees-guide-to-health-benefits-under-cobra.pdf .
COBRA continuation coverage will end before the maximum coverage period ends if any of the

condition covered by COBRA benefits;

U You are no longer disabled as determined by the Social Security Administration (if your COBRA)

☐ You or another qualified beneficiary become covered under another group health plan that does not impose any pre-existing condition exclusion for the qualified beneficiary's pre-existing covered

☐ The COBRA cost is not paid *in full* when due (see section on paying for COBRA);

coverage was extended to 29 months due to disability);

following occurs:

- ☐ The Commonwealth of Massachusetts or your municipal employer no longer provides group health coverage to any of its employees; or
- ☐ Any reason for which the GIC terminates a non-COBRA enrollee's coverage (such as fraud).

The GIC will notify you in writing if your COBRA coverage is to be terminated before the maximum coverage period ends. The GIC reserves the right to terminate your COBRA coverage retroactively if you are subsequently found to have been ineligible for coverage.

How and when do I elect COBRA continuation coverage?

Qualified beneficiaries must elect COBRA coverage within 60 days of the date that their group coverage otherwise would end or within 60 days of receiving a COBRA notice, whichever is later. A qualified beneficiary may change a prior rejection of COBRA election any time until that date. If you do not elect COBRA coverage within the 60-day election period, you will lose all rights to COBRA coverage.

In considering whether to elect continuation coverage, you should take into account that you have special enrollment rights under federal law, including the right to request special enrollment in another group health plan for which you are otherwise eligible (such as a spouse's plan) even if the plan generally does not accept late enrollees, if you request enrollment within 30 days after your GIC coverage ends. You will also have the same special enrollment right at the end of continuation coverage if you get continuation coverage for the maximum time available to you. Your special enrollment period will end 60 days from the loss of GIC insurance coverage and you may be unable to enroll in other plans; therefore, you should take action right away.

How much does COBRA continuation coverage cost?

Under COBRA, you must pay 102% of the applicable cost of your COBRA coverage. If your COBRA coverage is extended to 29 months due to disability, your cost will increase to 150% of the applicable full cost rate for the additional 11 months of coverage. COBRA costs will change periodically.

How and when do I pay for COBRA continuation coverage?

If you elect COBRA coverage, you must make your first payment for COBRA coverage within 45 days after the date you elect it. If you do not make your first payment for COBRA coverage within the 45-day period, you will lose all COBRA coverage rights under the plan. You may choose to submit the first payment with your application. If not, you will be billed.

Your first payment must cover the cost of COBRA coverage from the time your coverage would have ended up to the time you make the first payment. Services cannot be covered until the GIC receives and processes this first payment, and you are responsible for making sure that the amount of your first payment is enough to cover this entire period. After you make your first payment, you will be required to pay for COBRA coverage for each subsequent month of coverage. These periodic payments are due usually around the 15th of each month. The GIC will send monthly bills, specifying the due date for payment and the address to which payment is to be sent for COBRA coverage, but you are responsible for paying for the coverage even if you do not receive a monthly statement. Payments should be sent to the GIC's address on the bill.

After the first payment, you will have a 30-day grace period beyond the due date on each monthly bill in which to make your monthly payment. Your COBRA coverage will be provided for each coverage period as long as payment for that coverage period is made before the end of the grace period for that payment. If you fail to make a periodic payment before the end of the grace period for that payment, you will lose all rights to COBRA coverage.

Can I elect other health coverage besides COBRA?

Yes. You have the right to enroll, within 31 days after coverage ends, in an individual health insurance 'conversion' policy with your current health plan without providing proof of insurability. Alternately, you may purchase health insurance through the Commonwealth's Health Connector Authority, or through the Health Insurance Marketplace in other states (see www.HealthCare.gov or call 800-318-2596). In the Marketplace or Connector, you could be eligible for a tax credit that lowers your monthly premiums right away, and you can see what your premium, deductibles, and out-of-pocket costs will be before you make a decision to enroll. Being eligible for COBRA does not limit your eligibility for coverage for a tax credit through the Marketplace. The GIC has no involvement in conversion programs, and only very limited involvement in the Health Connector programs. You pay the premium to the plan sponsor for the coverage. The benefits provided under such a policy might not be identical to those provided through COBRA. You may exercise this right in lieu of electing COBRA coverage, or you may exercise this right after you have received the maximum COBRA coverage available to you. If you end COBRA coverage early or choose other coverage instead of COBRA, you cannot later switch to COBRA coverage. The Massachusetts Health Connector's website is: https://www.mahealthconnector.org. Also, you may be able to determine if you or your dependents qualify for MassHealth through the Connector's website.

You may be eligible to enroll in coverage under another group health plan (like a spouse's plan), if you request enrollment within 30 days of the loss of coverage. If you or your dependent chooses to elect COBRA continuation coverage instead of enrolling in another group health plan, you'll have another opportunity to enroll in the other group health plan within 30 days of losing your COBRA continuation coverage. You may want to think about the following when considering different options: What will each premium cost? What are the provider networks and is my doctor in network? What is on the drug formulary for each plan and will my medications be covered? What is the service area of each plan? What will my cost-sharing obligations be? You should consider what your copays, coinsurance, deductibles, and other amounts will be under each plan.

Your COBRA continuation coverage responsibilities

- ☐ You must inform the GIC of any address changes to preserve your COBRA rights.
- ☐ You must elect COBRA within 60 days from the date you receive a COBRA notice or would lose group coverage due to one of the qualifying events described above. If you do not elect COBRA coverage within the 60-day limit, your group health benefits coverage will end and you will lose all rights to COBRA coverage.
- ☐ You must make the first payment for COBRA coverage within 45 days after you elect COBRA.

 If you do not make your first payment for the entire COBRA cost due within that 45-day period, you will lose all COBRA coverage rights.
- ☐ You must pay the subsequent monthly cost for COBRA coverage in full by the end of the 30-day grace period after the due date on the bill. If you do not make payment in full by the end of the 30-day grace period after the due date on the bill, your COBRA coverage will end.
- ☐ You must inform the GIC within 60 days of the later of either (1) the date of any of the following, or (2) the date on which coverage would be lost because of any of the following events:
 - The employee's job terminates or his/her hours are reduced;
 - The insured dies;
 - The insured becomes legally separated or divorced;
 - The insured or insured's former spouse remarries;

- A covered child ceases to be a dependent under GIC eligibility rules;
- The Social Security Administration determines that the employee or a covered family member is disabled; or
- The Social Security Administration determines that the employee or a covered family member is no longer disabled.

If you do not inform the GIC of these events within the time period specified above, you will lose all rights to COBRA continuation coverage. To notify the GIC of any of the above events within the 60 days for providing notice, send a letter to the Public Information Unit at Group Insurance Commission, P.O. Box 556, Randolph, MA 02368.

If you have questions about COBRA continuation coverage, contact the GIC's Public Information Unit at 617-727-2310, or write to the Unit at P.O. Box 556, Randolph, MA 02368. You may also contact the U.S. Department of Labor's Employee Benefits Security Administration's website at www.dol/gov/ebsa or call their toll-free number at 866-444-3272. For more information about health insurance options available through a Health Insurance Marketplace, visit www.healthcare.gov or, in Massachusetts visit, www.mahealthconnector.org.

Conversion to non-group health coverage

Under certain circumstances, a person whose Plan coverage is ending has the option to convert to non-group health coverage arranged for by UniCare. Conversion to non-group health coverage may offer less comprehensive benefits and higher member cost-sharing than either COBRA coverage or plans offered under the Health Insurance Marketplaces in many states. Contact UniCare for details of converted coverage.

A certificate for non-group health coverage can be obtained if:

- 1. Employment for coverage purposes ends for any reason other than retirement; or
- 2. Status changes occur for someone who is not eligible for continued coverage under the Plan (including those members who have exhausted their COBRA benefits).

A certificate of coverage is also available to the following persons whose coverage under the Plan ceases:

- 1. Your spouse and/or your dependents, if their coverage ceases because of your death
- 2. Your child, covering only that child, if that child ceases to be covered under the Plan solely because the child no longer qualifies as your dependent
- 3. Your spouse and/or dependents, if their coverage ceases because of a change in marital status

You cannot obtain a certificate of coverage if you are otherwise eligible under the Plan, or if your coverage terminated for failure to make a required payment. No certificate of coverage will be issued in a state or country where UniCare is not licensed to issue it.

The certificate of coverage will cover you and your dependents who cease to be covered under the Plan because your health coverage ends. It will also cover any of your dependent children born within 31 days after such coverage ends.

The following rules apply to the issuance of the certificate of coverage:

- 1. Written application and payment for your first premium must be submitted within 31 days after your coverage under the Plan ends.
- 2. The certificate of coverage is governed by the rules for converted coverage UniCare is using at the time your written application is received. Such rules include: the form of the certificate; its benefits; the individuals covered; the premium payable, and all other terms and conditions of such certificate.

- **3.** If the certificate will be delivered to a state outside of Massachusetts, it may be issued on the form offered by that state.
- 4. The certificate of coverage will become effective the day after your coverage under the Plan ends.
- 5. No evidence of insurability will be required.

Coordinating benefits with other health plans (COB)

It is common for family members to be covered by more than one healthcare plan. This happens, for example, when spouses or partners have family coverage through both of their employers or former employers. When you or your dependents are covered by more than one health plan, one plan is identified as the primary plan for coordination of benefits (COB). Any other plan is then the secondary plan. The goal of COB is to determine how much each plan should pay when you have a claim, and to make sure that the combined payments of all plans do not add up to more than your covered healthcare expenses.

Definition of plan

For the purposes of COB, the term **plan** is defined as any plan that provides medical or dental care coverage. Examples include, but are not limited to, group or blanket coverage; group practice or other group prepayment coverage, including hospital or medical services coverage; labor-management trusteed plans; union welfare plans; employer organization plans; employee benefit organization plans; automobile no-fault coverage; and coverage under a governmental plan, or coverage required or provided by law, including any legally required, no-fault motor vehicle liability insurance. (This does not include a state plan under Medicaid or any plan when, by law, its benefits are in excess of those of any private insurance program or other non-governmental program.)

The term **plan** does not include school-accident type plans or coverage that you purchased on a non-group basis.

Determining the order of coverage

If the UniCare State Indemnity Plan is the primary plan, benefit payments will be made as if the secondary plan or plans did not exist. A secondary plan may reduce its benefits if payments were made by the UniCare State Indemnity Plan.

If another plan is primary, benefit payments under the UniCare State Indemnity Plan are determined in the following manner:

- a) The Plan determines its **covered expenses** that is, what the Plan would pay in the absence of other insurance; then
- b) The Plan subtracts the **primary plan's benefits** benefits paid by the other plan, or the reasonable cash value of any benefits in the form of services from the covered expenses in (a) above; and then
- c) The Plan pays the difference, if any, between (a) and (b).

The following are the rules used by the UniCare State Indemnity Plan (and most other plans) to determine which plan is the primary plan and which plan is the secondary plan:

- 1. The plan without a COB provision is primary.
- 2. The plan that covers the person as an employee, member, or retiree (that is, other than as a dependent) is primary, and the plan that covers the person as a dependent is secondary.

- **3.** The order of coverage for a dependent child who is covered under both parents' plans is determined by the **birthday rule**, as follows:
 - a) The primary plan is the plan of the parent whose birthday falls first in the calendar year, or
 - b) If both parents have the same birthday (month and day only), the primary plan is the plan that has covered a parent for the longest period of time
 - However, if the other plan has a rule based on the gender of the parent, and if the plans do not agree on the order of coverage, the rules of the other plan will determine the order.
- **4.** The order of coverage for dependent children who are covered under more than one plan, and whose parents are divorced or separated, follows any applicable court decree.
 - If there is no such decree determining which parent is financially responsible for the child's healthcare expenses, coverage is determined as follows:
 - a) First, the plan covering the parent with custody of the child (the custodial parent)
 - b) Second, the plan covering the custodial parent's spouse, if applicable
 - c) Third, the plan covering the non-custodial parent
 - d) Fourth, the plan covering the non-custodial parent's spouse, if applicable
- **5.** According to the **active before retiree rule**, the plan that covers a person as an active employee is primary, and the plan that covers that same person as a retiree is secondary. This applies both to that person and his or her dependents.
 - However, if the other plan's rule is based on length of coverage, and if the plans do not agree on the order of coverage, the rules of the other plan will determine the order.

If none of the above rules can be applied, the plan that has covered the person for a longer period of time is primary, and the plan that has covered that same person for the shorter period of time is secondary.

Right to receive and release information

In order to fulfill the terms of this COB provision or any similar provision:

- ☐ A claimant must provide the Plan with all necessary information
- ☐ The Plan may obtain from or release information to any other person or entity as necessary

Facility of payment

A payment made under another plan may include an amount that should have been paid by the UniCare State Indemnity Plan. If it does, the Plan may pay that amount to the organization that made the payment, and treat it as a benefit payable under the UniCare State Indemnity Plan. The UniCare State Indemnity Plan will not have to pay that amount again.

Right of recovery

If the UniCare State Indemnity Plan pays more than it should have under the COB provision, the Plan may recover the excess from one or more of the following:

- ☐ The persons it has paid or for whom it has paid
- ☐ The other insurance company or companies
- Other organizations

COB for persons enrolled in Medicare

The benefits for an enrollee and his or her dependents simultaneously covered by the UniCare State Indemnity Plan and Medicare Part A and/or Part B will be determined as follows:

- 1. Expenses payable under Medicare will be considered for payment only to the extent that they are covered under the Plan and/or Medicare.
- 2. In calculating benefits for expenses incurred, the total amount of those expenses will first be reduced by the amount of the actual Medicare benefits paid for those expenses, if any.
- 3. UniCare State Indemnity Plan benefits will then be applied to any remaining balance of those expenses.

Special provisions applicable to employees and dependents who are 65 or older and eligible for Medicare

Active employees and their dependents age 65 or over who are eligible for medical coverage under the Plan may continue that coverage, regardless of their eligibility for or participation in Medicare.

Medical coverage primary to Medicare coverage for the disabled

Employees or dependents under age 65 who are covered under the Plan and are entitled to Medicare disability for reasons other than end-stage renal disease (ESRD) may continue their coverage under the UniCare State Indemnity Plan, regardless of their eligibility for or participation in Medicare.

Health coverage primary to Medicare coverage for covered persons who have end-stage renal disease

For all covered persons with end-stage renal disease (ESRD), coverage under the UniCare State Indemnity Plan will be primary to Medicare during the Medicare ESRD waiting period and the Medicare ESRD coordination period.

End-stage renal disease (ESRD) means that stage of kidney impairment that appears irreversible and permanent and requires a regular course of dialysis or kidney transplant to maintain life.

The **Medicare ESRD waiting period** is generally the first three months after starting dialysis. You are not entitled to Medicare until after the three-month waiting period. This waiting period can be waived or shortened if a member participates in a self-dialysis training program or is scheduled for an early kidney transplant.

The **Medicare ESRD coordination period** is 30 months long and occurs after the ESRD waiting period. The ESRD coordination period begins on the date that Medicare became effective **or would have become effective on the basis of ESRD**.

During that 30-month period, the UniCare State Indemnity Plan is the primary payer and Medicare is the secondary payer for the purpose of the coordination of benefits (COB). After the 30 months, Medicare becomes the primary payer and the Plan becomes the secondary payer. At this point, you must change health plans. Contact the GIC at:

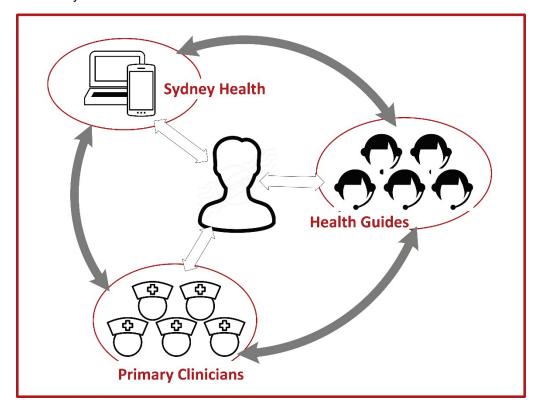
Group Insurance Commission P.O. Box 556 Randolph, MA 02368

Chapter 10: Other plan resources

The Whole Health, Whole You program

UniCare's **Whole Health, Whole You** program combines healthcare professionals and supporting technology that work together to offer you more personal service and an improved member experience. Whole Health, Whole You integrates these three components:

- ☐ **Health guides** (page 125) are specially trained representatives who take members' calls and answer questions.
- ☐ **Primary clinicians** (pages 125-126) work one-on-one with members and their families to address personal healthcare goals and issues, like chronic health conditions and healthy living goals.
- □ **Sydney Health** (page 126) gives you electronic access to plan information and UniCare Member Services from your mobile device.



Because the different components of Whole Health, Whole You can quickly and easily share information with you and with each other, they can provide more personal and thorough responses to your questions and concerns.

UniCare Health Guides: When you call

UniCare health guides answer calls from members. These specially trained service representatives can answer questions and help in a number of other ways.

Health guides can help you...

- Get answers to questions about your plan benefits or claims
- Find out if a service is covered
- Learn more about how your UniCare coverage works
- Find out if you're due for services, like a follow-up appointment or preventive test
- Find providers
- Schedule appointments
- Learn how to compare costs so you can find a cost-effective provider
- Connect with benefits and programs that fit your health needs, like cancer and behavioral health support

How to reach UniCare Member Services

	Contact	Hours (Eastern time)
By phone	833-663-4176 / TTY: 711 (toll free)	8:00 a.m. to 8:00 p.m. (M-F)
Send an email	contact.us@anthem.com	Anytime

UniCare Clinical Team: When you need support

UniCare's clinical team consists of healthcare professionals working together to support the health of UniCare members. A primary clinician is your point of contact who works with you directly and, when appropriate, connects you with other specialized professionals on the team.

Primary clinicians work one-on-one with members and their families to address healthcare related issues. Once you connect with your primary clinician, he or she will continue to be the personal health consultant for you and your family – someone you can contact directly. Your primary clinician may also reach out to bring health issues to your attention, or to offer assistance should a health concern arise.

Your primary clinician can help you...

- Get answers to questions about you and your family's healthcare needs
- Determine how to best use your benefits
- Get advice from other professionals on the clinical team, such as health coaches, dieticians, and pharmacists
- Find out how to access other medical and wellness services
- Set and reach your own health goals like losing weight or quitting smoking
- Arrange care if you need surgery or a medical procedure

Complex health issues almost always require many different types of expertise. This is true whether you are dealing with an ongoing condition like diabetes, or an urgent situation that arises unexpectedly, like a stroke or cancer diagnosis.

For this reason, UniCare's clinical team includes healthcare professionals with expertise in a variety of areas. Working as a team, they can support you and your family, and assist you in effectively managing your healthcare needs.

When you face a complex health issue, the clinical team can help you...

- Understand your diagnosis and treatment options
- Coordinate services where many providers are involved
- Coordinate services before, during, and after a hospital stay
- Facilitate family discussions about healthcare planning
- Work with your doctors to support your present and future healthcare needs

- Work with behavioral health providers to coordinate care and benefits, if you need both medical and behavioral health services
- Find out about education, wellness, self-help and prevention programs to help manage chronic conditions
- Set up a care plan to help ease the shift from hospital to home
- Explore other funding and resources if you have ongoing needs but Plan benefits are limited

Sydney Health: Access from your smartphone

The **Sydney Health** app gives you electronic access to plan information and member services from your mobile device. Download Sydney Health to your mobile device from the App Store® or Google Play®. Once you've registered as a UniCare member, Sydney Health has tools that help you track not just your claims but your overall health and medical situation.

Use the Sydney Health app to...

- Get information about your plan benefits
- Check on the status of your claims
- Look for doctors, hospitals and other health providers
- Keep track of your member costs
- See a doctor face-to-face online with LiveHealth Online
- Get suggestions and tips for managing health conditions like diabetes or asthma
- Sync with a FitBit or other fitness tracker
- Get your electronic member ID card
- Get digital reminders about scheduling checkups and important tests

In this handbook, the **smartphone** symbol lets you know about information you can find, tasks you can perform, and resources that are available through the Sydney Health app.

Behavioral health support services

Behavioral health case management

Behavioral health case management is a program to help you or a family member with your mental health or substance use needs. The goal of the program is to help you be your best, and get the most out of treatment. The program is free for UniCare members, and you don't have to join if you don't want to.

What case managers do...

- Help organize care among your doctors, nurses, and social workers
- Give you information about mental health and substance use services and other community services
- Help you in getting the mental health and substance use services that work best for you
- Help you to follow the instructions from your doctor, nurse, or social worker
- Work with you to get help from local programs
- Help you with a plan to remember to take your medication
- With your permission, keep your primary care provider and psychiatrist updated on your progress

Case management can help if you...

- Have been in the hospital for mental health or substance use reasons
- Have trouble getting the care that works best for you
- Have mental health or substance use issues and also have medical issues
- Need support to help you follow your doctor, nurse, or social worker's advise
- Are pregnant or recently were pregnant and needed mental health or substance use services

Behavioral health case managers are experienced and licensed nurses, social workers, and mental health experts. To find out more about behavioral health care management, call UniCare at 800-442-8300 and ask to speak with a primary nurse.

Behavioral health quality programs

UniCare and Beacon Health Options work together to keep improving the quality of care and services provided for you. We want to ensure that every UniCare member receives safe, effective and responsive treatments to address their healthcare needs. We strive to:

nsure vou receive	e fimely s	service from i	is and our bi	roviders	and that you	are satisfied

U I	=nsure t	hat c	our s	services	are	easy	to	access	and	meet	: your	cultura	need	S.
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☐ Improve any deficits in the services you receive.

You can find more information about Beacon's quality programs at www.beaconhealthoptions.com.

About unicaremass.com

You can find additional information and resources at the <u>unicaremass.com</u> website. At the website, you can:

- □ Check on your claims and other account information You'll need to register as a UniCare member (if you haven't already registered through the Sydney Health app). Once you're registered, you can check your account anytime.
 - Register by creating a user ID and password to protect the privacy of your information. Dependents age 18 or older can access their individual claims information by establishing their own user IDs and passwords.
- □ **Download forms, fliers, and other materials, including this handbook** We recommend using your handbook as a PDF because it is almost always easier and faster to find information by searching in a PDF.
- Look for healthcare providers such as:
 - · Doctors and hospitals, both in Massachusetts and elsewhere
 - PCPs participating in the Enhanced Personal Health Care program
 - Behavioral health providers who are contracted with Beacon Health Options
 - UniCare preferred vendors
 - Other kinds of facilities in Massachusetts, like urgent care centers and ambulatory surgery centers

In this handbook, the **computer** symbol lets you know about information you can find, tasks you can perform, and resources that are available through <u>unicaremass.com</u>.

Comparing costs at Massachusetts facilities

Different medical facilities can charge different prices for the exact same test or procedure. UniCare's transparency tool lets you compare your costs for common procedures at Massachusetts hospitals and other facilities.



Look for Compare Costs and Save at unicaremass.com.

Calling the 24-Hour Nurse Line

The **24-Hour Nurse Line** provides toll-free access to extensive health information at any time. The Nurse Line is an educational resource. If you have specific issues about your health or your treatment, you should always consult your doctor.

When you call the 24-Hour Nurse Line, you'll speak with registered nurses who can discuss your concerns, address your questions about procedures or symptoms, and help you prepare for a doctor's visit. They can also discuss your medications and any potential side effects. The Nurse Line can also refer you to local, state and national self-help agencies.

To speak with a nurse, call the Nurse Line toll free at 800-424-8814 and, when prompted, be sure to choose the Nurse Line option.

How to ask for a claim review

If you have questions about a claim, you can ask UniCare to review the claim. Contact us in any of the ways listed below. Be sure to provide us with any additional information about your claim, if any. We will notify you of the result of the investigation and the final determination.

Call UniCare	Member	Services	at 833-663	4176

- ☐ Email UniCare Member Services at contact.us@anthem.com
- ☐ Mail your written request to:

UniCare State Indemnity Plan Claims Department P.O. Box 9016 Andover, MA 01810-0916

How to ask to have medical information released

We will release your medical information if we get a written request from you to do so.

If you want your medical information sent to another person or company, you must fill out a *Member Authorization Form* that specifies who may see your information.

Download the Member Authorization Form from unicaremass.com.

The GIC's policies for releasing and requesting medical information to a third party comply with the Health Insurance Portability and Accountability Act (HIPAA). For more details, see the GIC's *Notice of Privacy Practices* in Appendix A.

Chapter 11: Plan definitions

Term	What it means
A	
Acupuncture withdrawal management (detox)	The use of acupuncture to ease the symptoms of drug or alcohol withdrawal.
Acute residential treatment	Short-term, 24-hour programs that provide behavioral health treatment within a protected and structured environment.
Acute residential withdrawal management	Drug or alcohol withdrawal (detox) that is medically monitored, for members at risk of severe withdrawal.
Adverse benefit determination (Appendix E)	A determination to deny, reduce or terminate, or fail to provide or make a payment (in whole or in part) for a benefit based on any of the following: The case does not meet the Plan's requirements for medical necessity, appropriateness, healthcare setting, level of care or effectiveness The services were determined to be experimental or investigational The services were not covered based on any plan exclusion or limitation The person was not eligible to participate in the Plan The imposition of source of injury exclusion, network exclusion, or other limitation of an otherwise covered benefit Any instance where the Plan pays less than the total amount of expenses submitted with regard to a claim, including deductible, coinsurance and copays A rescission of coverage (a retroactive cancellation), except if it results from failure to pay premiums
Allowed amount (page 26)	The maximum amount the Plan pays for a covered healthcare service. The allowed amount is the amount UniCare determines to be within the range of payments most often made to similar providers for the same service. The Plan has established allowed amounts for most services from providers. If a non-Massachusetts provider charges more than the allowed amount, you may have to pay the difference. (Also see Balance billing .)
Ambulatory surgery center	An independent, freestanding facility licensed to provide same-day medical services that require dedicated operating rooms and post-operative recovery rooms. These facilities are independent centers, not hospital-run facilities located in a hospital or elsewhere. The presence of a hospital name indicates that the site is a hospital facility, not an ambulatory surgery center.
Ambulatory withdrawal management	Drug or alcohol withdrawal process in which a member has daily visits with a provider throughout withdrawal. More commonly called outpatient detox .
Appeal (Appendix E)	A request that UniCare review an adverse benefit determination or a grievance.
Applied Behavior Analysis (ABA)	Specialized therapy used to treat autism spectrum disorders that focuses on improving appropriate behaviors and minimizing negative behaviors.

Term	What it means
В	
Balance billing (pages 26-27)	When a provider bills you for the difference between what the provider billed and the amount paid by the Plan (the allowed amount). For example, if the provider's charge is \$100 and the allowed amount is \$70, the provider may balance bill you for the remaining \$30.
Behavioral health services (Chapter 5)	Services to treat mental health and substance use disorder conditions.
С	
Calendar quarter	The four calendar quarters of the year are: July/August/September October/November/December January/February/March April/May/June
Clinical stabilization services (CSS)	Clinically managed detox and recovery services provided in a non-medical setting.
Coinsurance (pages 24-25)	Your share of the costs of a covered healthcare service, calculated as a percent (for example, 20%) of the allowed amount for the service. You pay coinsurance <i>plus</i> any copays and deductible that may apply.
Community-based acute treatment (CBAT)	Treatment for children and adolescents with serious behavioral health disorders who need a protected and structured environment.
Community Choice hospital	A Massachusetts hospital where you have lower member copays and no coinsurance for certain services, including inpatient admissions and outpatient surgery. Community Choice hospitals are listed in Appendix B.
Community support programs (CSP)	Programs to help members access and use behavioral health services.
Contracted provider	Any healthcare provider – such as a doctor, hospital or facility – that has agreed to accept the Plan's payment as payment in full. Contracted providers have gone through a credentialing process and must adhere to the quality standards that UniCare requires.
Copay (copayment) (pages 20-24)	A fixed amount you pay for a covered healthcare service, usually when you get the service. The dollar amount of the copay depends on the service it applies to. Not all services have copays.
Cosmetic services (page 92)	Services performed mainly to improve appearance. These services do not restore bodily function or correct functional impairment. Cosmetic services are not covered.
Cost sharing (Chapter 2)	Your share of the cost for a covered service that you must pay out of your own pocket. Your share can include a copay, coinsurance and/or deductible.
Crisis stabilization unit (CSU)	24-hour observation and supervision for behavioral health conditions when inpatient care isn't needed.
Custodial care (page 92)	A level of care that is chiefly designed to assist with activities of daily living and cannot reasonably be expected to greatly restore health or bodily function.

Term	What it means
D	
Day treatment	Behavioral health programs offering structured, goal-oriented treatment that focuses on improving one's ability to function in the community.
Deductible (pages 19)	A set dollar amount you pay toward covered services before the Plan starts to pay. For example, if your deductible is \$500, the Plan won't pay anything until you've paid that amount toward services that are subject to the deductible. The deductible doesn't apply to all services.
Dependent (Chapter 9)	The employee's or retiree's spouse or a divorced spouse who is eligible for dependent coverage pursuant to Massachusetts General Laws Chapter 32A as amended
	2. A GIC-eligible child, stepchild, adoptive child or eligible foster child of the member, or of the member's spouse, until the end of the month following the dependent's 26 th birthday
	3. A GIC-eligible unmarried child who upon becoming 19 years of age is mentally or physically incapable of earning his or her own living, proof of which must be on file with the GIC
	4. A dependent of a dependent, if the primary dependent is either a full-time student or an IRS dependent, or has been an IRS dependent within the past two years
	If you have questions about coverage for someone whose relationship to you is not listed above, contact the GIC.
Dialectical behavioral therapy (DBT)	A combination of behavioral, cognitive and supportive therapies designed to help change unhealthy behaviors and treat people suffering from behavioral health disorders.
DME (durable medical equipment)	Equipment and supplies ordered by a healthcare provider for everyday or extended use. Oxygen equipment, wheelchairs, and crutches are all examples of DME.
DPH-licensed providers	The Massachusetts Department of Public Health (DPH) issues licenses to Massachusetts facilities that provide healthcare services. To be licensed, facilities must meet specific quality and safety standards.
Dual diagnosis acute treatment (DDAT)	Clinically-managed detox and recovery services for those with both a substance use and mental health condition who require a protected and structured environment.
Е	
Elective	A medical service or procedure is elective if you can schedule it in advance, choose where to have it done, or both.
Electroconvulsive therapy (ECT)	Psychiatric treatment in which seizures are electrically induced to provide relief from mental disorders.

Emergency (pages 49-50) An illness, injury, symptom (including severe pain), or condition severe enough to risk serious danger to your health if you didn't get medical attention right away. If you didn't get immediate medical attention you could reasonably expect one of the following: Your health would be put in serious danger, or You would have serious problems with your bodily functions, or You would have serious problems with your bodily functions, or You would have serious damage to any part or organ of your body. Emergency service Programs that provide behavioral health crisis assessment, intervention and stabilization services on short notice. Enrollee An employee, retiree or survivor who is covered by the GIC's health benefits program and enrolled in the UniCare State Indemnity Plan. (Enrollees are the same as subscribers.) Excluded services (Chapter 7) Experimental or investigational procedure investigational procedure A service that is determined by the Plan to be experimental or investigational; that is, inadequate or lacking in evidence as to is effectiveness, through the use of objective methods and study over a long enough period of time to be able to assess outcomes. The fact that a physician ordered it or that this treatment has been tried after others have failed does not make it medically necessary. Family stabilization team (FST) Programs offering intensive services in the home to help children, adolescents and their families deal with complex life stressors. Family support and training Peer support to help caregivers navigate the system and access services on behalf of a child with serious emotional disturbance G Grievance A complaint that you communicate to the Plan. Healthcare provider A person, place, or organization that delivers healthcare services or supplies. A provider can be a person (like a doctor), a place (like a hospital), or an organization (like hospice). Healthcare services In this handbook, we use "healthcare services" when we're talking about both medical		
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(page 55) comprehensive view of the human body than plain film X-rays. Many of these tests are also much more expensive than traditional X-rays.	Healthcare services	
Home state The state where you live and get your routine health care.		comprehensive view of the human body than plain film X-rays. Many of
	Home state	The state where you live and get your routine health care.

Term	What it means
Hospital / acute care hospital (pages 59-61)	A medical center or community hospital that provides treatment for severe illness, conditions caused by disease or trauma, and recovery from surgery. Acute care hospitals deliver intensive, 24-hour medical and nursing care and meet all of the following conditions: Operate pursuant to law for the provision of medical care Provide continuous 24-hour-a-day nursing care Have facilities for diagnosis and major surgery Provide acute medical/surgical care or acute rehabilitation care Are licensed as an acute hospital
	■ Have an average length of stay of less than 25 days
	(Also see Community Choice hospital)
I .	
In-home behavioral services	Specialized behavior management therapy and monitoring provided in the home setting for youth members
Injury	Accidental bodily harm caused by something external (outside of your body).
Inpatient behavioral health services (pages 78-79)	Treatment for behavioral health conditions that have severe symptoms but that are expected to improve with intensive, short-term treatment.
Inpatient medical care (pages 59-61)	Medical care in a hospital that requires admission as an inpatient and usually requires an overnight stay. Inpatient hospital services may also be referred to as hospitalization.
Intensive care coordination	Coordination of services for members when multiple services and systems are involved
Intensive outpatient program (IOP)	Programs that offer thorough, regularly-scheduled behavioral health treatment in a structured environment. These programs offer at least three hours of therapy a day, up to seven days a week.
L	
Long-term care facilities (pages 59-61)	Specialized hospitals that treat patients who need further care for complex medical conditions but no longer require the services of a traditional hospital.
M	
Maintenance care	A treatment plan or therapy performed to maintain or prevent deterioration of a chronic condition. When further clinical improvement cannot reasonably be expected from continuous ongoing care, and the nature of the treatment becomes supportive rather than corrective.
Medical services	In this handbook, medical services are services to treat medical (physical) conditions – in contrast to Behavioral health services .
Medical supplies or equipment	Disposable items that physicians prescribe as medically necessary to treat a disease or injury. Such items include surgical dressings, splints and braces.

Term	What it means
Medically necessary	With respect to care under the Plan, medically necessary treatment will meet at least the following standards:
	 Is adequate and essential for evaluation or treatment consistent with the symptoms, proper diagnosis and treatment appropriate for your illness, disease or condition as defined by standard diagnostic nomenclatures (DSM-V or its equivalent ICD-10CM)
	Is reasonably expected to improve or palliate your illness, condition or level of functioning
	 Is safe and effective according to nationally-accepted standard clinical evidence that is generally recognized by medical professionals and peer-reviewed publications
	Is the most appropriate and cost-effective level of care that can safely be provided for your diagnosed condition
	Is based on scientific evidence for services and interventions that are not in widespread use
	Important! The fact that a doctor may prescribe, order, recommend or approve a procedure, treatment, facility, supply, device or drug does not, in and of itself, make it medically necessary or make the charge a covered expense under the Plan, even if it has not been listed as an exclusion.
Medication-assisted treatment (MAT) (page 79)	Long-term prescribing of medication as an alternative to the opioid on which a member was dependent. Typically, a member goes to a clinic daily to get the medication.
Medication management	Visits with a behavioral health provider who can evaluate and prescribe medication, if needed.
Member	An enrollee or his/her dependent who is covered by the Plan.
Member costs (Chapter 2)	Costs that you pay yourself toward your medical bills: deductible, copays and coinsurance. Member costs are also known as out-of-pocket costs.
Mobile crisis intervention	Emergency service program providing a short-term, mobile, on-site, face-to-face therapeutic response to youth experiencing a behavioral health crisis
N	
Neuropsychological (neuropsych) testing	Testing to find out if a problem with the brain is affecting one's ability to reason, concentrate, solve problems, or remember.
Non-Community Choice coinsurance limit (pages 25-26)	A cap on how much coinsurance you could pay during a plan year for services at non-Community Choice hospitals. Copays for care at non-Community Choice hospitals <i>are not</i> included in this limit. Also see Out-of-pocket (OOP) maximum
Non-hospital-owned location (page 104)	Facilities that perform outpatient medical services but that are not owned by or operated by a hospital. Non-hospital-owned locations include many ambulatory surgery centers, urgent care centers and doctor's offices.
Non-preferred vendor (page 105)	A vendor who does not have a contract with the Plan to provide certain services or equipment including, but not limited to, durable medical equipment and medical supplies. You pay more member costs when you use non-preferred vendors.

Term	What it means
0	
Observation care	A well-defined set of specific, clinically appropriate services, which include ongoing short-term treatment, assessment, and reassessment before a decision can be made about whether a patient will need inpatient hospital treatment or if he or she can be discharged from the hospital. Observation care is considered outpatient and is usually provided in medical centers and community hospitals.
Office services (page 80)	Behavioral health services that can be provided in an office or office-like setting
Opiate treatment programs (OTP)	Programs licensed to distribute and administer medications as an alternative to an opioid on which a member was dependent.
Out-of-pocket costs	See Member costs
Out-of-pocket (OOP) maximum (pages 25-26)	A limit on the member costs (copays, coinsurance, deductible) you have to pay for covered services. Once you reach this limit, the Plan then pays 100% of the allowed amounts for the rest of the plan year. In Community Choice, your OOP maximum caps the member costs you owe for: Non-hospital services Medical services at Community Choice hospitals Behavioral health services Prescription drugs Your OOP maximum doesn't include premiums, balance bills, costs for services that the Plan doesn't cover, or costs you owe for services at non-Community Choice hospitals.
Outpatient behavioral health services (pages 80-82)	See also Non-Community Choice coinsurance limit Services that don't require an inpatient hospital admission or overnight stay but that do require more intensive support than other kinds of behavioral health care.
Outpatient hospital services	Care at a hospital that doesn't require being admitted to the hospital. Outpatient care usually doesn't include an overnight stay. Outpatient services sometimes means health care provided at any non-hospital facility, such as a doctor's office or walk-in clinic.
P	
Palliative care	Medical care that focuses on treating symptoms – like severe pain, or difficulty breathing – to make you more comfortable. Palliative care is not intended to cure underlying conditions.
Partial hospitalization programs (PHP)	Non-residential, structured outpatient psychiatric and substance use programs that are more intensive than one would get in a doctor's office, but that are an alternative to inpatient care. These programs offer at least five hours of therapy a day, up to seven days a week.

Term	What it means
Physician	Includes the following healthcare providers acting within the scope of their licenses or certifications: Certified nurse midwife Chiropractor Dentist Nurse practitioner Optometrist Physician Physician assistant Podiatrist See page 103 for a list of types of behavioral health providers.
Plan year	The plan year starts on July 1 each year and ends the following June 30th.
Preapproval (Chapter 3)	Review process to confirm that a service you're going to have is eligible for benefits. Preapproval review lets you make sure that services you'll be getting are covered under the Plan.
Preferred vendors (page 105)	Providers that the Plan contracts with to provide certain services or equipment including, but not limited to, durable medical equipment (DME), medical supplies, and home health care. You get these services at a higher benefit level when you use preferred vendors.
Provider	See Healthcare provider
Psychiatric visiting nurse (VNA) services	Short-term treatment delivered in the home or living environment to treat a behavioral health disorder with medication.
Psychological (psych) testing	Standardized assessment tools to diagnose and assess overall psychological functioning.
R	
Rehabilitation (rehab) facilities (pages 59-61)	Specialized hospitals that provide rehab services to restore basic functioning (such as walking or sitting upright) that was lost due to illness or injury.
Rehabilitation (rehab) services	Healthcare services that help a person keep, get back or improve skills and functioning for daily living that were lost or impaired due to illness, injury or disability. These services may include physical therapy, occupational therapy, and speech-language pathology in a variety of inpatient and/or outpatient settings.
Respite care	Services given to an ill patient to relieve the family or primary care person from caregiving functions.
Retail health clinic (pages 104-105)	Walk-in clinics located in retail stores or pharmacies. They offer basic services like vaccinations and treatment for colds or mild sinus infections.

Term	What it means
S	
Skilled care	Medical services that can only be provided by a registered or certified professional healthcare provider.
Skilled nursing facility (pages 59-61)	An institution that provides lower intensity rehab and medical services. Skilled nursing facilities must meet all of the following conditions: Operates according to law Is approved as a skilled nursing facility for payment of Medicare benefits, or is qualified to receive such approval, if requested Is licensed or accredited as a skilled nursing facility (if applicable) Primarily engages in providing room and board and skilled care under the supervision of a physician Provides continuous 24-hour-a-day skilled care by or under the supervision of a registered nurse (RN) Maintains a daily medical record for each patient A facility does not qualify as a skilled nursing facility if it is used primarily for: Rest Mental health or substance use disorder treatment Educational care Custodial care (such as in a nursing home)
Specialized health facilities (page 106)	Independent, freestanding centers that provide a variety of outpatient medical services. The four types of specialized health facilities are: Dialysis centers Fertility clinics Imaging centers Sleep study centers
Spouse	The legal spouse of the covered employee or retiree.
Structured outpatient addictions programs (SOAP)	Non-residential, structured substance use disorder programs that are more intensive than one would get in a doctor's office, but that are an alternative to inpatient care. These programs offer at least three hours of therapy a day, up to seven days a week.
Substance use disorder assessment / referral (page 82)	A comprehensive assessment of substance use to allow a provider to refer a member to appropriate care.
Т	
Telehealth companies	Companies that offers virtual care with licensed medical and/or behavioral health providers. LiveHealth Online is UniCare's preferred telehealth provider.
Therapeutic mentoring services	One-on-one support, coaching, and skill building for youth to address daily living, social, and communication needs

Term	What it means
Tiers (pages 107-108)	Different levels that the Plan groups specialists and hospitals into.
Transcranial magnetic stimulation (TMS)	A non-invasive method of brain stimulation used to treat major depression.
Transitional care unit (TCU)	Facilities that help children and adolescents transition from an acute care facility to home, a residential program, or foster care.
U	
Urgent care (pages 49-50)	Care for an illness, injury, or condition serious enough that a reasonable person would seek care right away, but not so severe as to require emergency room care.
Urgent care center (pages 104-105)	An independent, freestanding facility that treats conditions that should be handled quickly but that aren't life-threatening. Urgent care centers often do X-rays, lab tests and stitches.
V	
Virtual care (telehealth)	Provider visits that are conducted using electronic communication methods instead of in a face-to-face meeting. Both telephone calls and video communications with providers are considered virtual care.
Visiting nurse association	An agency certified by Medicare that provides part-time, intermittent skilled care and other home care services in a person's place of residence and is licensed in any jurisdiction requiring such licensing.
W	
Walk-in clinics (pages 104-105)	Sites that offer medical care on a walk-in basis, so no appointment is needed. Urgent care centers and retail health clinics are two examples of walk-in clinics.

PART 4:

YOUR PRESCRIPTION DRUG BENEFITS

Description of coverage for prescription drugs

For questions about any of the information in Part 4 of this handbook, please call Express Scripts at 855-283-7679.

Administered by



Chapter 12: Your prescription drug plan

GIC's Pharmacy Benefit

The GIC's prescription drug benefits are administered through Express Scripts.

For questions about any of the information in this section, please contact Express Scripts at 855-283-7679.

Express Scripts is the pharmacy benefit manager for your prescription drug benefit plan. The Express Scripts pharmacy network includes major chain pharmacies nationwide, many independent pharmacies, a mail order pharmacy and a specialty drug pharmacy.

If you have any questions about your prescription drug benefits, contact Express Scripts Member Services toll free at 855-283-7679.

About Your Plan

Prescription medications are covered by the plan only if they have been approved by the U.S. Food and Drug Administration (FDA). In addition, with the exception of the over-the-counter versions of preventive drugs, medications are covered only if a prescription is required for their dispensing. Diabetes supplies and insulin are also covered by the plan.

The plan categorizes medications into seven major categories:

Generic Drugs

Generic versions of brand medications contain the same active ingredients as their brand counterparts, thus offering the same clinical value. The FDA requires generic drugs to be just as strong, pure and stable as brand-name drugs. They must also be of the same quality and manufactured to the same rigorous standards. These requirements help to assure that generic drugs are as safe and effective as brand-name drugs.

Maintenance Drug

A maintenance drug is a medication taken on a regular basis for chronic conditions such as asthma, diabetes, high blood pressure or high cholesterol.

Non-Preferred Brand-Name Drug

A non-preferred drug is a medication that usually has an alternative, therapeutically equivalent drug available on the formulary.

Preferred Brand-Name Drug

A preferred brand-name drug, also known as a formulary drug, is a medication that has been reviewed and approved by a group of physicians and pharmacists, and has been selected by Express Scripts for formulary inclusion based on its proven clinical and cost effectiveness.

Preventive Drugs

Preventive drugs consist primarily of drugs recommended for coverage by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force, and as specified by the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act. See "Preventive Drugs" on page 148 for more information.

Specialty Drugs

Specialty drugs are usually injectable and non-injectable biotech or biological drugs with one or more of several key characteristics, including:

- Potential for frequent dosing adjustments and intensive clinical monitoring
- ☐ Need for intensive patient training and compliance for effective treatment
- ☐ Limited or exclusive product distribution
- ☐ Specialized product handling and/or administration requirements

Over-the-Counter (OTC) Drugs

Over-the-counter drugs are medications that do not require a prescription. Your plan does not provide benefits for OTC drugs, with the exception of preventive drugs (all of which are covered only if dispensed with a written prescription).

Copays and Deductible

One of the ways your plan maintains coverage of quality, cost-effective medications is a multi-tier copay pharmacy benefit: Tier 1 (generic drugs), Tier 2 (preferred brand-name drugs), Tier 3 (non-preferred brand-name drugs), or drugs which require no copays. The following charts show your deductible and copay based on the type of prescription you fill and where you get it filled.

Table 22. Deductible for prescription drugs

Deductible (fiscal year July 1 through June 30)	
For individual coverage	\$100 for one person
For family coverage	\$200 for the entire family No more than \$100 per person will be applied to the family deductible. Multiple family members can satisfy the family deductible.

Table 23. Copays for prescription drugs

Copay for	Participating Retail Pharmacy up to 30-day supply	Mail Order or CVS Pharmacy up to 90-day supply		
Tier 1 – Generic Drugs	\$10	\$25		
Tier 2 – Preferred Brand-Name Drugs	\$30	\$75		
Tier 3 – Non-Preferred Brand-Name Drugs	\$65	\$165		
Other Orally-administered anti-cancer drugs Generic drugs to treat opioid use disorder (generic buprenorphine-naloxone, naloxone, and naltrexone products) Preventive drugs: Refer to the "Preventive Drugs" section below for detailed information	\$0 member cost (deductible does not apply)	\$0 member cost (deductible does not apply)		
Specialty drugs must be filled only Copay for through Accredo, a specialty pharma				
Specialty Drugs: Tier 1	\$10 per 30-day supply			
Specialty Drugs: Tier 2	\$30 per 30-day supply			
Specialty Drugs: Tier 3	\$65 per 30-day supply			
Orally-administered anti-cancer specialty drugs	\$0 per 30-day supply			

Specialty medications may be dispensed up to a 30-day supply; some exceptions may apply.

Copay for ADHD medications	May be filled through mail order or any network pharmacy. Limited to a 60-day supply per state statute.			
Tier 1	\$20 per 60-day supply			
Tier 2	\$60 per 60-day supply			
Tier 3	\$130 per 60-day supply			

Out-of-Pocket Maximum

This plan has an out-of-pocket maximum that is combined with your medical and behavioral health out-of-pocket maximum. Deductibles and copays you pay for prescription drugs during the year count toward this maximum. Once you reach the maximum, your prescription drugs are covered at 100%. Payments for a brand drug when there is an exact generic equivalent and for drugs not covered by the plan do not count toward the out-of-pocket maximum.

Table 24. Out-of-pocket maximum

Individual	\$5,000			
Family	\$10,000			

How to Use the Plan

After you first enroll in the plan, Express Scripts will send you a welcome packet and Express Scripts Prescription Card(s). Your Prescription Card(s) will be mailed to you with ID cards for you and your dependents (if any) along with a mail order form.

Show your new Prescription Card to your pharmacy so they can correctly process your prescription drug benefits.

Register at <u>express-scripts.com</u>. As a registered user, you can check drug costs, order mail order refills, and review your prescription drug history. You can access this site 24 hours a day.

Filling Your Prescription

You may fill your prescriptions for non-specialty drugs at any participating retail pharmacy, or through mail order from the Express Scripts PharmacySM. Prescriptions for specialty drugs must be filled as described in the "Accredo, an Express Scripts Specialty Pharmacy" subsection.

To obtain benefits at a retail pharmacy, you must fill your prescription at a participating pharmacy using your Express Scripts Prescription Card, with the exception of the limited circumstances detailed in the "Claim Forms" subsection.

Short-Term Medications – Up to 30 Days

Filling Your Prescriptions at a Participating Retail Pharmacy

The retail pharmacy is your most convenient option when you are filling a prescription for a short-term prescription that you need immediately (for example, antibiotics for strep throat or painkillers for an injury). Simply present your Express Scripts Prescription Card to your pharmacist, along with your written prescription, and pay the required copay. Prescriptions filled at a non-participating retail pharmacy are not covered.

You can locate the nearest participating retail pharmacy anytime online after registering at express-scripts.com or by calling toll free at 855-283-7679.

If you do not have your Prescription Card the pharmacist can also verify eligibility by contacting the Express Scripts Pharmacy Help Desk at 800-922-1557; TDD: 800-922-1557.

Maintenance Medications - Up to 30 Days

After you fill two 30-day supplies of a maintenance medication at a retail pharmacy, you will receive a letter from Express Scripts explaining how you may convert your prescription to a 90-day supply to be filled either through mail order or at a CVS Pharmacy.

You will receive coverage for additional fills of that medication only if you convert your prescription to a 90-day supply to be filled either through mail order or at a CVS Pharmacy, or if you inform Express Scripts that you instead prefer to continue to receive 30-day supplies at a participating retail pharmacy. Exceptions for this policy do apply to ADHD medications. Per state statute, prescriptions are limited to a 60-day supply.

Express Scripts will assist you in transitioning your maintenance prescription to either mail order or a CVS Pharmacy location.

Maintenance Medications - Up to 90 Days

Filling 90-day Prescriptions Through the Express Scripts Pharmacy or CVS Pharmacy

You have the choice and convenience of filling maintenance prescriptions for up to a 90-day supply at the mail order copay, either through the Express Scripts Pharmacy or at a CVS Pharmacy.

The **Express Scripts Pharmacy** is a convenient option for prescription drugs that you take on a regular basis for conditions such as asthma, diabetes, high blood pressure and high cholesterol. Your prescriptions are filled and conveniently sent to you in a plain, weather-resistant pouch for privacy and protection. They are delivered directly to your home or to another location that you prefer.

CVS Pharmacy is another option for getting your 90-day maintenance medications for the same copay amount as mail order. Prescriptions can be filled at a CVS Pharmacy locations across the country.

Convenient for You

You get up to a 90-day supply of your maintenance medications – which means fewer refills and fewer visits to your pharmacy, as well as lower copays. Once you begin using mail order, you can order refills online or by phone, or you can use your local CVS Pharmacy.

Using Mail Order from the Express Scripts Pharmacy

To begin using mail order for your prescriptions, just follow these three simple steps:

- 1. Ask your physician to write a prescription for up to a 90-day supply of your maintenance medication plus refills for up to one year, if appropriate. (Remember also to ask for a second prescription for an initial 30-day supply and take it to your local participating retail pharmacy.)
- Complete a mail order form (contained in your Welcome Kit or found online after registering at <u>express-scripts.com</u>). Or call Express Scripts Member Services toll free at 855-283-7679 to request the form.
- 3. Put your prescription and completed order form into the return envelope (provided with the order form) and mail it to the Express Scripts Pharmacy.

Please allow 7-10 business days for delivery from the time your order is mailed. A pharmacist is available 24 hours a day to answer your questions about your medication.

If the Express Scripts Pharmacy is unable to fill a prescription because of a shortage of the medication, you will be notified of the delay in filling the prescription. You may then fill the prescription at a retail pharmacy, but the retail pharmacy copay will apply.

Accredo, an Express Scripts Specialty Pharmacy

Accredo is a full-service specialty pharmacy that provides personalized care to each patient and serves a wide range of patient populations, including those with hemophilia, hepatitis, cancer, multiple sclerosis and rheumatoid arthritis.

You will be required to fill your specialty medications at Accredo. This means that your prescriptions can be sent to your home or your doctor's office.

Specialty medications may be filled only at a maximum of a 30-day supply; some exceptions may apply. Many specialty medications are subject to a clinical review by Express Scripts to ensure the medications are being prescribed appropriately.

Accredo offers a complete range of services and specialty drugs. Your specialty drugs are quickly delivered to any approved location, at no additional charge. We ship to all 50 states using one of our preferred expedited carriers. We can also ship to a variety of alternate addresses, including physician's offices or to another family member's address. We do not ship to P.O. boxes.

You have toll-free access to expert clinical staff who are available to answer all of your specialty drug questions. Accredo will provide you with ongoing refill reminders before you run out of your medications.

To begin receiving your specialty drugs through Accredo, call toll free at 855-667-8678.

Accredo Pharmacy Services

_	experts
	Patient Education – Educational materials
	Convenient Delivery – Coordinated delivery to your home, your doctor's office, or other approved location
	Refill Reminders – Ongoing refill reminders from Accredo

□ Language Assistance – Language-interpreting services are provided for non-English speaking patients

Claim Forms

Retail purchases out of the country, or purchases at a participating retail pharmacy without the use of your Express Scripts Prescription Card, are covered as follows:

Table 25. Claims reimbursement

Type of Claim	Reimbursement		
Claims for purchases at a participating (in-network) pharmacy without an Express Scripts Prescription Card.	Claims incurred within 30 days of the member's eligibility effective date will be covered at full cost, less the applicable copay.		
	-or-		
	Claims incurred more than 30 days after the member's eligibility effective date will be reimbursed at a discounted cost, less the applicable copay.		
Claim forms are available to registered users on express-scripts.com or by calling 855-283-			

Other Plan Provisions

Preventive Drugs

Coverage will be provided for the following drugs:1

Preventive Drugs	Preventive Drugs				
Aspirin	Generic OTC aspirin ≤ 325mg when prescribed for adults less than 70 years of age for the prevention of heart attack or stroke and to help prevent illness and death from preeclampsia for females who are at high risk for the condition				
Bowel preparation medications	Generic (Rx and OTC) products for adults ages 45 to 75 years old. Limited to 2 prescriptions at \$0 copay each year				
Contraceptives	Generic and brand versions of contraceptive drugs and devices, and OTC contraceptive products, when prescribed for women less than 50 years old. Per state statute, some oral contraceptives can be dispensed up to a 3-month supply for the first fill and up to a 12-month supply for subsequent fills.				
Folic acid supplements	Generic OTC and Rx versions (0.4mg – 0.8mg strengths only) when prescribed for women under the age of 51				
HIV Pre-Exposure Prophylaxis (PrEP)	Generic only (Brand Truvada covered only until generic becomes available). No age restriction. No copay.				
Immunization vaccines	Generic or brand versions prescribed for children or adults				
Oral fluoride supplements	Generic and brand supplements prescribed for children 6 months through 5 years of age for the prevention of dental caries				
Breast cancer	Generic prescriptions for raloxifene or tamoxifen are covered for the primary prevention of breast cancer for females who are at increased risk, age 35 years and older				
Tobacco cessation	All FDA-approved smoking cessation products prescribed for adults, age 18 and older				
Statins	Generic-only, single-entity, low-to-moderate dose statin agents for adults 40 to 75 years old				

Call Express Scripts at 855-283-7679 for additional coverage information on specific preventive drugs.

Brand-Name Drugs with Exact Generic Equivalents

The plan encourages the use of generic drugs. There are many brand-name drugs, such as Lipitor®, Ambien® and Fosamax®, for which exact generic equivalents are available. If you fill a prescription for a brand-name medication for which there is an exact generic equivalent, the standard brand copay will not apply. Instead, you will be responsible for the full difference in price between the brand-name drug and the generic drug, plus the generic copay. This amount does not count towards the out-of-pocket maximum. Exceptions to this provision may apply to certain brand-name preventive drugs. Contact Express Scripts for additional information.

¹ This list is subject to change during the year. Call Express Scripts toll free at 855-283-7679 to check if your drugs are included in the program.

Prescription Drugs with Over-the-Counter (OTC) Equivalents

Some prescription drugs have over-the-counter (OTC) equivalent products available. These OTC products have strengths, active chemical ingredients, routes of administration and dosage forms identical to the prescription drug products. Your plan does not provide benefits for prescription drugs with OTC equivalents. This provision is not applicable to preventive drugs.

Some prescription drugs also have OTC product alternatives available. These OTC products, though not identical, are very similar to the prescription drugs.

Prior Authorization

Some drugs in your plan require prior authorization. Prior authorization ensures that you are receiving the appropriate drug for the treatment of a specific condition, in quantities approved by the FDA. For select drugs, prior authorization also includes a medical necessity review that ensures the use of less expensive first-line formulary prescription drugs before the plan will pay for more expensive prescription drugs. First-line formulary prescription drugs are safe and effective medications used for the treatment of medical conditions or diseases.

If a drug that you take requires prior authorization, your physician will need to contact Express Scripts to see if the prescription meets the plan's conditions for coverage. If you are prescribed a drug that requires prior authorization, your physician should call Express Scripts at 800-417-1764.

Table 26. Current examples of drugs requiring prior authorization for specific conditions¹

Drug Class	Products Requiring Prior Authorization (PA)
Topical Acne Products	Tazorac [®] 0.05% and 0.1% cream, gel; Fabior 0.1% foam; (Retin-A [®] , Retin-A [®] Micro [®] ; Avita [®] ; Tretin·X [™] ; Atralin [™] gel; other generic topical tretinoin products) and Clindamycin Phosphate 1.2% and Tretinoin 0.025% gel (Ziana [®] ; Veltin [™])
Testosterone – Topical	Androderm, AndroGel, Axiron, Fortesta, Striant, Testim
Testosterone – Injectable	Aveed®, Depo® – Testosterone [testosterone cypionate injection, generics], Delatestryl®, Xyosted® [testosterone enanthate injection, generics], Testopel® [testosterone pellet]
Glaucoma: Ophthalmic Prostaglandin	Lumigan, Xalatan [generics], Travatan, Travatan Z, Zioptan
Compounds – Select Compounds	A compounded medication is one that is made by combining, mixing or altering ingredients, in response to a prescription, to create a customized medication that is not otherwise commercially available.
Diabetes GLP-1 Agonists	Adlyxin, Byetta®, Bydureon®/BCISE, Ozempic, Rybelsus, Tanzeum Trulicity®, Victoza®, Incretin Mimetics
Rosacea	Mirvaso [®] , Rhofade™ cream

¹ This list is not all-inclusive and is subject to change during the year. Call Express Scripts toll free at 855-283-7679 to check if your drugs are included in the program.

Drug Class	Products Requiring Prior Authorization (PA)
Nutritional Supplements	Non-prescription enteral formulas for home use for which a physician has issued a written order and which are medically necessary for the treatment of malabsorption caused by Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, gastroesophageal reflux, gastrointestinal motility, chronic intestinal pseudo-obstruction, and inherited diseases of amino acids and organic acids
Pain	Fentanyl Transmucosal Drugs (Abstral®, Actiq®, Fentora®, Lazanda®, Subsys®) Lidoderm®, Ztlido
Weight Management	Adipex (phentermine), Bontril (phendimetrazine), Contrave (bupropion; naltrexone), Didrex (benzphetamine), Sanorex (mazindol), Suprenza (phentermine), Tenuate (diethylpropion), Xenical (orlistat), Belviq, Qsymia, Saxenda, Wegovy
Dry Eyes	Cequa, Restasis®, Xildra®

Table 27. Current examples of top drug classes that may require prior authorization for medical necessity

Dermatological Agents	Insulins
Diabetic Supplies	■ Nasal Steroids
■ Epinephrine Auto-Injector Systems	■ Ophthalmic Agents
Erectile Dysfunction Oral Agents	■ Opioid Analgesics
Erythropoiesis-Stimulating Agents	Opioid Dependence Agents
■ Glaucoma	 Osteoarthritis – Hyaluronic Acid Derivatives
■ Growth Hormones	Osteoporosis Therapy
Hepatitis C Agents	■ Proton Pump Inhibitors

Select drugs within these classes require prior authorization for medical necessity to ensure formulary alternative(s) within the class have been tried. If you are a registered user on express-scripts.com, refer to the National Preferred Formulary or call Express Scripts toll free at 855-283-7679 for additional information.

Quantity Dispensing Limits

To promote member safety and appropriate and cost-effective use of medications, your prescription plan includes a drug quantity management program. This means that for certain prescription drugs, there are limits on the quantity of the drug that you may receive at one time.

Quantity per dispensing limits are based on the following:

- □ FDA-approved product labeling
- ☐ Common usage for episodic or intermittent treatment
- Nationally accepted clinical practice guidelines
- □ Peer-reviewed medical literature
- ☐ As otherwise determined by the plan

Examples of drugs with quantity limits currently include Cialis®, Imitrex®, and lidocaine ointment.

Drug Utilization Review Program

Each prescription drug purchased through this plan is subject to utilization review. This process evaluates the prescribed drug to determine if any of the following conditions exist:

Adverse drug-to-drug	interaction with	another drug purchased	through the plan,

- ☐ Inappropriate dosage and quantity, or
- ☐ Too early refill of a prescription.

If any of the above conditions exist, medical necessity must be determined before the prescription drug can be filled.

Exclusions

Benefits exclude:1

- Dental preparations (e.g., topical fluoride, Arestin®), with the exception of oral fluoride
- Over-the-counter drugs, vitamins or minerals (with the exception of diabetic supplies and preventive drugs)
- Homeopathic drugs
- Prescription products for cosmetic purposes such as photo-aged skin products and skin depigmentation products
- Medications in unit dose packaging
- Impotence medications for members under the age of 18
- Injectable allergens
- Hair growth agents
- Special medical formulas and medical food products, except as required by state law
- Compounded medications some exclusions apply. Examples include bulk powders, bulk chemicals, and proprietary bases used in compounded medications
- Drugs administered intrathecally, by or under the direction of healthcare professionals and recommended to be administered under sedation

Definitions

Brand-Name Drug – The brand name is the trade name under which the product is advertised and sold, and during a period of patent protection it can only be produced by one manufacturer. Once a patent expires, other companies may manufacture a generic equivalent, providing they follow stringent FDA regulations for safety.

Compounded Medication – A compounded medication is one that is made by combining, mixing or altering ingredients, in response to a prescription, to create a customized medication that is not otherwise commercially available. At least one of the ingredients must be a medication that can only be dispensed with a written prescription.

Copay – A copay is the amount that members pay for covered prescriptions. If the plan's contracted cost for a medication is less than the applicable copay, the member pays only the lesser amount.

¹ This list is subject to change during the year. Call Express Scripts toll free at 855-283-7679 to check if your drugs are included in the program.

Deductible – A deductible is the dollar amount you must pay during a plan year before the copays for covered prescriptions apply.

Diabetes Supplies – Diabetic supplies include needles, syringes, test strips, lancets and blood glucose monitors.

FDA – The U.S. Food and Drug Administration.

Formulary – A formulary is a list of recommended prescription medications that is created, reviewed and continually updated by a team of physicians and pharmacists. The Express Scripts National Preferred Formulary contains a wide range of generic and preferred brand-name products that have been approved by the FDA. The formulary applies to medications that are dispensed in either the retail pharmacy or mail-order settings. The formulary is developed and maintained by Express Scripts. Formulary designations may change as new clinical information becomes available.

Generic Drugs – Generic versions of brand medications contain the same active ingredients as their brand counterparts, thus offering the same clinical value. The FDA requires generic drugs to be just as strong, pure and stable as brand-name drugs. They must also be of the same quality and manufactured to the same rigorous standards. These requirements assure that generic drugs are as safe and effective as brand-name drugs.

Maintenance Drug – A maintenance drug is a medication taken on a regular basis for conditions such as asthma, diabetes, high blood pressure or high cholesterol.

Non-Preferred Drug – A non-preferred drug is a medication that has been reviewed by Express Scripts, which determined that an alternative drug that is clinically equivalent and more cost effective may be available.

Out-of-Pocket Maximum – The out-of-pocket maximum is the most you could pay in copays during the year for prescription drugs that are covered by Express Scripts. Once you reach this maximum, you will have no more copays for covered drugs. Payments for a brand drug when there is an exact generic equivalent and for drugs not covered by the plan do not count toward the out-of-pocket maximum.

Over-the-Counter (OTC) Drugs – Over-the-counter drugs are medications that do not require a prescription. Your plan does not provide benefits for OTC drugs, with the exception of preventive drugs (all of which are covered only if dispensed with a written prescription).

Participating Pharmacy – A participating pharmacy is a pharmacy in the Express Scripts nationwide network. All major pharmacy chains and most independently-owned pharmacies participate.

Preferred Brand-Name Drug – A preferred brand-name drug, also known as a formulary drug, is a medication that has been reviewed and approved by a group of physicians and pharmacists, and has been selected by Express Scripts for formulary inclusion based on its proven clinical and cost effectiveness.

Prescription Drug – A prescription drug means any and all drugs which, under federal law, are required, prior to being dispensed or delivered, to be labeled with the statement "Caution: Federal Law prohibits dispensing without prescription," or a drug which is required by any applicable federal or state law or regulation to be dispensed pursuant only to a prescription drug order.

Preventive Drugs – Preventive drugs consist primarily of drugs recommended for coverage by the U.S. Preventive Services Task Force, and as specified by the federal Patient Protection and Affordable Care Act.

Prior Authorization – Prior authorization means determination that a drug is appropriate for treatment of a specific condition. It may also mean determination of medical necessity. It is required before prescriptions for certain drugs will be paid for by the plan.

Special Medical Formulas or Food Products – Special medical formulas or food products means nonprescription enteral formulas for home use for which a physician has issued a written order and which are medically necessary for the treatment of malabsorption caused by Crohn's disease, ulcerative colitis, gastroesophageal reflux, gastrointestinal motility, chronic intestinal pseudo-obstruction, and inherited diseases of amino acids and organic acids. These products require prior authorization to determine medical necessity.

To access the benefit for special medical formulas or food products, call the Group Insurance Commission at 617-727-2310.

Specialty Drugs – Specialty drugs are usually injectable and non-injectable biotech or biological drugs with one or more of several key characteristics, including:

	Requirement	for freque	ent dosing	adjustments	s and ir	ntensive	clinical	moni	coring
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- ☐ Need for intensive patient training and compliance for effective treatment
- ☐ Limited or exclusive product distribution
- ☐ Specialized product handling and/or administration requirements

Member Appeals

Express Scripts has processes to address:

- □ Inquiries concerning your drug coverage
- Appeals:
 - Internal Member Appeals
 - Expedited Appeals
 - External Review Appeals

All appeals should be sent to Express Scripts at the following address:

Complete the form and fax it to 877-328-9660 or mail to:

Express Scripts

Attn: Benefit Coverage Review Department

P.O. Box 66587

St Louis, MO 63166-6587

All calls should be directed to Express Scripts Member Services at 855-283-7679.

To request an initial administrative coverage review, the member or his or her representative must submit the request in writing using a Benefit Coverage Request Form, which can be obtained by calling the Member Services phone number on the back of the prescription card.

Internal Inquiry

Call Express Scripts Member Services to discuss concerns you may have regarding your prescription drug coverage. Every effort will be made to resolve your concerns. If your concerns cannot be resolved or if you tell a Member Services representative you are not satisfied with the response you have received, Member Services will notify you of any options you may have, including the right to have your inquiry processed as an appeal. Member Services will also provide you with the steps you and your doctor must follow to submit an appeal.

Internal Member Appeals

Requests for coverage that were denied as specifically excluded in this member handbook or for coverage that was denied based on medical necessity determinations are reviewed as appeals through the Express Scripts Internal Appeals Process. You may file an appeal request yourself or you may designate someone to act on your behalf in writing. You have 180 days from the date you were notified of the denial of benefit coverage or prescription drug claim payment to file your appeal. To request an initial administrative coverage review, the member or his or her representative must submit the request in writing using a Benefit Coverage Request Form, which can be obtained by calling the Customer Service phone number on the back of the prescription card.

1. You must submit a written appeal to the address listed above. Your letter should include:

	☐ Your complete name and address;
	☐ Your Express Scripts ID number;
	☐ Your date of birth;
	☐ A detailed description of your concern, including the drug name(s) being requested; and
	☐ Copies of any supporting documentation, records or other information relating to the request for appeal
2.	The Express Scripts Appeals Department will review appeals concerning specific prescription drug benefit provisions, plan rules, and exclusions and make determinations. If you are not satisfied with an Appeals Department denial related to a plan rule or exclusion (i.e., non-medical necessity appeal) you may have the right to request an independent External Review of the decision (refer to the "External Review Appeals" section for details on this process).
	For denials related to a medical necessity determination, you have the right to an additional review by Express Scripts. Express Scripts will request this review from an independent practitioner in the same or in a similar specialty that typically manages the medical condition for which the prescription drug has been prescribed. If the second review is an adverse determination, you have the right to request an External Review of this decision (refer to the "External Review Appeals" section for details on this process).
3.	For an appeal on a prescription drug that has not been dispensed, an Appeals Analyst will notify you in writing of the decision within no more than fifteen calendar days of the receipt of an appeal. For an appeal on a prescription drug already dispensed, an Appeals Analyst will notify you in writing of the decision within no more than thirty calendar days of the receipt of an appeal.
	A copy of the decision letter will be sent to you and your physician. A determination of denial will set forth:
	☐ Express Scripts' understanding of the request;
	☐ The reason(s) for the denial;
	☐ Reference to the contract provisions on which the denial is based; and
	☐ A clinical rationale for the denial, if the appeal involves a medical necessity determination.
Expre	ess Scripts maintains records of each inquiry made by a member or by that member's designated

Express Scripts recognizes that there are circumstances that require a quicker turnaround than allotted for the standard Appeals Process. Express Scripts will expedite an appeal when a delay in treatment would seriously jeopardize your life and health or jeopardize your ability to regain maximum function. If your request

does not meet the guidelines for an expedited appeal, Express Scripts will explain your right to use the

representative.

standard appeals process.

If your request meets the guidelines for an expedited appeal, it will be reviewed by a practitioner in the same or in a similar specialty that typically manages the medical condition for which the prescription drug has been prescribed. Express Scripts will notify you of its decision by telephone no later than 72 hours after Express Scripts' receipt of the request.

If the patient or provider believes the patient's situation is urgent, the provider must request the expedited review by phone at 800-753-2851.

External Review Appeals

In most cases, if you do not agree with the Appeals decision, you or your authorized representative have the right to request an independent, external review of the decision. Should you choose to do so, send your request within four months of your receipt of the written notice of the denial of your appeal to:

To submit an external review, the request must be mailed or faxed to MCMC, LLC, an independent third party utilization management company, at:

MCMC LLC

Attn: Express Scripts Appeal Program 300 Crown Colony Drive, Suite 203 Quincy, MA 02169-0929 617-375-7700, ext. 28253 617-375-7683

In some cases, members may have the right to an expedited external review. An expedited external review may be appropriate in urgent situations. Generally, an urgent situation is one in which your health may be in serious jeopardy, or, in the opinion of your physician, you may experience pain that cannot be adequately controlled while you wait for a decision on your appeal. The request must be received within 4 months of the date of the final internal adverse benefit determination (If the date that is 4 months from that date is a Saturday, Sunday or holiday, the deadline will be the next business day. For urgent external appeals urgent external review, the IRO will review the claim within 72 hours from receipt of the request and will send the claimant written notice of its decision.

If you request an external review, an independent organization will review the decision and provide you with a written determination. If this organization decides to overturn the Appeals decision, the service or supply will be covered under the plan.

If you have questions or need help submitting an appeal, please call Customer Care for assistance at 855-283-7679.

Health and Prescription Information

GIC authorizes health and prescription information about members be used by Express Scripts to administer benefits. As part of the administration, Express Scripts may report health and prescription information to the administrator or sponsor of the benefit plan. Express Scripts also uses that information and prescription data gathered from claims nationwide for reporting and analysis without identifying individual members.

PART 5: APPENDICES

Notices and reference information

Appendix A: GIC notices

Notice of Group Insurance Commission Privacy Practices

This notice describes how medical information about you may be used and disclosed, and how you can get access to this information.

Please review it carefully.

Effective July 1, 2022

By law, the GIC must protect the privacy and security of your personal health information. The GIC retains this type of information because you receive health benefits from the Group Insurance Commission. Under federal law, your health information (known as "protected health information" or "PHI") includes what health plan you are enrolled in and the type of health plan coverage you have. This notice explains your rights and our legal duties and privacy practices.

The GIC will abide by the terms of this notice. Should our information practices materially change, the GIC reserves the right to change the terms of this notice, and must abide by the terms of the notice currently in effect. Any new notice provisions will affect all protected health information we already maintain, as well as protected health information that we may receive in the future. We will mail revised notices to the address you have supplied, and will post the updated notice on our website at www.mass.gov/GIC.

Required and permitted uses and disclosures

We typically use or share your health information in the following ways.

Run our organization

- ☐ We can use and disclose your information to run our organization and contact you when necessary.
- ☐ To operate our programs that include evaluating the quality of health care services you receive and performing analyses to reduce health care costs and improve our health plans performance.
- ☐ Arrange for legal and auditing services including fraud and abuse protection

Pay for your health services

We can use and disclose your health information as we pay for your health services, administrative fees for health care and determining eligibility for health benefits.

Provide you with information on health-related programs or products

This might be information regarding alternative medical treatments or programs or about other health-related services and products.

How else can we use or share your health information?

We are allowed or required to share your information in other ways – usually in ways that contribute to the public good, such as public health and research. We have to meet many conditions in the law before we can share your information for these purposes. For more information see:

www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/understanding/consumers/index.html

Help	with	public	health	and	safety	issues
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We can share health information about you for certain situations such as:
□ Preventing disease
☐ Helping with product recalls
□ Reporting adverse reactions to medications
. •
☐ Preventing or reducing a serious threat to anyone's health or safety.
Do research
We can use or share your information for health research.
Comply with the law
☐ We will share information about you if state or federal laws require it, including with the Department of Health and Human Services if it wants to see that we're complying with federal privacy law
Address workers' compensation, law enforcement, and other government requests
☐ For law enforcement purposes or with a law enforcement official
☐ With health oversight agencies for activities authorized by law
☐ Respond to lawsuits and legal actions
We can share health information about you in response to a court or administrative order, or in response to a subpoena
The GIC may also use and share your health information as follows:
☐ To resolve complaints or inquiries made by you or on your behalf (such as an appeal).
☐ To enable business associates that perform functions on our behalf or provide services if the information is necessary for such functions or service. Our business associates are required, under contract with us, to protect the privacy of your information and are not allowed to use or disclose any information other than as specified in our contract. Our business associates are also directly subject to federal privacy laws.
☐ For data breach notification purposes. We may use your contact information to provide legally-required notice of unauthorized acquisition, access, or disclosure of your health information.
☐ To verify agency and plan performance (such as audit).
□ To communicate with you about your GIC-sponsored benefits (such as your annual benefits statement).
☐ To tell you about new or changed benefits and services or health care choices.
Organizations that assist us

In connection with payment and healthcare operations, we may share your PHI with our third party "Business Associates" that perform activities on our behalf, for example, our Indemnity Plan administrator. When these services are contracted, we may disclose your health information to our business associates so that they can perform the job we have asked of them. These business associates will be contractually bound to safeguard the privacy of your PHI and also have direct responsibility to protect your PHI imposed by federal law.

When it comes to your health information, you have certain rights

This section explains your rights and some of our responsibilities to help you. You have the right to:

☐ Get a copy of your health and claims records – You can ask to see or get a copy of your health and claims records and other health information we have about you. You must ask for this in writing. Under certain circumstances, we may deny your request. If the GIC did not create the information you seek, we will refer you to the source (e.g., your health plan administrator). We will provide a copy or a summary of your health and claims records. We may charge a reasonable, cost-based fee. ☐ Ask us to correct our records – You can ask us to correct your health and claims records if you think they are incorrect or incomplete. You must ask for this in writing along with a reason for your request. We may say "no" to your request, but we'll tell you why in writing within 60 days. If we deny your request, you may file a written statement of disagreement to be included with your information for future disclosures. ☐ Request confidential communications – You can ask us to contact you in a specific way (for example, home or office phone) or to send mail to a different address. We will consider all reasonable requests, and must say "yes" if you tell us you would be in danger if we do not. ☐ Ask us to limit what we use or share – You can ask us not to use or share certain health information for payment or our operations, and disclosures to family members or friends. You must ask for this in writing. We are not required to agree to your request, and in some cases federal law does not permit a restriction. ☐ Get a list of those with whom we've shared information – You can ask for a list (accounting) of the times we've shared your health information for six years prior to the date you ask, who we shared it with, and why. We will include all the disclosures except for those about treatment, payment, and health care operations, and certain other disclosures (such as any you asked us to make or was part of a limited data set for research). ☐ Get a copy of this privacy notice – You can ask for a paper copy of this notice at any time, even if you have agreed to receive the notice electronically. (An electronic version of this notice is on our website at www.mass.gov/gic) ☐ Choose someone to act for you – If you have given someone power of attorney or if someone is your legal guardian, that person can exercise your rights and make choices about your health information. We will make sure the person has this authority and can act for you before we take any action. ☐ Receive notification of any breach or your unsecured PHI ☐ File a complaint if you feel your rights are violated – You can complain if you feel we have violated your rights by writing to us at: GIC Privacy Officer, P.O. Box 566, Randolph, MA 02368. Filing a complaint or exercising your rights will not affect your GIC benefits. You can file a complaint with

the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Office for Civil Rights by sending a letter to 200 Independence Avenue, S.W., Washington, D.C. 20201, calling 877-696-6775, or visiting www.hhs.gov/ocr/privacy/hipaa/complaints/. We will not retaliate against you for filing a complaint. To exercise any of the individual rights described in this notice, or if you need help understanding this notice, please call 617-727-2310 or TTY for the deaf and hard of hearing at 617-227-8583.

Important notice from the GIC about your prescription drug coverage and Medicare

Please read this notice carefully and keep it where you can find it. This notice has information about your current prescription drug coverage with UniCare State Indemnity Plan/Community Choice and your options under Medicare's prescription drug coverage. This information can help you decide whether or not to join a non-GIC Medicare drug plan. If you are considering joining a non-GIC plan, you should compare your current coverage – particularly which drugs are covered, and at what cost – with that of the plans offering Medicare prescription drug coverage in your area. Information about where you can get help to make decisions about your prescription drug coverage can be found at the end of this notice.

For most people, the drug coverage that you currently have through your GIC health plan is a better value than the Medicare drug plans.

There are two important things you need to know about your current coverage and Medicare's prescription drug coverage:

- Medicare prescription drug coverage became available to everyone with Medicare in 2006. You can
 get this coverage if you join a Medicare Prescription Drug Plan or join a Medicare Advantage Plan that
 offers prescription drug coverage. All Medicare drug plans provide at least a standard level of
 coverage set by Medicare. Some plans may also offer more coverage for a higher monthly premium.
- 2. The GIC has determined that the prescription drug coverage offered by your plan is, on average for all participants, expected to pay out as much as standard Medicare prescription drug coverage pays and is therefore considered Creditable Coverage. Because your existing coverage is Creditable Coverage, you can keep this coverage and not pay a higher premium (a penalty) if you later decide to join a Medicare Part D drug plan.

When can you join a Medicare Part D drug plan?

You can join a non-GIC Medicare drug plan when you first become eligible for Medicare and each subsequent year from October 15th to December 7th.

However, if you lose your current creditable prescription drug coverage through no fault of your own, you will also be eligible for a two month Special Enrollment Period to join a non-GIC Medicare drug plan.

What happens to your current coverage if you decide to join a non-GIC Medicare drug plan?

- ☐ If you enroll in another Medicare prescription drug plan or a Medicare Advantage plan with or without prescription drug coverage, you will be disenrolled from the GIC-sponsored CVS Caremark plan. If you are disenrolled from CVS Caremark, you will lose your GIC medical, prescription drug, and behavioral health coverage.
- ☐ If you are the insured and decide to join a non-GIC Medicare drug plan, both you and your covered spouse/dependents will lose your GIC medical, prescription drug, and behavioral health coverage.
- ☐ If you have limited income and assets, the Social Security Administration offers help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage. Help is available online at www.socialsecurity.gov or by phone at 800-772-1213 (TTY: 800-325-0778).

When will you pay a higher premium (penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan?

You should also know that if you drop or lose your current coverage with a GIC plan and don't join a Medicare drug plan within 63 continuous days after your current coverage ends, you may pay a higher premium (a penalty) to join a Medicare drug plan later.

If you go 63 continuous days or longer without creditable prescription drug coverage, your monthly premium may go up by at least 1% of the Medicare base beneficiary premium per month for every month that you did not have that coverage. For example, if you go 19 months without creditable coverage, your premium may consistently be at least 19% higher than the Medicare base beneficiary premium. You may have to pay this higher premium (a penalty) as long as you have Medicare prescription drug coverage. In addition, you may have to wait until the following November to join.

For more information about this notice or your current prescription drug coverage ...

Contact the GIC at 617-727-2310, extension 1.

Note: You will receive this notice each year and if this coverage through the Group Insurance Commission changes. You may request a copy of this notice at any time.

For more information about your options under Medicare prescription drug coverage ...

More detailed information about Medicare plans that offer prescription drug coverage is in the *Medicare & You* handbook. You'll get a copy of the handbook in the mail every year from Medicare. You may also be contacted directly by Medicare drug plans.

For more information about Medicare prescription drug coverage:

- ☐ Visit www.medicare.gov
- □ Call your State Health Insurance Assistance Program (see the inside back cover of your copy of the *Medicare* & *You* handbook for the telephone number) for personalized help.
- ☐ Call 800-MEDICARE (800-633-4227); TTY users should call 877-486-2048.

If you have limited income and assets, extra help paying for Medicare prescription drug coverage is available. For information about the Extra Help program, visit Social Security online at www.socialsecurity.gov or call 800-772-1213 (TTY: 800-325-0778).

Remember: Keep this Creditable Coverage notice. If you decide to join one of the Medicare drug plans, you may be required to provide a copy of this notice when you join to show whether or not you have maintained creditable coverage and, therefore, whether or not you are required to pay a higher premium (a penalty).

The Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA)

The Uniformed Services Employment and Reemployment Rights Act (USERRA) protects the rights of individuals who voluntarily or involuntarily leave employment positions to undertake military service or certain types of service in the National Disaster Medical System. USERRA also prohibits employers from discriminating against past and present members of the uniformed services, and applicants to the uniformed services. The GIC has more generous guidelines for benefit coverage that apply to persons subject to USERRA, as set forth below:

If you leave your job to perform military service, you have the right to elect to continue your existing employer-based health plan coverage for you and your dependents while in the military.
Service members who elect to continue their GIC health coverage are required to pay the employee share for such coverage.
Even if you don't elect to continue coverage during your military service, you have the right to be reinstated to GIC health coverage when you are reemployed, generally without any waiting periods or exclusions except for service-connected illnesses or injuries.

The U.S. Department of Labor, Veterans Employment and Training Service (VETS) is authorized to investigate and resolve complaints of USERRA violations.

For assistance in filing a complaint, or for any other information on USERRA, contact VETS at **866-4-USA-DOL** or visit its website at https://www.dol.gov/agencies/vets/programs/userra. An interactive online USERRA Advisor can be viewed at https://webapps.dol.gov/elaws/vets/userra/. If you file a complaint with VETS and VETS is unable to resolve it, you may request that your case be referred to the Department of Justice or the Office of Special Counsel, as applicable, for representation. You may also bypass the VETS process and bring a civil action against an employer for violations of USERRA. The rights listed here may vary depending on the circumstances.

For more information about your GIC coverage, please contact the Group Insurance Commission at 617-727-2310.

Appendix B: Community Choice hospitals

- Athol, MAAthol Hospital
- Attleboro, MA Sturdy Memorial Hospital
- Ayer, MANashoba Valley Medical Center
- Beverly, MABeverly Hospital
- Boston, MA
 Beth Israel Deaconess Medical Center in Boston
- Boston, MABoston Children's Hospital
- Boston, MACarney Hospital
- Boston, MA

Dana-Farber Cancer Institute

Note: Dana-Farber often admits patients to Brigham and Women's Hospital for inpatient care. To avoid paying non-Community Choice member costs, please contact UniCare if you are admitted to the Brigham from Dana-Farber.

- Boston, MAMassachusetts Eye and Ear
- Boston, MANew England Baptist Hospital
- Boston, MA
 Shriners Hospital for Children in Boston
- Boston, MASt. Elizabeth's Medical Center
- Brockton, MA Brockton Hospital

- Brockton, MAGood Samaritan Medical Center
- Burlington, MALahey Hospital & Medical Center
- Cambridge, MACambridge Hospital
- Cambridge, MAMount Auburn Hospital
- Concord, MAEmerson Hospital
- Everett, MA
 Everett Hospital
 (formerly Whidden Hospital)
- Fall River, MACharlton Memorial Hospital
- Fall River, MASt. Anne's Hospital
- Fitchburg, MA
 Burbank Hospital
 (HealthAlliance)
- Framingham, MAFramingham Union Hospital
- Gardner, MAHeywood Hospital
- Gloucester, MA Addison Gilbert Hospital
- Great Barrington, MA Fairview Hospital
- Greenfield, MABaystate Franklin Medical Center
- Haverhill, MA Merrimack Valley Hospital (Holy Family)
- Holyoke, MA Holyoke Medical Center

- Hyannis, MACape Cod Hospital
- Lawrence, MALawrence General Hospital
- Leominster, MA
 Leominster Hospital
 (HealthAlliance)
- Lowell, MALowell General Hospital
- Lowell, MASaints Medical Center
- Medford, MA
 Lawrence Memorial Hospital of Medford
- Melrose, MAMelroseWakefield Hospital
- Methuen, MAHoly Family Hospital
- Milford, MA
 Milford Regional Medical Center
- Milton, MA
 Milton Hospital
 (Beth Israel Deaconess)
- Natick, MA Leonard Morse Hospital
- Needham, MA
 Needham Hospital
 (Beth Israel Deaconess)
- New Bedford, MA St. Luke's Hospital
- Newburyport, MAAnna Jaques Hospital
- Northampton, MACooley Dickinson Hospital

- Norwood, MANorwood Hospital
- Palmer, MA
 Wing Hospital
 (Baystate)
- Peabody, MA Lahey Medical Center
- Pittsfield, MABerkshire Medical Center
- Plymouth, MA
 Plymouth Hospital
 (Beth Israel Deaconess)
- South Weymouth, MA South Shore Hospital
- Southbridge, MA Harrington Memorial Hospital
- Springfield, MABaystate Medical Center
- Springfield, MAMercy Medical Center
- Springfield, MAShriners Hospital for Children
- Taunton, MAMorton Hospital
- Wareham, MA Tobey Hospital
- Westfield, MA Noble Hospital (Baystate)
- Winchester, MAWinchester Hospital
- Worcester , MASaint Vincent Hospital

Appendix C: Forms

This appendix contains the following forms:

- Bill Checker Program Form
- □ Diabetes Prevention Program Reimbursement Form
- ☐ Fitness Reimbursement Form
- Download these forms and other materials from <u>unicaremass.com</u>. You can also request materials from UniCare Member Services at 833-663-4176.

Bill Checker Program Form

See "Checking your claims for billing accuracy" on pages 109-110 for details about the Bill Checker program.

What is the Bill Checker program?

UniCare's Bill Checker program gives you the opportunity to share in any savings that result if you find errors on your medical bills.

UniCare encourages you to always **review your medical bills for accuracy**. If you do find an error and get a corrected bill from your provider, send copies of both bills to UniCare for review. You will get 25% of any savings that result from a confirmed billing error.

What do I need to do?

- □ Submit the completed Bill Checker form and copies of both the original and corrected bills.
- ☐ Write your UniCare member ID number prominently on all the documents that you are sending to UniCare and keep copies for your own records.
- ☐ Note that duplicate claims and services are not covered by UniCare and will not be reviewed.
- □ Call UniCare Member Services at 833-663-4176 if you have any other questions.

PART A: About the UniCare enrollee								
Last name	First name	МІ	Street address					
UniCare ID number (from UniCare ID card)			City	State	ZIP code			
PART B: About the medical bill								
Patient name (if different from enrollee)			Date of service					
Name of service provider			Type of service ☐ Inpatient ☐ Out	patient				

Write your member ID on all paperwork. Send this form and your proof of payment to:

> UniCare State Indemnity Plan PO Box 9016 Andover, MA 01810-0916

You can also fax your paperwork to 978-474-5162 or email it to contact.us@anthem.com.

Diabetes Prevention Program Reimbursement Form

See "Diabetes prevention program reimbursement" on pages 44-45 for details about what is covered under the diabetes prevention program reimbursement.

PART A: About the UniCare enrollee (shown on your UniCare ID card)								
Last name	First name	MI	Street address					
UniCare ID number			City	State	ZIP code			
PART B: About the UniCare r	nember							
Last name	First name	MI	Street address					
Date of birth	Sex ☐ Male ☐ Female		City	State	ZIP code			
Member's relationship to UniCare enrollee ☐ Self ☐ Spouse ☐ Child ☐ Other (please specify)								
PART C: About the diabetes	prevention program							
Program name and/or location			Street address					
Program start and end dates			City	State	ZIP code			
Amount of reimbursement requested			Total cost of program					
\$			\$					
I hereby acknowledge that the information I have provided on this form is correct and complete to the best of my knowledge.			Signature		Date			

Write your member ID on all paperwork. Send this form with your proofs of payment and participation to:

UniCare State Indemnity Plan
Diabetes Prevention Program Reimbursement
PO Box 9016
Andover, MA 01810-0916

You can also fax your paperwork to 978-474-5162 or email it to contact.us@anthem.com.

Fitness Reimbursement Form

See "Fitness reimbursement" on page 52 for details about what is covered under the fitness reimbursement.

What is the fitness reimbursement?

The Plan offers a \$100 reimbursement benefit toward a fitness activity. Upon proof of payment, the reimbursement is paid to the Plan enrollee (subscriber).

What types of fitness activities qualify?

Eligible for reimbursement		Not eligible for reimbursement
 Boys & Girls Clubs of America Classes and programs such as yoga, Pilates, and spin (either in-person or online) Dance classes/studios Gyms, health clubs, and fitness centers 	 Martial arts centers Personal trainers (either in-person and online) Sports teams Organizations and leagues designed for fitness activities (e.g., hiking, bowling, etc.) 	 Annual or day passes (e.g., ski passes) Dues for beach or country clubs Fees for one-day events Personal or home fitness equipment Spas or spa services

What do I need to do to get reimbursed?

- 1. Fill out the Fitness Reimbursement Request below.
- 2. Provide proof of payment (for example, a copy of your credit card receipt, email confirmation).
- 3. Send, fax, or email your request and proof of payment to the address shown below the form.

What else should I know?

- We recommend that you send proof of payment for the entire amount instead of making several requests for lesser amounts.
- Write your UniCare member ID number on all receipts and documents.
- If you have any questions, call UniCare Member Services (833-663-4176 for Basic, PLUS and Community Choice members or 800-442-9300 for Medicare Extension members).

Fitness Reimbursement Request						
Last name	First name	MI	Street address			
UniCare plan ID number	Birth date	1	City		State	ZIP code
Fitness participant (if different from UniCare enrollee): Relationship to UniCare enrollee Self Spouse Othid Other (explain):						
Name of fitness facility or description of activity Requested reimbursement amount \$						
☐ I have engaged in physical activity an average of four or more times per month						
By checking the box above and submitting your proof of payment, Signature you verify that you meet all eligibility requirements.						

Send this form and proof of payment to: UniCare Fitness Reimbursement, PO Box 9016, Andover, MA 01810-0916 You can also fax your paperwork to 978-474-5162 or email it to contact.us@anthem.com

Appendix D: Mandates and required member notices

Premium assistance under Medicaid and the Children's Health Insurance Program (CHIP)

If you or your children are eligible for Medicaid or CHIP and you're eligible for health coverage from your employer, your state may have a premium assistance program that can help pay for coverage, using funds from their Medicaid or CHIP programs. If you or your children aren't eligible for Medicaid or CHIP, you won't be eligible for these premium assistance programs, but you may be able to buy individual insurance coverage through the Health Insurance Marketplace. For more information visit www.healthcare.gov.

If you or your dependents are already enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP and you live in a state listed below, contact your state Medicaid or CHIP office to find out if premium assistance is available.

If you or your dependents are NOT currently enrolled in Medicaid or CHIP, and you think you or any of your dependents might be eligible for either of these programs, contact your state Medicaid or CHIP office, or dial **877-KIDS NOW** or www.insurekidsnow.gov to find out how to apply. If you qualify, ask your state if it has a program that might help you pay the premiums for an employer-sponsored plan.

If you or your dependents are eligible for premium assistance under Medicaid or CHIP, as well as eligible under your employer plan, your employer must allow you to enroll in your employer plan if you aren't already enrolled. This is called a "special enrollment" opportunity, and **you must request coverage within 60 days of being determined eligible for premium assistance**. If you have questions about enrolling in your employer plan, contact the Department of Labor at www.askebsa.dol.gov or call 866-444-EBSA (3272).

If you live in one of the following states, you may be eligible for assistance paying your employer health plan premiums.

The following list of states is current as of January 31, 2022.

Contact your state for further information on eligibility.

PART 5: Appendices

Premium assistance under Medicaid and CHIP

ALABAMA - Medicaid

Website: http://myalhipp.com/

Phone: 855-692-5447

ALASKA - Medicaid

The AK Health Insurance Premium Payment

Program

Website: http://myakhipp.com/

Phone: 866-251-4861

Email: CustomerService@MyAKHIPP.com Medicaid Eligibility: http://dhss.alaska.gov/dpa

/Pages/medicaid/default.aspx

ARKANSAS - Medicaid

Website: http://myarhipp.com/

Phone: 855-MyARHIPP (855-692-7447)

CALIFORNIA - Medicaid

Health Insurance Premium Payment (HIPP)

Program

Website: http://dhcs.ca.gov/hipp

Phone: 916-445-8322 Fax: 916-440-5676 Email: hipp@dhcs.ca.gov

COLORADO – Health First Colorado (Colorado's Medicaid Program) & Child Health Plan Plus (CHP+)

Health First Colorado website:

https://www.healthfirstcolorado.com/

Health First Colorado Member Contact Center:

800-221-3943 / State Relay 711

CHP+: https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/hcpf

/child-health-plan-plus

CHP+ Customer Service:

800-359-1991 / State Relay 711

Health Insurance Buy-In Program (HIBI):

https://www.colorado.gov/pacific/hcpf/health-

insurance-buy-program

HIBI Customer Service: 855-692-6442

FLORIDA - Medicaid

Website: https://www.flmedicaidtplrecovery.com/hipp/index.html

Phone: 877-357-3268

GEORGIA - Medicaid

A HIPP Website:

https://medicaid.georgia.gov/health-insurance-

<u>premium-payment-program-hipp</u> Phone: 678-564-1162, press 1

GA CHIPRA Website:

https://medicaid.georgia.gov/programs/third-party-liability/childrens-health-insurance-program-reauthorization-act-2009-chipra

Phone: 678-564-1162, press 2

INDIANA - Medicaid

Healthy Indiana Plan for low-income adults 19-64

Website: http://www.in.gov/fssa/hip/

Phone: 877-438-4479

All other Medicaid

Website: https://www.in.gov/medicaid/

Phone: 800-457-4584

IOWA - Medicaid and CHIP (Hawki)

Medicaid website:

https://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/members

Medicaid phone: 800-338-8366

Hawki website: http://dhs.iowa.gov/Hawki

Hawki phone: 800-257-8563

HIPP website: https://dhs.iowa.gov/ime/members

/medicaid-a-to-z/hipp HIPP phone: 888-346-9562

KANSAS - Medicaid

Website: https://www.kancare.ks.gov/

Phone: 800-792-4884

KENTUCKY - Medicaid

Kentucky Integrated Health Insurance Premium Payment Program (KI-HIPP) website: https://chfs.ky.gov/agencies/dms/member

/Pages/kihipp.aspx

Phone: 855-459-6328

Email: KIHIPP.PROGRAM@ky.gov

KCHIP website:

https://kidshealth.ky.gov/Pages/index.aspx

Phone: 877-524-4718

Kentucky Medicaid website: https://chfs.ky.gov

LOUISIANA - Medicaid

Websites: www.medicaid.la.gov or

www.ldh.la.gov/lahipp

Phone: 888-342-6207 (Medicaid hotline) or

855-618-5488 (LaHIPP)

MAINE - Medicaid

Enrollment website: https://www.maine.gov/dhhs /ofi/applications-forms

Phone: 800-442-6003 TTY: Maine relay 711

Private Health Insurance Premium webpage: https://www.maine.gov/dhhs/ofi/applications-

forms

Phone: 1-800-977-6740 TTY: Maine relay 711

MASSACHUSETTS - Medicaid and CHIP

Website: https://www.mass.gov/masshealth/pa

Phone: 800-862-4840

MINNESOTA - Medicaid

Website: https://mn.gov/dhs

/people-we-serve/children-and-families /health-care/health-care-programs

/programs-and-services/other-insurance.jsp

Phone: 800-657-3739

MISSOURI - Medicaid

Website: http://www.dss.mo.gov/mhd/ /participants/pages/hipp.htm

Phone: 573-751-2005

MONTANA - Medicaid

Website: http://dphhs.mt.gov

/MontanaHealthcarePrograms/HIPP

Phone: 800-694-3084

NEBRASKA – Medicaid

Website: http://www.ACCESSNebraska.ne.gov

Phone: 855-632-7633 Lincoln: 402-473-7000 Omaha: 402-595-1178

NEVADA – Medicaid

Medicaid website: http://dhcfp.nv.gov
Medicaid phone: 800-992-0900

NEW HAMPSHIRE - Medicaid

Website: https://www.dhhs.nh.gov/oii/hipp.htm

Phone: 603-271-5218

Toll free number for the HIPP program:

800-852-3345, ext. 5218

NEW JERSEY – Medicaid and CHIP

Medicaid website:

http://www.state.nj.us/humanservices/dmahs

/clients/medicaid/

Medicaid phone: 609-631-2392

CHIP website:

http://www.njfamilycare.org/index.html

CHIP phone: 800-701-0710

NEW YORK - Medicaid

Website: https://www.health.ny.gov

/health_care/medicaid/ Phone: 800-541-2831

NORTH CAROLINA - Medicaid

Website: https://medicaid.ncdhhs.gov/

Phone: 919-855-4100

NORTH DAKOTA – Medicaid

Website: http://www.nd.gov/dhs/services

/medicalserv/medicaid/ Phone: 844-854-4825

OKLAHOMA - Medicaid and CHIP

Website: http://www.insureoklahoma.org

Phone: 888-365-3742

OREGON - Medicaid

Websites:

http://healthcare.oregon.gov/Pages/index.aspx http://www.oregonhealthcare.gov/index-es.html

Phone: 800-699-9075

PENNSYLVANIA - Medicaid

Website: https://www.dhs.pa.gov/Services/Assistance/Pages/HIPP-Program.aspx

Phone: 800-692-7462

RHODE ISLAND – Medicaid and CHIP

Website: http://www.eohhs.ri.gov/

Phone: 855-697-4347 or

401-462-0311 (Direct RIte Share Line)

PART 5: Appendices

SOUTH CAROLINA - Medicaid

Website: https://www.scdhhs.gov

Phone: 888-549-0820

SOUTH DAKOTA – Medicaid

Website: http://dss.sd.gov
Phone: 888-828-0059

TEXAS – Medicaid

Website: http://gethipptexas.com/

Phone: 800-440-0493

UTAH - Medicaid and CHIP

Medicaid website: https://medicaid.utah.gov/ CHIP website: http://health.utah.gov/chip

Phone: 877-543-7669

VERMONT – Medicaid

Website: http://www.greenmountaincare.org/

Phone: 800-250-8427

VIRGINIA - Medicaid and CHIP

Websites: https://www.coverva.org/en/famis-select

https://www.coverva.org/en/hipp Medicaid phone: 800-432-5924 CHIP phone: 800-432-5924

WASHINGTON - Medicaid

Website: https://www.hca.wa.gov/

Phone: 800-562-3022

WEST VIRGINIA - Medicaid

Websites: https://dhhr.wv.gov/bms/

http://mywvhipp.com/

Medicaid Phone: 304-558-1700

CHIP Toll-free phone:

855-MyWVHIPP (855-699-8447)

WISCONSIN - Medicaid and CHIP

Website: https://www.dhs.wisconsin.gov

/badgercareplus/p-10095.htm

Phone: 800-362-3002

WYOMING - Medicaid

Website: https://health.wyo.gov/healthcarefin

/medicaid/programs-and-eligibility/

Phone: 800-251-1269

To see if any other states have added a premium assistance program since January 31, 2022, or for more information on special enrollment rights, contact either:

- U.S. Department of Labor
 Employee Benefits Security Administration
 www.dol.gov/agencies/ebsa
 866-444-EBSA (3272)
- □ U.S. Department of Health and Human Services Centers for Medicare & Medicaid Services www.cms.hhs.gov

877-267-2323, Menu Option 4, Ext. 615651

Paperwork Reduction Act Statement

According to the Paperwork Reduction Act of 1995 (Pub. L. 104-13) (PRA), no persons are required to respond to a collection of information unless such collection displays a valid Office of Management and Budget (OMB) control number. The Department notes that a federal agency cannot conduct or sponsor a collection of information unless it is approved by OMB under the PRA, and displays a currently valid OMB control number, and the public is not required to respond to a collection of information unless it displays a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3507. Also, notwithstanding any other provisions of law, no person shall be subject to penalty for failing to comply with a collection of information if the collection of information does not display a currently valid OMB control number. See 44 U.S.C. 3512.

¹ OMB Control Number 1210-0137 (expires 1/31/2023)

The public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to average approximately seven minutes per respondent. Interested parties are encouraged to send comments regarding the burden estimate or any other aspect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to the U.S. Department of Labor, Employee Benefits Security Administration, Office of Policy and Research, Attention: PRA Clearance Officer, 200 Constitution Avenue, N.W., Room N-5718, Washington, DC 20210 or email ebsa.opr@dol.gov and reference the OMB Control Number 1210-0137.

Coverage for reconstructive breast surgery

Coverage is provided for reconstructive breast surgery as follows:

- 1. All stages of breast reconstruction following a mastectomy
- 2. Reconstruction of the other breast to produce a symmetrical appearance after mastectomy
- **3.** Prosthetics and treatment of physical complications of all stages of mastectomy, including lymphedemas

Benefits for reconstructive breast surgery will be payable on the same basis as any other illness or injury under the Plan, including the application of appropriate deductibles and coinsurance amounts.

Several states have enacted similar laws requiring coverage for treatment related to mastectomy. If the law of your state is applicable and is more generous than the federal law, your benefits will be paid in accordance with your state's law.

Minimum maternity confinement benefits

Coverage is provided for inpatient medical care for a mother and newborn child for a minimum of:

- 1. 48 hours following an uncomplicated vaginal delivery, and
- 2. 96 hours following an uncomplicated caesarean section

Any decision to shorten the minimum confinement period will be made by the attending physician in consultation with the mother. If a shortened confinement is elected, coverage will include one home visit for post-delivery care.

Home post-delivery care is defined as health care provided to a woman at her residence by a physician, registered nurse or certified nurse midwife. The healthcare services provided must include, at a minimum:

- 1. Parent education
- 2. Assistance and training in breast or bottle feeding, and
- 3. Performance of necessary and appropriate clinical tests

Any subsequent home visits must be clinically necessary and provided by a licensed healthcare provider.

You must notify the Plan within 24 hours – one business day – of being admitted to the hospital. Please call UniCare Member Services at 833-663-4176 if you have questions about these benefits.

Member rights and responsibilities (Beacon Health Options)

Your behavioral health benefits are administered by UniCare in partnership with Beacon Health Options. Beacon maintains contracts with behavioral health providers as well as providing some other administrative services like case management. This section outlines your member rights and responsibilities for services provided by Beacon.

Member rights

Company and provider information

☐ You have the right to receive information about Beacon's services, benefits, practitioners, providers, member rights and responsibilities and clinical guidelines.

Respect

- ☐ You have the right to be treated with respect, dignity and privacy regardless of race, gender, veteran status, religion, marital status, national origin, physical disabilities, mental disabilities, age, sexual orientation, or ancestry.
- ☐ You have a right to receive information in a manner and format that is understandable and appropriate. You have the right to oral interpretation services free of charge for any Beacon materials in any language.
- ☐ You have the right to be free from restraint and seclusion as a means of coercion, discipline, convenience, or retaliation.

Member input

- ☐ You have the right to have anyone you choose speak for you in your contacts with Beacon. You have the right to decide who will make medical decisions for you if you cannot make them. You have the right to refuse treatment, to the extent allowed by the law.
- ☐ You have the right to be a part of decisions that are made about plans for your care. You have the right to talk with your provider about the best treatment options for your condition, regardless of the cost of such care, or benefit coverage.
- ☐ You have the right to obtain information regarding your own treatment record with signed consent in a timely manner and have the right to request an amendment or correction be made to your medical records.
- ☐ You have the right to a copy of your rights and responsibilities. You have a right to tell Beacon what you think your rights and responsibilities as a member should be.
- ☐ You have the right to exercise these rights without having your treatment adversely affected in any way.

Complaints

- ☐ You have the right to make complaints (verbally or in writing) about Beacon staff, services or the care given by providers.
- ☐ You have a right to appeal if you disagree with a decision made by Beacon about your care. Beacon administers your appeal rights as stipulated under your benefit plan.

Confidentiality

☐ You have the right to have all communication regarding your health information kept confidential by Beacon and UniCare staff and by contracted providers and practitioners, to the extent required by law.

Access to care, services and benefits

☐ You have the right to know about covered services, benefits, and decisions about healthcare payment with your plan, and how to seek these services. You have the right to receive timely care consistent with your need for care.

Claims and billing

☐ You have the right to know the facts about any charge or bill you receive.

Member responsibilities

- ☐ You have the responsibility to provide information, to the best of your ability, that Beacon or your provider may need to plan your treatment.
- ☐ You have the responsibility to learn about your condition and work with your provider to develop a plan for your care. You have the responsibility to follow the plans and instructions for care you have agreed to with your provider.
- ☐ You are responsible for understanding your benefits, what's covered and what's not covered. You are responsible for understanding that you may be responsible for payment of services you receive that are not included in the covered services list for your coverage type.
- ☐ You have the responsibility to notify the GIC and your provider of changes such as address changes, phone number change, or change in insurance.
- ☐ If required by your benefit, you are responsible for choosing a primary care provider and site for the coordination of all your medical care.
- ☐ You are responsible for contacting your behavioral health provider, if you have one, if you are experiencing a mental health or substance use emergency.

Beacon's *Member Rights and Responsibilities* is available in both English and Spanish from Beacon's website (www.beaconhealthoptions.com). You can also request a copy by calling Beacon at 888-204-5581 (TTY: 711).

Right of reimbursement (subrogation)

These provisions apply when UniCare pays benefits as a result of injuries or illnesses you or your dependent (hereafter "you") sustained and you have a right to a recovery or have received a recovery from any source. A "recovery" includes, but is not limited to, monies received from any person or party, any person's or party's liability insurance, uninsured/underinsured motorist proceeds, worker's compensation insurance or fund, "no-fault" insurance and/or automobile medical payments coverage, whether by lawsuit, settlement or otherwise. Regardless of how you or your representative or any agreements or court orders characterize, allocate, or designate the money you receive as a recovery, it shall be subject to these provisions. UniCare's rights of subrogation and reimbursement are not subject to application of the made whole or common fund doctrines and UniCare's rights will not be reduced due to your negligence.

Subrogation

UniCare is subrogated to your rights of recovery and has the right to recover payments it makes from any party responsible for compensating you for your illnesses or injuries. UniCare has the right to take whatever legal action it sees fit against such party to recover the benefits it has paid. UniCare's subrogation claim shall be first satisfied before any part of a recovery is applied to your claim, attorney fees, other expenses/costs.

Reimbursement

UniCare has the right to be reimbursed from any recovery you receive in the amount of benefits paid on your behalf. This right of reimbursement will be considered a priority lien by agreement against any recovery. You will not have to reimburse UniCare for any more than the amount UniCare paid in benefits.

Your Duties

You and your legal representative must do whatever is necessary to enable UniCare, or its designee, to exercise its rights and will do nothing to prejudice those rights. You must cooperate with UniCare in the investigation, settlement and protection of its rights.

You agree to promptly notify UniCare of any pursuit of a recovery (filing a lawsuit or otherwise), your retention of a legal representative (if applicable), and the occurrence of a settlement or verdict. You and your legal representative acknowledge that UniCare's lien is automatically created by the terms of this handbook, any recovery will be held in trust, and UniCare shall be immediately repaid from the recovery in the amount of the benefits paid on your behalf.

Appendix E: Your right to appeal

This appendix describes how UniCare handles member appeals in accordance with federal regulations.

For purposes of these appeal provisions, "claim for benefits" means a request for benefits under the Plan. The term includes both pre-service and post-service claims.

- A pre-service claim is a claim for benefits under the plan for which you have not received the benefit or for which you may need to obtain approval in advance.
- □ A post-service claim is any other claim for benefits under the plan for which you have received the service.

If your claim is denied or if your coverage is rescinded:

- ☐ You will be provided with a written notice of the denial or rescission; and
- ☐ You are entitled to a full and fair review of the denial or rescission.

A **rescission** is a retroactive termination of coverage as a result of fraud or an intentional misrepresentation of material fact. A cancellation or discontinuance of coverage is not a rescission if the cancellation has a prospective effect or if the cancellation is due to a failure to timely pay required premiums or contributions toward the cost of coverage.

The procedure UniCare follows satisfies the requirements for a full and fair review under applicable federal regulations.

Notice of adverse benefit determination

If your claim is denied, UniCare's notice of the adverse benefit determination (denial) will include the following, when applicable:

1011011	mg, when applicable.
	Information sufficient to identify the claim involved;
	The specific reasons for the denial;
	A reference to the plan provisions on which UniCare's determination is based;
	A description of any additional material or information needed to reconsider your claim;
	An explanation of why the additional material or information is needed;
	A description of the plan's review procedures and the time limits that apply to them;
	Information about any internal rule, guideline, protocol, or other similar criterion relied upon in making the claim determination, and about your right to request a copy of it free of charge;
	Information about your right to a discussion of the claims denial decision;
	Information about the scientific or clinical judgment for any determination based on medical necessity or experimental treatment, and about your right to request this explanation free of charge, along with a discussion of the claims denial decision; and
	The availability of, and contact information for, any applicable office of health insurance consumer assistance or ombudsman who may assist you.
For cl	aims involving urgent/concurrent care:

□ UniCare's notice will also include a description of the applicable urgent/concurrent review process; and
 □ UniCare may notify you or your authorized representative within 24 hours orally and then furnish a

written notification.

Appeals

You have the right to appeal an adverse benefit determination. You or your authorized representative must file your appeal within 180 calendar days after you are notified of the denial or rescission. You will have the opportunity to submit written comments, documents, records, and other information supporting your claim. UniCare's review of your claim will take into account all information you submit, regardless of whether it was submitted or considered in the initial benefit determination.

UniCare shall offer an appeals process and an external review process. In cases involving eligibility for coverage, you may only appeal; there is no external review. The time frame allowed for UniCare to complete its review is dependent upon the type of review involved (e.g., pre-service, concurrent, post-service, urgent, etc.).

For pre-service claims involving urgent/concurrent care

You may obtain an expedited appeal. You or your authorized representative may request it orally or in writing. All necessary information, including UniCare's decision, can be exchanged by telephone, fax, or other similar method. To file an appeal for a claim involving urgent/concurrent care, you or your authorized representative must contact UniCare at the number shown on your blue UniCare ID card and provide at least the following information:

The identity of the claimant;
The dates of the medical service;
The specific medical condition or symptom;
The provider's name;
The service or supply for which approval of benefits was sought; and
Any reasons why the appeal should be processed on a more expedited basis.

All other requests for appeals

All other requests for appeals should be submitted in writing by the member or the member's authorized representative, except where the acceptance of oral appeals is otherwise required by the nature of the appeal (e.g., urgent care). You or your authorized representative must submit a request for review to:

UniCare State Indemnity Plan P.O. Box 2011

Andover, MA 01810

Upon request, UniCare will provide reasonable access to, and copies of, all documents, records info

ormation relevant to your claim. "Relevant" means that the document, record, or other information. Was relied on in making the benefit determination; or	ila olilei
☐ Was relied on in making the benefit determination: or	n:
True rened on in making the periodic determination, or	
$\hfill \square$ Was submitted, considered, or produced in the course of making the benefit determination;	or
☐ Demonstrates compliance with processes and safeguards to ensure that claim determination made in accordance with the terms of the plan, applied consistently for similarly-situated claims.	
$f \square$ Is a statement of the plan's policy or guidance about the treatment or benefit relative to your	diagnosis

UniCare will also provide you with any new or additional evidence considered, relied upon, or generated in connection with your claim. In addition, before you receive an adverse benefit determination based on a new or additional rationale, UniCare will provide you with the rationale.

How your appeal will be decided

When UniCare considers your appeal, it will not rely upon the initial benefit determination. The review will be conducted by an appropriate reviewer who did not make the initial determination and who does not work for the person who made the initial determination.

If the denial was based in whole or in part on a medical judgment, including whether the treatment is experimental, investigational, or not medically necessary, the reviewer will consult with a healthcare professional who has the appropriate training and experience in the medical field involved in making the judgment. This healthcare professional will not be one who was consulted in making an earlier determination or who works for one who was consulted in making an earlier determination.

Notification of the outcome of the appeal

If you appeal a claim involving urgent/concurrent care

UniCare will notify you of the outcome of the appeal as soon as possible, but not later than 72 hours after receipt of your request for appeal.

If you appeal any other pre-service claim

UniCare will notify you of the outcome of the appeal within 30 days after receipt of your request for appeal.

If you appeal a post-service claim

UniCare will notify you of the outcome of the appeal within 30 days after receipt of your request for appeal.

Appeal denial

If your appeal is denied, that denial will be considered an adverse benefit determination. The notification from UniCare will include all pertinent information set forth in "Notice of adverse benefit determination" on page 178.

External review

If the outcome of the appeal is adverse to you, you may be eligible for an independent external review pursuant to federal law.

Unless you are filing an expedited external review, you must first file an appeal with UniCare before you can pursue an external review. You must submit your request for external review to UniCare within four months of the notice of UniCare's adverse determination of your appeal.

A request for an external review must be in writing unless UniCare determines that it is not reasonable to require a written statement. You do not have to re-send the information that you submitted for your appeal. However, you are encouraged to submit any additional information that you think is important for review.

For pre-service claims involving urgent/concurrent care, you may proceed with an expedited external review without filing an appeal or while simultaneously pursuing an expedited appeal. You or your authorized representative may request it orally or in writing. All necessary information, including UniCare's decision, can be exchanged by telephone, fax, or other similar method.

o proceed with an expedited external review, you or your authorized representative must contact UniCar t the number shown on your blue UniCare ID card and provide at least the following information:	е
☐ The identity of the claimant;	
☐ The dates of the medical service;	
☐ The specific medical condition or symptom;	
☐ The provider's name;	
☐ The service or supply for which approval of benefits was sought; and	
☐ Any reasons why the appeal should be processed on a more expedited basis.	

All other requests for external review should be submitted in writing unless UniCare determines that it is not reasonable to require a written statement. Such requests should be submitted by you or your authorized representative to:

UniCare State Indemnity Plan P.O. Box 2011 Andover, MA 01810

This is not an additional step that you must take in order to fulfill your appeal procedure obligations described above. Your decision to seek external review will not affect your rights to any other benefits under this healthcare plan. The external review decision is final and binding on all parties except for any relief available through applicable state laws.

Requirement to file an appeal before filing a lawsuit

No lawsuit or legal action of any kind related to a benefit decision may be filed by you in a court of law or in any other forum, unless it is commenced within three years of the Plan's final decision on the claim or other request for benefits. If the Plan decides an appeal is untimely, the Plan's latest decision on the merits of the underlying claim or benefit request is the final decision date. You must exhaust the Plan's appeals process before filing a lawsuit or taking other legal action of any kind against the Plan.

We reserve the right to modify the policies, procedures and time frames in this section upon further clarification from the Department of Health and Human Services and the Department of Labor.

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We're here for you – in many languages

The law requires us to include a message in all of these different languages. Curious what they say? Here's the English version: "You have the right to get help in your language for free. Just call the Member Services number on your ID card." Visually impaired? You can also ask for other formats of this document.

Spanish

Usted tiene derecho a recibir ayuda en su idioma en forma gratuita. Simplemente llame al número de Servicios para Miembros que figura en su tarjeta de identificación.

Chinese

您有權免費獲得透過您使用的語言提供的幫助。請撥打您的 ID 卡片上的會員服務電話號碼。若您是視障人士,還可 索取本文件的其他格式版本。

Vietnamese

Quý vị có quyền nhận miễn phí trợ giúp bằng ngôn ngữ của mình. Chỉ cần gọi số Dịch vụ dành cho thành viên trên thẻ ID của quý vị. Bị khiếm thị? Quý vị cũng có thể hỏi xin định dạng khác của tài liệu này."

Korean

귀하는 자국어로 무료지원을 받을 권리가 있습니다. ID 카드에 있는 멤버 서비스번호로 연락하십시오.

Tagalog

May karapatan ka na makakuha ng tulong sa iyong wika nang libre. Tawagan lamang ang numero ng Member Services sa iyong ID card. May kapansanan ka ba sa paningin? Maaari ka ring humiling ng iba pang format ng dokumentong ito.

Russian

Вы имеете право на получение бесплатной помощи на вашем языке. Просто позвоните по номеру обслуживания клиентов, указанному на вашей идентификационной карте. Пациенты с нарушением зрения могут заказать документ в другом формате.

Armenian

Դուք իրավունք ունեք ստանալ անվճար օգնություն ձեր լեզվով։ Պարզապես զանգահարեք Անդամների սպասարկման կենտրոն, որի հեռախոսահամարը նշված է ձեր ID քարտի վրա։

Farsi

"شما این حق را دارید تا به صورت رایگان به زبان مادری تان کمک دریافت کنید. کافی است با شماره خدمات اعضا (Member Services) درج شده روی کارت شناسایی خود تماس بگیرید." دچار اختلال بینایی هستید؟ می توانید این سند را به فرمت های دیگری نیز درخواست دهید.

French

Vous pouvez obtenir gratuitement de l'aide dans votre langue. Il vous suffit d'appeler le numéro réservé aux membres qui figure sur votre carte d'identification. Si vous êtes malvoyant, vous pouvez également demander à obtenir ce document sous d'autres formats.

Arabic

لك الحق في الحصول على مساعدة بلغتك مجانًا. ما عليك سوى الاتصال برقم خدمة الأعضاء الموجود على بطاقة الهوية. هل أنت ضعيف البصر؟ يمكنك طلب أشكال أخرى من هذا المستند.

Japanese

お客様の言語で無償サポートを受けることができます。IDカードに記載されているメンバーサービス番号までご連絡ください。

Haitian

Se dwa ou pou w jwenn èd nan lang ou gratis. Annik rele nimewo Sèvis Manm ki sou kat ID ou a. Èske ou gen pwoblèm pou wè? Ou ka mande dokiman sa a nan lòt fòma tou.

Italian

Ricevere assistenza nella tua lingua è un tuo diritto. Chiama il numero dei Servizi per i membri riportato sul tuo tesserino. Sei ipovedente? È possibile richiedere questo documento anche in formati diversi

Polish

Masz prawo do uzyskania darmowej pomocy udzielonej w Twoim języku. Wystarczy zadzwonić na numer działu pomocy znajdujący się na Twojej karcie identyfikacyjnej.

Punjabi

ਆਪਣੀ ਭਾਸ਼ਾ iਵੱਚ ਮੁਫ਼ਤ iਵੱਚ ਮਦਦ ਹਾਂ।ਸਲ ਕਰਨ ਦਾ ਿਅਧਕਾਰ ਹੈ। ਬਸ ਆਪਣy ਆਈਡੀ ਕਾਰਡ ਤੇ iਦੱਤੇ ਸਿਰਵਸ ਨੰਬਰ ਤੇ ਕਾਲ ਕਰੋ। ਨਜ਼ਰ ਕਮਜ਼ੋਰ ਹੈ? ਤਸ ਇਸ ਦਸਤਾਵੇਜ਼ ਦੇ ਹੋਰ ਰੁਪਾਂਤਰ ਮੰਗ ਸਕਦੇ ਹੋ।

TTY/TTD:711

It's important we treat you fairly

We follow federal civil rights laws in our health programs and activities. By calling Member Services, our members can get free in-language support, and free aids and services if you have a disability. We don't discriminate, exclude people, or treat them differently on the basis of race, color, national origin, sex, age or disability. For people whose primary language isn't English, we offer free language assistance services through interpreters and other written languages. Interested in these services? Call the Member Services number on your ID card for help (TTY/TDD: 711). If you think we failed in any of these areas, you can mail a complaint to: Compliance Coordinator, P.O. Box 27401, Mail Drop VA2002-N160, Richmond, VA 23279, or directly to the U.S. Department of Health and Human Services, Office for Civil Rights at 200 Independence Avenue, SW; Room 509F, HHH Building; Washington, D.C. 20201. You can also call 1-800-368-1019 (TDD: 1-800-537-7697) or visit https://ocrportal.hhs.gov/ocr/portal/lobby.jsf

Notes

Notes

To find out about...

Getting started
How costs and billing work
How the preapproval process works
Your medical benefits
Your behavioral health benefits Chapter 5
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